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The Irish Times.

PRICE TWOPENCE. DUBLIN, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 31, 1921. VOL. LXIII. NO.–20,197.

Notice.

y & Co.'s

NUAL

Sale

Next, January 2nd.

d pay an early visit, as a galaxy
be presented.
IRISH TIMES."

Y, DUBLIN.

S, ETC.

Sports Coats department is now transferred to our new premises, next door to the Cafe Cairo, Newells Ltd. Grafton Street, Dublin.

PRESCOTT'S
DYE WORKS.
DANCE FROCKS,
WITH
SHOES AND GLOVES
EN SUITE,
RECEIVE SPECIAL
ATTENTION AT THE
PRESENT SEASON.
Tel.—Nos. 571 and 2356. (33)

Births, Marriages, and Deaths (which in all cases must be authenticated), 3 lines, 20 words, 2/6; each additional line of 7 words, 8d.

BIRTHS.

ALLEN—December 29, 1921, at 13 St. Patrick's Hill, Cork, the wife of the Rev. F. J. Allen, Rector of Castlemartyr, of a daughter.

BEYNEMAN—December 29, 1921, at 89 Lower Bagot st., to the Rev. E. M. and Mrs. Bateman, Irvington House, Dundrum, a son.

BOYLE—December 27, 1921, at Poplar square, Naas, to Mr. and Mrs. John Doyle, a son.

FLOOK—December 29, 1921, at 82 Grove Park, Dublin, the wife of Captain W. B. Flook, O.B.E., Royal Army Service Corps, of a son.

GREGG—December 21, 1921, at 130 Sunning, Selsdon, Surrey, the wife of Mr. C. J. Gregg, of a son.

HUGGARD—December 26, 1921, at 7 Upper Fitzwilliam st., to Mr. and Mrs. J. Turner Huggard, a son.

IRVINE—December 24, 1921, at Deerpark, Castleforbes, Longford, to Mr. and Mrs. D. Irvine, a son.

KELLY—December 23, 1921, at 27 O'Connell st., Limerick, the wife of Arthur Mathew Kelly, Forte, Ruan, Co. Clare, of a daughter.

KELLY—December 29, 1921, at 5 Mount st. Crescent, to Mr. and Mrs. A. Kelly, 19 Ashdale rd., Terenure, a son.

KINMONTH—December 27, 1921, at Fernev, Blackrock, Cork, to Dr. and Mrs. Kinmonth, of Lisdeverraa, a daughter.

NESBITT—December 27, 1921, at Ashton, Rushbrooke, Co. Cork, to Ethel (nee Coolican), wife of Surgeon-Lieutenant R. W. Nesbitt, Royal Navy, a daughter.

O'NEILL—December 19, 1921, at Seagrott House, Blackrock, to James J. and Nellie O'Neill (nee Lane, Fermoy), a son (Patrick James Peter), who survived birth about 30 hours.

MARRIAGES.

BARLOW and BOYD—December 28, 1921, at St. Matthew's Church, Pembroke, Co. Dublin, by the Rev. R. Orchard, Reginald, only son of the late John Barlow and Mrs. Barlow, Forest in Teesdale, Durham, to Violet Lillian, eldest daughter of John A. and Mrs. Boyd, "Montrose," Oaklands Park, Ballsbridge, Dublin.

LYTTLE and COATH—December 26, 1921, at St. Catherine's Parish Church, Dublin, by the Rev. Canon H. W. R. Thompson, B.D., Frederick J., son of Mr. and Mrs. T. Lyttle, 13 Westminster st., Belfast, to Barbara, younger daughter of the late W. W. F. Coath and Mrs. Coath, 57 Dufferin av., Dublin.

SMITH and McNALLY—November 3, 1921, at Jesuit Church, Bombay, Captain John Salish, R.A.V.C., Mona, Punjab, India, son of the late Christopher Smith, Senior Inspector of Schools, Ireland, to Mary, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. McNally, Tullaghanstown, Navan, Meath.

DEATHS.

BROWNE—December 28, 1921, at Carmelite Convent, Loreto, Mary Browne (in religion Sister Marie Beatrix), in the 35th year of her religious profession.

BUCHANAN—December 29, 1921, at her residence, 92 Pembroke rd., Dublin, Matilda, eldest daughter of the late George Buchanan, Strabane, Co. Tyrone. Funeral private. No flowers.

CLARKE—December 30, 1921, at the residence of her brother, Possestown, Naboo, Co. Meath, Margaret Clarke, at an advanced age. R.I.P. Funeral to-morrow (Sunday) from R.C. Church, Dubber, to Kingscourt Cemetery, at 4 o'clock.

CULLEN—December 29, 1921, in Dublin, Julia, loved wife of Joseph Cullen, and youngest daughter of the late Richard Hills Evans, Rockfield, Wicklow, aged 27 years. R.I.P.

DE ROS—December 28, 1921, at 111 Sloane Gardens, London, S.W., Geraldine Lady de Ros. Funeral at Oldcourt, Stranaford, Co. Down, to-day (Saturday), 31st December, 12.30 p.m.

DUNN—December 27, 1921, at 31 Kirkstall rd., London, S.W., 2, suddenly, Eileen Lucie, aged 45, only daughter of the late James Dunn, of Dublin.

HARRIS—December 27, 1921, at 7a Eaton Square, Alderman Alfred Wormser Harris, J.P., son of the late Alderman Lewis Harris, of this city.

HARRISON—December 30, 1921, at her residence, Sunnybank, Bray, Catherine, relict of the late Thomas Harrison, in the inexpressible grief of her loving children. R.I.P. Funeral from the Church of the Most Holy Redeemer to Deans Grange Cemetery to-morrow (Sunday), 1st January, 1922, at 3 o'clock.

HILL—On Christmas Day, 1921, at her residence, West View, Limerick, Annie, the beloved wife of Charles Hill. Interred at St. Flannan's, Killaloe, on the 27th.

MACAULAY—December 30, 1921, at Francis st., Ballina, Co. Mayo, Roger Macaulay, M.D., aged 70 years. R.I.P. Funeral on Monday, 2nd January, 11 o'clock, Ballina.

POWER—In his residence, 72 St. John's ter., Delphin's Barn, Dublin, Michael J. Power, late of Waterford. Funeral private.

RICE—December 30, 1921, at 8 Templemore st., Rathgar, John Herman (Bubbles), darling child of H. Rice, B.L., and Mrs. Rice, aged 4 years. R.I.P.

STEWART—December 29, 1921, at Elm Lodge, Monkstown, Eliza, of Vyvyan Terrace, Bangor (private) from above address, 10.30 a.m., Monday, to Dean's Grange Cemetery. No flowers.

IMPORTANT—As Announcements for this column, if posted on Saturday, cannot reach this office before the last Monday's paper, they should be sent by telegram.

IN MEMORIAM.

DOMERFORD—Seventh Anniversary—In sad but loving memory of my dear brother, Frank, who died 1st January, 1915, at his residence, 149 Great Brunswick st. Sacred Heart of Jesus, have mercy on his soul. Inserted by his loving sister.

HOLDEN—In fond memory of William Francis Xavier, the dearly-loved second son of Mr. and Mrs. Holden, Saint Ultan's, Cabra, who died on the 30th December, 1911. R.I.P.

MITCHELL—In ever-loving memory of a beloved husband and father, T. J. Mitchell, V.S., who died 23rd December, 1920, at his residence, Ballycullane, Dungarvan, Co. Waterford. "Peace, perfect peace."—Minnie.

REDMOND—In loving memory of John Redmond, who died, suddenly, at his residence, 14 Braithwaite st., Dublin, December 31, 1920. May he rest in peace.

ANNOUNCEMENTS received late for insertion in this Column will be found on Page 4.

APARTMENTS CONTINUED.

BUSINESS Lady or Gentleman can have Bedroom, use of sitting-room, piano; h. and c. bath; Kilmainham.—C 226, this office.

BEAUTIFULLY Furnished Rooms to Let—20 Eaton square, terrace, Phone 875.

CLONTARF (vicinity)—Nice House for elderly Lady or Gentleman; nightly rental not objected to; highest references.—C 129, this office.

DRAWINGROOM Flat to Let. Apply Boyd and Goodbody, 6 Merrion Row.

FURNISHED Apartments or Board Residence; moderate; Fairfield terrace.—C 127, this office.

FURNISHED Flat to Let; seen by appointment only; 3 Herbert road.

FLATS, Unfurnished, self contained, 18 Harcourt st.; £3 and 30/- weekly.

GENTLEMEN, Full Board Residence, £1 5/- per week; Mount st.—C 104, this office.

GENTLEMAN can have superior Apartments, with Partial Board, 32/- weekly.—750, Irish Times Branch Office, Baggot st.

HOUSE to Let and Unfurnished; 8 bedrooms, 3 reception rooms; Rathfarnham; moderate rent.—C 233, this office.

LARGE comfortable Sittingroom, Bedroom (adjoining), use of one or two pianos; Inchicore district.—722, Irish Times Branch Office, Baggot street.

TWO self contained Flats to Let, best part of Sandymount, with also good Stabling and Coachhouse.—C 51, this office.

UNFURNISHED—Two Roomed Flat to let, in the small Office, near Stephen's Green.—C 142, this office.

UNFURNISHED self contained Ground Floor Flat to Let, containing four rooms, bathroom, kitchen, middle room, Merrion House, Lower Leeson street; soon any evening after 6 o'clock.—C 267, this office.

10 PITZWILLIAM square—Attractive Board Residence; excellent table; highest references.—Phone 1807.

20 PEMBROKE road—Apartments, nicely and prettily furnished; cooking and attendance, bath.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

BOARD Residence required, for one or two lady students, vicinity National University.—Z 1035, Apartments, this office.

FLAT or Half House, Unfurnished, Wanted; suburbs, south side, not over £50.—C 141, this office.

GENTLEMAN Requires Bedroom, Full Board; South side, or city.—C 235, this office.

LADY and son require well Furnished self contained Flat or House, in Dublin.—Z 998, Flat, this office.

LADY Wants Unfurnished Room, some attendance.—C 207, this office.

LADY, dining out, Requires Bedroom and Sittingroom, with partial Board; districts preferred; state terms, this office.

REQUIRED at early January, comfortable sittingroom, bedroom (two persons); moderate; Bagrot st. or neighbourhood.—Z 976, Apartments," this office.

STUDENT wants Combined Room and Partial Board, high locality; central preferred. Write to C 146, this office.

WANTED, Furnished Bedroom, South side, 7/- per week; one lady.—C 258, this office.

WANTED, large Combined Room for lady; some attendance; state terms.—C 252, this office.

WANTED, by gentleman, Furnished Flat, Furnished or Unfurnished, 3 rooms, for gentleman.—Z 1036, Flat, this office.

YOUTH Requires Bedroom and Partial Board; rent (city) must not exceed 50/- weekly.—C 135, this office.

YOUNG Man wishes full Board and Lodging, private house, lowest terms for permanency; South side preferred; yes.—C 259, this office.

SEASIDE AND COUNTRY.

HOUSES TO LET AND WANTED.

A T Bray—Detached, £90 Unfurnished, Furnished, or A Sell; 5 bedrooms, hot bathroom, electric light, Sea. Auctioneer, Greystones.

COMFORTABLY Furnished House in Kingstown, three bedrooms, sittingroom, kitchen, bathroom, etc.—Box No. 466, Irish Times Branch Office.

DALKEY—Furnished, 4 bed, 2 sittingrooms, lovely scenery, 7½ gns.; 4 sittingrooms, 10 gns.—Apply 2 Fitzwilliam square, south.

KINGSTOWN—Advertisements (Prepaid) for "Irish Times" can be handed in at Smith and Barnes's, 5 Lr. Dorset st. Second Heart of Jesus, have mercy on his soul. Inserted by his loving sister.

LIMEKILNS, with cut without Land, Bungalow or other, required; would Purchase at reasonable Price, for near Leopold son of Mr. and Mrs. Holden, Saint Ultan's, Cabra, who died on the 30th December, 1911. R.I.P.

MITCHELL—In ever-loving memory of a beloved husband and father, T. J. Mitchell, V.S., who died 23rd December, 1920, at his residence, Ballycullane, Dungarvan, Co. Waterford. "Peace, perfect peace."—Minnie.

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APARTMENTS TO LET AND WANTED.

A FURNISHED Flat to Let, three bedrooms, use sitting, kitchen, use of bath, electric light, and gas cooker—£25, Wilde's Office, Rear Entrance.

CIVIL Service Official coming North can have most convenient Bed and Sitting-room with pleasant convenient Bedroom and Sitting-room with pleasant convenient Bedroom and Sitting-room with pleasant convenient Bedroom

MOTOR MATTERS, BICYCLES, &c.

MOTOR CARS.

NEW PRICES.

CHEVROLET, 4/5 Seater, £295. CALCOTT, 2/4 Seater, from £375. CLULEY, 2/4 Seater, from £550. Coupe £650.

WALLEN, TRINITY STREET GARAGE.

A.C. Two Seater, electric light, hood, screens, £225.—Woods, Westland Row.

BLUE FOR MONEY.

THE 1922 CHEVROLET 20 h.p. 5 SEATER TOURING CAR represents "value for money" in its truest sense, and which gives the motorist SERVICE plus RELIABILITY; a car in which low maintenance costs are to be met with of reasonably low price £260

SEE OUR DEMONSTRATION CAR.

LINCOLN MOTOR COMPANY, LINCOLN PLACE, DUBLIN. Distributors for Southern Ireland.

CALTHORPE CARS.
"THE LEADING LIGHT CAR."
1922 Models in Stock.
KEATING and LUNDY, 206/08 Brunswick st., Dublin.

1922 DEMONSTRATION MODEL, 2 s.p. "SUNBEAM," £350 under cost. NOW ON VIEW.
CUMMING AND DILLON'S AUTO SERVICE, 12 LR. ABBEY STREET.
Phone, 4778.

CROSSLEY, New £895
CROSSLEY, Demonstration £800
CROSSLEY, New 7 Seater £995
CROSSLEY, New 7 Seater £925
AUBURN, New £495
AUBURN, Demonstration £450
CITROEN, New, 11.4 h.p. £345
CITROEN, Demonstration, 10 h.p. £275
STANDARD, 1919, 9/20 Dickey £190
ARGUS-ANDERSON, Used £300
HUPMOBILE, Used £250
OVERLAND 2 Seater £195

CAN WE GIVE YOU A TRIAL RUN?

McENTAGART BROS., Phone, 5449.
10 LEINSTER ST., DUBLIN. Wires, Madcon.

THE PICK OF THE MARKET:—
AUSTIN, 12 h.p. and 20 h.p.
TALBOT-DARRACQ, 8 h.p., 12 h.p. and 16 h.p.
VAUXHALL, 14 h.p. and 25 h.p.

FOR CASH OR ON DEFERRED PAYMENTS.

HARRY FERGUSON, LTD., 134 LOWER BAGGOT STREET, DUBLIN.

OVERLAND 4, Economy and Durability. £270.
CRAWFORD, DAWSON ST., DUBLIN.

12 H.P. ROVER CARS.
1922 MODELS. REVISED PRICES.
2 SEATER (including Dickey) £625
5 SEATER TOURING CAR £695
COUPE (including Dickey) £750

ROVER CO., LTD., LORD EDWARD ST.

AT 42 Westland Row—1922 B.S.A. Twins, £162; in Stock.

1922 MODELS FOR EARLY DELIVERY—Morgan Aero-Plane, Omega-Duplex, Revere, Sheffield Henderson, Clonlea, etc.
CUMMING AND DILLON'S AUTO SERVICE, 4 LOWER ABBEY STREET, DUBLIN.
'Phone, 4779.

ENFIELD, DOUGLAS, MATCHLESS MOTOR CYCLES, &c.
PRICES FROM £55.
BURNEY BROS., 67 GREAT BRUNSWICK STREET, DUBLIN.

3½ H.P. DOUGLAS, SPORTS MODEL, £130.
NOW ON VIEW.
BURNEY BROS., 67 GREAT BRUNSWICK STREET, DUBLIN.

ADVANCES on Motor Bikes, Cars, Jewels—Gorman, Pawnbroker, Winetavern st. (opposite Fire Brigade Station).

B.S.A. combination, all chain drive; New Imperial 7 h.p. perfect condition; reasonable offers accepted.—Bentley Bros., Ely Place, Dublin.

3½ H.P. Triumph Motor Cycle, fixed engine, in good condition; offers to Exton's Advertising Agency, Dublin.

1920 ROYAL Enfield, 2 h.p., excellent condition, £120.—Greaves, Glenageary Terrace, Kingstown.

MOTOR CARS CONTINUED.

NOW

IS THE TIME TO BUY YOUR NEW CAR.

"WE ARE THE DEALERS WHO SELL THE RIGHT CARS."

Write for Descriptive Catalogue "D" giving Specifications, etc., of the well-known Models we handle.

DUBLIN MOTOR CO., LTD., 25 STEPHEN'S GREEN, DUBLIN.

CALL IN AND INSPECT
THE NEW 1922 11.9 H.P. STANDARD CAR.
"THE IDEAL LIGHT TOURING CAR FOR THE OWN-DRIVER."

A.L.G. writes:—"My last Standard gave me such unit punishing service that I am now looking forward to delivery of my new machine, and, to I understand the new engine develops much greater power, the body work is more pleasing and roomy, 4-speed gear box fitted, and longer and heavier springs, I firmly believe that the 1922 STANDARD will prove to be the most popular car of the year."

WRITE FOR BOOKLET "S," GIVING FULL PARTICULARS OF THIS IDEAL "OWNER-DRIVER'S CAR."

Engine 75 m/m x 110 m/m
Horse Power 11.9.
Gear Box, 4-speed.
Dynamo Lighting and Starting.
Body, 4-Seater, with Adjustable Seats.
Sankey Detachable Steel Wheels.

DUBLIN MOTOR CO. LTD.,
25 STEPHEN'S GREEN.
Cables: "TAXI, DUBLIN."

MOTOR CYCLES.

"A1" MOTOR Cycles—New Imperials, 1922 models now on view; Sunbeam, Lewis, and Lea Francis on the way; several special bargains in new 1921 Machines; cheap and good. Terms to suit you.—Lemon et., off Gratton st.

A.J.S. NEW PRICES—7 h.p. COMBINATION, £178; 2½ h.p. LIGHT-WEIGHTS, £85; TRIUMPH, 4 h.p., from £105; LIGHT-WEIGHT, £65; ROVER, TWIN COMBINATION, £135.
WALLEN, TRINITY ST. GARAGE.

1922 MODELS FOR EARLY DELIVERY—Morgan Aero-Plane, Omega-Duplex, Revere, Sheffield Henderson, Clonlea, etc.
CUMMING AND DILLON'S AUTO SERVICE, 4 LOWER ABBEY STREET, DUBLIN.
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3½ H.P. DOUGLAS, SPORTS MODEL, £130.
NOW ON VIEW.
BURNEY BROS., 67 GREAT BRUNSWICK STREET, DUBLIN.

BELHIGH STUDEBAKER.
DERMESTER. LAGONDA, MOTORS.
CALL AND INSPECT AT
BURNEY BROS., 67 GREAT BRUNSWICK STREET, DUBLIN.

CUBBIN, 1920, perfect order, new tires, well equipped, Fordson tractor, Winstersveen plough, Peter Brown harrows. P

CHEVROLET Tuned Landaulette, as first condition, suit taxi; sale for hiring work; £150 or nearest offer.—C 2497.

FOR SALE, 2 Seater, with dickey, Stellite (Wolseley) Engine, 1920, in perfect order, electric lighting, starting, run less than 5,000 miles, tyres and paint as new; bargain.—Burgh quay, Dublin.

FOR Sale, Ford, 1921, with beautifully built and upholstered Enclosed body, electric light, self starter, clock, speedometer, adjustable wheels; a really smart car; to be seen on application to C 1145, Advertiser office.

FOR Immediate Sale, Dubnier Car, 5 Seater, painted grey, in perfect mechanical order; low price to prompt purchaser; owner leaving Ireland owing to ill-health; Dublin suburbs.—C 1442.

FORD, 1920, in perfect order, electric lighting, starting, run less than 5,000 miles, tyres and paint as new; bargain.—Burgh quay, Dublin.

HUMBER, 1920, 11.9 h.p., 5 seater, on view at the Sole Agents, Wade Bros., "A1" Garage, Harty st. X

HUPMOBILE, 1920, 5 seater, in perfect condition; owner, detachable wire wheels, and all accessories.—C 3072.

DE DION "Sunbeam" 12/16 h.p., 2 seater and dickey, with seat, in good condition; £250 or offer.—C 3331.

WHEN you fear you may be late, ring up Dublin 833.

1917 SCRIPPS Booth, perfect condition, also Baby Peugeot, two Light Swifts; cheap.—Bentley Bros., Herbert lane.

1920 11 h.p. STANDARD Two Seater, just been thoroughly overhauled and repainted blue; car is absolutely complete, with dynamo lighting and starting, spare wheel and tyre, tools, full set of tools, speedometer, etc.; any trial given. Owner sailing abroad. £445.—Apply Box 2445, Irish Times Office.

1921 KINGSBURY Junior Light 2 Seater, only done 800 miles, as new, upholstered in dove; cheap for quick sale; a bargain at £1,000, or nearest offer.—Box 2446, this office.

LORRIES, VANS; MOTOR & STEAM HAULAGE.

AN 8 h.p. Double Crank Barrel Tractor, with wheel brakes, in good working order; driver's age 5 yrs (approx); Steam Waggon, engine in perfect condition, can be inspected at owner's private siding; vertical working pressure, 4 to 5 lbs.; Motor Lorry, 4 tons capacity, thoroughly overhauled; must be sold to clear space; no reasonable offer refused.—Apply Box 2447, Irish Times Office. Phone, 1902. Telegrams, "Superba," Dublin.

CHAUFFEURS, MECHANICS.

WANTED

Chauffeur, Co. Dublin; experienced Chauffeur, Fiat car; single, T.T.; generally useful. Apply, with full particulars, Box 1001, Cashel.

WANTED, middle-aged Man as Chauffeur, Ford car. Wife and small infant must have good references. Apply Rogers, Brownstown, Curragh. —C

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SITUATIONS VACANT.

ORIGINAL testimonials should not be enclosed with replies to advertisements.

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IRISH TIMES, LTD., WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN.
Telephone Nos. 2056, 2057.
BRANCH OFFICES:
BELFAST—103 Royal avenue. 'Phone 1787.
CORK—13 Marlborough street. 'Phone 656.
LONDON—89 Fleet street, E.C. 4. Central 4350.
MANCHESTER—34 Victoria street. 'Phone 2084.
GLASGOW—54 Gordon street. Central 84.

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND in the vicinity of Templeogue, a Sheep; owner can have same by paying costs; if not claimed within three days will be sold. Apply Mrs. Gough, Cypress Grove, Templeogue.

LOST, on Christmas Day, Necklace, consisting of 3 9ct. small pearls with diamond and green stone, and one small pearl between; finder will be rewarded if returned to Wood and Son, 103 Grafton st. B

LOST, December 27, between Hollybrooke and Bray Post Office, Fur Muff. Reward given if returned to Hollybrooke, Bray. B

LOST, Geraldine Bead Necklace, strung on red silk, Friday, 23rd, on Kingstown Pier or environs. Reward.—Mrs. Hamilton, Mount Clarence, Kingstown.

LOST, morning 24th inst., Aquamarine Gold Pendant, between Nos. 3 and 5 Lower Mount st. B

LOST, 24th, Palmerston Park or vicinity, Gold Tie Pin, pin diamond, two sapphires. Reward at 39 Waters Terrace.

LOST, Friday, 30th inst., by or about Grafton st., Gold Bracelet watch. Reward given at 59 Leeson st.

LOST, White Richard Terrier, small tan; reward.—Mrs. Hogan, Seafield avenue, Blackrock.

LOST, 27th December, between 85 Bagot st. and St. Mary's Hall, Gold Brooch. Reward £1.—C 50.

LOST—Will the lady who took White Woollen Jersey by mistake in Dolphin Town Hall on December 15th please send it back. Jumper much valued.

STRAYED, Wire Fox Terrier, from Waverley Lodge, Malahide, Black Pencilled, upright ears, docked; answers to "Jack"; reward.—Apply Mrs. Dowse, Dun Aisle, Howth, or Irish Times Office. C 2443

SITUATIONS VACANT.

A HIGHLY paid position awaits you if you care to train for it. Ordinary intelligence and our training will make you efficient salesman in your district. Write to-day for free booklet, which explains how you can secure a position in a profession which offers big rewards to men of character. Apply to the Secretary, Salesmanship Institute, 10 Fleet street, Dublin.

A LADY required immediately to take charge of Nursery Governess; particulars and irreducible salary.—Nurse Thompson, 33, Fitzwilliam square. A

BILLIARD Marker required, for Kingstown; apply Manager, Queen's Hotel, Kingstown. B

BARMAID, middle aged preferred, to assist in refreshment department in Nursing Home. Apply Matron, Merrion Square. B

BOOKKEEPER, with knowledge of Shorthand and Typewriting, Wanted for Merchant's Office, in city. Reply, giving fullest particulars and wages required, to C 251, this office.

CLERK Wanted for Confectionery and Catering. State experience and send copies references, salary required, to "Z 966, Situations," this office.

CLERK Wanted, large, city Office; knowledge of heavy motor; machinists necessary; correspondence and quick at figures; state age, experience, salary required.—C 2, this office.

CARPENTER'S Improver Wanted; state experience and wages expected.—Jackson's Poultry Appliance Works, Bray.

CHEF Wanted, young man, good appearance; must be a first class cutter; only one taught; copy references. Apply Box 2448, this office.

CLERK Wanted, young man, good appearance; must be a first class cutter; only one taught; copy references. Apply Box 2449, this office.

CLERK and Salesman Wanted, Man for City. State training experience, C 347, this office.

CYCLE Shop—Wanted, smart Salesman; good window dresser; Protestant; provincial town, South; salary £120 commencing.—Apply Box 2450, this office.

EDITOR Reporter—Thoroughly competent Man required to assist to take charge of Irish Weekly Paper; Weekly Provincial Irish-Ireland Paper; salary six guineas; state age, experience, and last employer.—Ledger Irish necessary. Apply "Z 1024, Reporter," this office.

GROCERY and Provisions—Wanted, smart Junior Clerk Assistant, Apply, with references, Stuart's, Adelaide road.

HOUSE Wanted by Lady Wanted for Dispense and Stores. Address, with testimonials, Gresham Hotel.

JUNIOR Typist and General Office Assistant Required; state salary required and references.—C 979, this office.

MILLINERY and Mantles—Wanted, competent Milliner; must have good knowledge of sales; Protestant; references and salary, which is moderate to commencing.—Apply Manager, Arnotts.

MANAGER—Competent Man Wanted for Licensed Grocery and Provision Business in country district; Co. Cork; must be sober, steady, and thoroughly reliable; state experience and send copies of references to C 137, this office.

MILLINERY and General Draper—Wanted early in January, Assistant Milliner; must be thoroughly up to sales; house near Dublin; copies references, refs., and salary, enclosed.—Box 1005, Mullany's, Dame st.

MOTHER'S Help or Assistant Housekeeper Wanted; must be fond of children; Protestant; Dublin; apply, copies references, salary.—"Z 957, Help," this office. X

MOTHER'S Help, Protestant, to look after two children; servant kept; sewing; give full particulars.—Mrs. Hogan, Seafield avenue, Blackrock.

MOTHER'S Help or Nurse's Governess Wanted, Protestant, Belfast child, 3½; teaching. Reply, stating salary required, to Box No. 459, Irish Times Branch Office, Belfast.

RESPECTABLE Boy required, Apprentice Dentistry; must have good education; £30 first year.—Apply Box 2451, this office.

SHORTHAND Typist Junior required by Wholesale Provision Merchant; state qualifications (if any), and salary expected.—C 179, this office.

SOLICITORS of the Supreme Court of the Irish Free State require the services of a Shorthand Typist; Number of the "Weekly Irish Times" containing advt. before Saturday, 7th January.

SMART Young Lady, Protestant, thoroughly accustomed to the Coal Trade required immediately.—C 216, this office.

SUPERIOR Person Required, better class Waitress; apply Wednesday evening, 3/0 Pitzwilliam square, Lr.

SITTING Women; house provided; state salary; apply Manager, Steam Laundry, Ranelagh.

TO Flour Millers—Salesman Wanted for Dublin; state age, experience, and wages required.—Box 2452, this office.

USEFUL Help, Gentlewoman, Protestant; one baby, country near Dublin; £20.—Z 980, Help," this office.

WANTED, young Lady, with training, to Housekeeper and assist; small house; £30.—Box 2453, this office.

WANTED, young Man, with knowledge of Shorthand and Typewriting, Wanted for Merchant's Office, in city. Reply, giving fullest particulars and wages required, to C 251, this office.

WANTED, Mother's Help, small family, country place, £24. Apply Rev. Dr. Lindsay, The Glebe, Donnybrook.

WANTED, respectable Girl for Shop; good references. Apply 54 Ecclesston st.

WANTED, Nurse Lady for High Class Bar in Tullamore. Please give particulars of experience, enclose copies of testimonials and salary expected.

WANTED, young Lady, as Companion to Children; must be fond of children; Protestant; Dublin; another, help light house duties; monthly; good references required.—Apply 2 South Circular road.

WANTED, Girl, aged 16 to 17, to assist in Office Work; Shorthand, Typewriting, and good appearance necessary.—C 582, this office.

WANTED, pushing young Man, Take Orders, city, Dublin suburbs, commission; state age.—Box 2454, this office.

WANTED, Protestant young Ladies, one to assist her with three children, youngest 5½ years; other to help housework; must be fond of children and kind-hearted; good wages; every convenience; salary each £30.—Mrs. Carson, Ballyrobert, Portrane, Co. Dublin.

WANTED, Finisher, to Play for Dance Class, Monday evenings; state terms.—Box 2455, this office.

YOUNG Protestant Lady Help Wanted; some experience.—R. Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown.

REPRESENTATIVES WANTED.

AGENTS WANTED.

Wanted in each district within 60 miles of the town of Dublin, Man of good address, with ability to push the Sale of Motor Spirit, etc., on extensive terms. Only those who can show a thorough connection need apply.

The opening is an important one, and will be a permanent position on salary and commission terms.

Applications should be made by letter, giving full particulars as to age, experience, and references, which will be treated as strictly confidential.

Address "AGENTS,"
"Irish Times" Branch Office,
54 GORDON STREET, GLASGOW.

JOHN SHANNON AND SON, LTD., WALSALL, require a REPRESENTATIVE for Ireland. This is a good opportunity for a really smart, energetic Salesman, who can command connection with the best Saddlery and CLOTHIERS' trade.

Applications should be made by letter, giving full particulars as to age, etc., and should be addressed to the Sales Manager.

AGENT, good connection, Required by old established Clothiers; good class Readymades; Commission or Salary; Ireland.—Apply Box 1068, Irish Times Advertisement Office, 2 Clare st.

TRAVELLER Wanted, Man Seeks situation as Ploughman or Herd; understands all farm work and management; 20 years' experience; good character.—C 1058, this office.

TRAVELLER Wanted, Man Seeks situation as Ploughman or Herd; understands all farm work and management; 20 years' experience; good character.—C 1058, Mass," this office.

TRAVELLER Wanted, Man Seeks situation as Ploughman or Herd; understands all farm work and management; 20 years' experience; good character.—C 1058,

SANDEMAN'S
PORTS & SHERRIES
"THREE STAR" & "FIVE STAR"

SANDEMAN *means* **Fine Port Wine**
Fine Port Wine *means* **SANDEMAN!**

HOCKEY.

THIS DAY'S LEAGUE GAMES.

There is very little promise in to-day's fixtures, nor is there a lengthy list of games in the Leinster League. At any rate, there are only two senior matches, and these must be foregone conclusions, since Royal Berks can have little chance against Dublin University, while Three Rock Rovers should defeat East Surreys, and probably the latter match will be for double points. Owing to school holidays the Kingstown G.S. v. Naas match is off.

TO-DAY'S FIXTURES.

SENIOR LEAGUE.
Royal Berks. v. Dublin University, Portobello.
Three Rock Rovers v. East Surreys, Foxrock.

MIDDLE A.
Enfield v. Railway Union 2nd, Enfield.
Monkstown 2nd v. Y.M.C.A., Crosthwaite Park.

JUNIOR.
Rosemount v. Railway Union 3rd, Philipsburgh avenue.

FRIENDLY.
Dalkey v. Kingstown Grammar School P. and P. Tivoli terrace.

LADIES' MIDDLE LEAGUE—B.
Maids of the Mountain v. Trinity, Danville avenue.

LADIES' JUNIOR CUP.
Monkstown 3rd v. Rosemount 2nd, Rosemount, Fairview, 3 p.m.

Dublin University Team—J. T. Ennis; C. Blair-White, A. E. Phillips (capt.); R. C. McCausland, S. G. Rouse, H. W. Strong; J. M. Kyre, R. S. Evans, C. MacDonagh, W. R. Arkwright, N. H. Medcalf.

COURSING.

CELBRIDGE MEETING.

The Celbridge Club has been granted a new date —January 11th—in lieu of the meeting arranged for Wednesday last, which was abandoned owing to the death of Mrs. Dempster. The stakes will be the same, and owners who made entries for the cancelled meeting should notify Mr. Kelly, the Hon. Secretary, if they wish to let their nominations stand. The draw takes place on January 10th.

GOLF.

A MATCH AT KNOCKLOFTY.

Last week Mr. Villiers-Morton Jackson took a team to play against that of Lord Donoughmore on the latter's private course in the Knockiofty demesne. The visiting team consisted of Mr. Villiers-Morton Jackson, Mr. R. Murphy, Colonel Wedgwood, Canon Leslie, Mr. R. Jackson, Mr. R. J. Wilson, and Mr. C. J. Doran; and the home team of Lord Donoughmore, Major Cliffe Vigors and the members of the Knockiofty staff. The visitors won by 4 matches to 3. The course is well laid out in the fine demesne and played very well considering the heavy rain preceding the match. A return match will be played on January 2nd, over Mr. Clonmel course.

LUCAN.—To-day, Bogey-open mixed foursomes—Draws every hour from 10.30.

ROBIN HOOD.—January 2nd (morning)—Men, stroke competition, 9 holes, sweepstakes; afternoon—Foursomes, 9 holes, strokes, sweepstakes; Ladies' 9 holes, strokes, sweepstakes.

ISLAND.—Flag competition held on St. Stephen's Day.—J. T. Jameson and Miss Wardell (1); F. Watson and Miss E. Dodd (2); J. M. Wardell and Mrs. J. P. Jameson (3). 16 couples competed.

RATHFARNHAM.—To-day, monthly medal (bogey). Bank holiday competition. Result—Best net, St. J. Rutledge, 80-14-61; 2nd net and best gross, M. D. Bective, 91-8-83.

PORTMARNOCK CLUB.—St. Stephen's Day Competition—J. F. Jameson (0) 83; James Sheehan (8) 83; T. Lenox (4) 84; Hector Fanning (9) 84; W. O'Brien (3) 85. Holiday Competition best ball v. bogey—G. Dawson and J. H. Cooper, 1 up; R. Bergin and D. L. Rogers, all square; E. G. Martin and W. O'Brien, all square; J. Sheehan and D. O'Brien, 4 and 3.

MILLTOWN.—Bank Holiday Competition (four-ball)—Best net, Mr. and Mrs. Thompson and Mr. Thrift (rec. 6), 4 down; L. Wickham and J. Fisher (rec. 13), 3; D. Walsh and V. A. Carroll (rec. 11), 5. Four ball v. bogey, 27th—G. Becker (rec. 12) and E. D. Garland (rec. 12), 4 up; R. C. Grady (rec. 4) and W. Thompson (rec. 7), 3 up; R. Thrift (rec. 2) and W. F. Thompson (rec. 10); 3 up.

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SALE

Ladies' Department
Wichert's Famous American Boots

Glace Kid, buttoned and laced, sizes 3 to 6; usually 105/- Special Price, 57/6

Glace Kid, laced and buttoned. Usually 95/- Special Price, 52/6

Silked American Hose, in beige, colo shed, medium size and lace. Usually Sale 27/6

Glace Kid Derby Shoes. Special offer. 19/6 Worth double

Ladies' Glace Kid Derby Shoes, welted. 27/6

Men's and Boys' Department

Men's Glace Kid Boots, welted; Special Value, Usually 25/6

Brown Calf Derby Boots; leather 11 welt. Usually 47/6. Sale 35/-

Men's Black and Brown Brogue Shoes, Usual 45/- Sale 25/-

Men's Football Boots, 6 and 7 only. 14/6
Boys' do., 2 to 5 11/6

Clery & Co., Ltd.
Lr. Abbey St., Dublin

D., CONTINUED. DRESS CONTINUED.

ABOUT Clothing—Highest Prices for Ladies', Gents', Children's Left Off Clothing, Furniture; distance no object; town or country. 105, Amiens-st., Dublin.

ABOUT Clothes—Highest Prices for Left Off Clothing, Furniture, Bedding, etc.; distance no object; town or country. Mrs. Casey, 6 Clarinemont-st., and 42 Abbey-st., Dublin.

ABOUT Clothes, Mrs. Brooks, 20 Lr. Mallborough-street, is paying best prices for Ladies' and Gents' Left Off Clothing, Furniture, Bedding, etc.; distance no object.

ALWAYS Highest Prices for Ladies' and Gents' Clothing, Furniture; distance no object; town or country; established 1850.—Mrs. Mann, 9 William-st., South.

DRESS Suit, for sale, cheap; worn by apprentice; in good condition.—O 384, this office.

EVENING Dress Suit (Dinner Jacket) Wanted, height 5ft. 10in., chest 40in., waist 34in., inside leg 32in.; must be trimmed, post free.—O 386, this office.

FRENCH Dressmaking, Tailoring, Draping.—Mme. Glass, 25 Nassau-st.—Customers' Materials Made Up, Perfect Fit Guaranteed.

FURS—Quantity high class Furs and Fur Coats to sell at Wholesale Prices.—Railway Fur Co., 5 Parliament-st., Rockville street, Dublin.

GOWNS, Coats, Costumes, Blue Afternoon Frock, Tea Gown, and other articles; all large size; bargains.—Z 1080, Irish Times.

FOR Sale, handsome Mole Velour Cloth Coat, nearly new; 42in. chest; suitable for stout lady.—Z 83, this office.

KNITTING Wools, super quality, reliable for Jumpers, Heather Mixtures for socks, 3/6 to 5/11 per lb.; 4-ply fingering, 16/6 lb.; shade card free.—J. T. Bradford.

LOVELY Model, classic real, trimmed shoe, as worn, cretine, latest model, bought London.—Z 1019, Irish Times.

LADIES Old Dancing or Evening Shoes Recovered or Dyed, expert workers.—Brooks, Silver, Gold Coloured satin, etc., 2/6 pair; 6/6 pair for dyeing. Send address for new material and—Robert and Co., 162 Grafton-st., Dublin.

MAID, about three years, wanted.—Apply Mrs. Shaw, Shaw's Bridge, Rathfarnham.

MARE for Sale, Apply Foreman, Tudenstie, McCormick and Co., Lower Ormond quay, Dublin.

TO Horse Feeders—You can have your own Oats or Beans ground to Goodbody Brothers' Mills, 53 and 54 Thomas-st., Dublin.

HORSES, HARNESS, ETC.

ANTICURRINE, the best Blistering agent for Horses, for hard or bony formations, 4/6, post free.—Henry Bell, Chemist, Waterford.

COMFORTABLE complete Turnout Selling reasonable; safe Cob, 14.3 hands; rubber tyred Round Trap, new Harness; separately.—Hillsoville, Ardee road, Rathgar.

HARNESS, all classes—T. Smith and Son, Saddlers, 93 Middlewatch st., Dublin.

HORSES to Four Condition—Give Bell's Famous Horse Worm Powders, and a course of its Constitution Powders. Mr. Power, Kilgobinet, Dungarvan, writes:—"My mare is in tip-top form after one box of Bell's Worm Powders. I can recommend them to any horse owner." Thousands praise Bell. Worm Powders, 5/- per box; Constitution Powders, 2/6. Both, post free, 6/-, from Henry Bell, Veterinary Chemist, Waterford.

MARE for Sale, Apply Foreman, Tudenstie, McCormick and Co., Lower Ormond quay, Dublin.

TO Horse Feeders—You can have your own Oats or Beans ground to Goodbody Brothers' Mills, 53 and 54 Thomas-st., Dublin.

VEHICLES.

ALESBURY Traps.

NOTED GOLD MEDAL TUB TONNEAU, ALL WEATHER, AND HOODED CARS, SEVERAL CHEAP SECOND-HAND CARS. Catalogues from ALESBURY BROS., HENDERBY, KING'S CO. Showroom: 3 LINCOLN PLACE, Westland Row, Dublin

GIG, rubber tyres, £35; Inside Car, £40; 21 cobs.—Gorman, Castleboro, Kingscourt.

HANDSOME Tub Trap for Sale, rubber tyres, 15½ hands; suit lady; reasonable.—44 Eglington road, Donnybrook.

RUBBER Tyres, all sizes, fitted at short notice—The City Wheel Works, Ltd., Great Brunswick st. T

CATTLE, LIVE STOCK.

COWS for Sale, a Kerry and Dexter, newly calved, in second and third calf, large and rich milkers; also a pure bred Jersey Springer.—Gleanmore Farm, Lucan. Apply to steward.

COUGHING Calves—Old farmer's warning "when there's Cough"—Give the Yeterine Horse Drench at once. It saves thousands of young calves, and is admitted to be a never-failing cure. Omit De La Four's Lead Steward, one of many users, says:—"I find Yeterine Drench proved highly satisfactory in curing 30 head of yearlings which were badly attacked with Coughing Stunts, Leiquinlobber, Co. Carlow." Please send me 2 gallons of House Drench for Coughing Calves. My last year's order was 1½ gallons." Sold in bottles 2/6, smaller size 2/-; in tins 10/6, and 20/6; postage 1/- extra.—Henry Bell, Veterinary Chemist, 63 Quay, Waterford. Advice free.

HEIFERS—A few specials, guaranteed healthy, good milkers, 18th and 19th calvers.—Lindley, Kells. E 53.

FOR Sale, Half Jersey Bristle Springer, five calf, quiet to ride up—Collier, Harrauck, Rathcoole.

HEIFERS, Rollers and Losers, pair 26th carr, paid.—Robert Sinnamon, Gaulstown, Delvin, Westmeath.

FOR Sale, four really choice large framed, fresh springers, rear calving, guaranteed all right, first class specimens, one calving guaranteed a cow; also heifer in calf to Shorthorn bull.—Railway Cottage, Ballymore, North Wall.

FARMERS would be well advised to use Bell's Veterine Anti-Abortion Treatment for their Cattle. Gives a pile of money. Best Animal Cure ever known. Aliestown, Kells, Co. Meath, writes, October 23rd:—"I have now stopped using Anti-Abortion Mixture, factory cleared it out of my herd. Your Remedy is very effective."—Post free, 7/6.—Henry Bell, Veterinary Chemist, 63 Quay, Waterford.

GOAT, hornless, milking, and Kid, 6 months, for Sale.—Apply Fowler, 7 Leeson-st. Lr., Dublin.

FOR Sale, Bull, 2 years old, Shorthorn, Scotch Collynie bloodlines, sire by Scotch Model, dam by Scotch Sultan; also Bull Calf, 6 months old, by Scotch Model, dam by Scotch Sultan.—Apply Mr. Hamilton, Retreville, Robert, Dublin.

HEIFERS, Two Pure Bred, to calve in young, and Bullock.—Apply Sportsgrove, Donnybrook.

THOROUGHBRED Yorkshire Boar for Timber Topper, 18 months; Sow in Cattle, just free to Hogsty, Ballsbridge.—Apply Manager, Model Farm, Calverstown, near Kilcock.—A. H. Jones, Chemist, Donnybrook, Dublin.

TWO year old Pure Bred Black Kerry Heifer.—Sandymount Castle, Dublin.

CONTINUED ON PAGE 7.

RUGBY.

TO-DAY'S MATCHES.

As usual, the holiday season has caused the postponement of a number of inter-club games, and on to-day's list only three senior matches appear. The fixture between Wanderers and Old Wesley has been declared off, and the most interesting game should be between Clontarf and Bective Rangers at Castle avenue. The Ulster League team from Armagh visit Lansdowne, and Palmerston play Monkstown, at Milltown. The first inter-provincial trial match at Belfast is the most important game of the day, and the selection of the Ulster side will be awaited with interest.

TEAMS FOR TO-DAY.

Lansdowne—H. Scales; G. Larkin, A. R. Abbott, R. McGuire, J. Bell; W. Cunningham, C. S. Randell; R. W. Backhouse, H. Bell, J. W. Bennett, F. Dearden, W. Ladendorff, J. S. Pottigrew, N. Purcell, P. White.

Armagh—C. G. Foster; B. Wannell, F. Bennett (capt.), D. McCaldin, W. Smith; J. Gillespie, G. F. Gibson; R. Reid, T. Simpson, W. Smith, T. P. Hall, J. W. Shepherd, A. Shepherd, J. Ashbornes, J. McKeown.

Palmerston—R. H. Shorts; R. J. Jolley, J. H. Smith, F. E. Heron, D. McLean; R. D. Stephens, H. MacKimmon; G. T. Dallaghan, H. Draper, W. J. Haslett, T. L. Jelley, J. R. Kerr, S. V. Kirwan, G. G. Quirke, W. Stephen.

Palmerston 2nd—S. Henchie; A. D. Pringle, H. Campbell, C. B. O. Parker, R. W. Lochrie, J. Calvert, R. MacDermott; W. Campbell, G. M. Eccles, G. Hill, J. Johnston, J. Paisley, F. W. Sargaison, G. Stephen, J. Weir.

Wanderers 2nd—A. Imrie; D. Brassington, L. Redmond; J. Bennett, J. Bell, W. Bell, J. Cole, J. Phillippe, D. Webb; C. H. Ackland, A. J. England, C. Hillyard, J. Dempster, A. Reilly, B. M. Reilly, C. D. Sutton, F. Tucker.

Clontarf—J. C. Montgomery; A. Kelly, H. S. T. Cormac, R. Maurice, Millar; J. Carrington, W. W. Nunan; W. S. Corrigan, G. R. Thomson, J. Quail, Y. Bradley, W. Graham, R. Mercier, J. Brady, T. Dorsey.

Clontarf 2nd—M. Boylan; J. Lees, J. Bruce, M. McMahon, S. C. Percival; N. H. Cooke, J. F. Booth; J. A. Lewis, J. Quinn, R. H. Leary, T. H. Corrigan, A. G. S. Bruce, J. Brady, C. Love, W. Ribton.

Bective Rangers—M. Rose; A. P. Atkins, C. P. Culhane, G. O'Neill, J. S. Joyce; R. F. Hammond, C. V. Meldon; B. Colbert, W. C. Colbert, P. E. Dunn, D. Egan, A. Wade, C. Fagan, R. E. Walker, W. H. Sexton.

TO-DAY'S FIXTURES.

Clontarf v. Bective Rangers, Castle avenue. Referee—C. B. Mills.

Lansdowne v. Armagh, Lansdowne road. Referee—Dr. Beckett.

Palmerston v. Monkstown, Milltown. Referee—Mr. J. G. Aston.

Belfast v. Rest of Ulster (Inter-Provincial Trial), Belfast.

Blackrock College 2nd v. Palmerston 2nd, Williamstown.

Welch Regiment "A" v. Old Wesley 2nd, Richmond Barracks.

R. and S.P.U. v. Clontarf 2nd (J.L.), Park avenue.

Clontarf 3rd v. R. and S.P.U. 3rd, Castle avenue.

Clontarf 3rd "A" v. R. and S.P.U. 3rd, Castle avenue.

Monkstown 2nd v. Bective Rangers 2nd, Sydney parade.

Monkstown 3rd v. R.A.F., Baldoyne.

Y.M.C.A. (Boys) v. Bective Schoolboys, Claremont road.

Bray v. Wanderers 2nd, Bray.

Matches start at 2.30.

MATCHES DECLARED OFF.

The following matches arranged for to-day have been declared off:—Wanderers v. Old Wesley; R.I.C. v. Lansdowne 2nd; Clontarf Schoolboys v. Monkstown Schoolboys.

PROPOSED SCHOOLBOYS' INTERNATIONAL.

A correspondent writes suggesting that, as well as the match between Irish boys in English schools and Irish schoolboys, a match should be arranged between past and present boys from English public schools and boys that these games may lead to schoolboy international. Up to the present Ireland played schoolboy internationals, but so far the idea has not been taken up in Ireland, where practically all the public schools now play Rugby football.

PUBLIC SCHOOLBOYS' MATCH.

The match between a XV. of Anglo-Irish public schoolboys and a team representing Irish public schoolboys has been definitely fixed for Friday, January 13th, at Lansdowne road. There are still a few places vacant on both teams, and those desiring to play should write immediately, giving their school and what position they play, to Mr. J. Boyd Hon. Sec., Lansdowne F.C., or Rugby Editor, "Irish Field," 11 Upper Ormond quay.

Monkstown schoolboys are requested to turn out for practice at the Sandymount road ground at 2.30 o'clock. Fixtures are required during the Christmas vacation.—Hon. Secretary, J. R. Ramsey, 124 Lower Baggot street, Dublin.

ASSOCIATION.

TO-DAY'S MATCHES.

IRISH SHIELD.

Bohemians v. St. James's Gate, Dalymount Park.
Jacobs v. Dublin United, Retland avenue.
Y.M.C.A. v. Shamrock Rovers, Bellevue.
Shelbourne v. Olympia, Shelbourne Park.

F.A. CUP QUALIFYING COMPETITION. FINALS.

Shelbourne United v. Shamrock Rovers. Beech Hill, 2.30.

West Ham v. St. Peter's, Shawn's Park, Belfast.
LEINSTER SENIOR LEAGUE—DIVISION I.
St. Patrick's v. Athlone Town, St. James's Park, Dolphin's Barn.

LEINSTER JUNIOR LEAGUE—DIVISION I.
Brooklyn v. Merrion, Rutland avenue.
Bray Unknowns v. Glenavon, Bray.
Richmond v. Bohemians B, Grangegorman.
Pioneers v. St. James's Gate B, Millown road.

CITY CUP.

Glenavon v. Queen's Island.
Linfield v. Distillery.
Cliftonville v. Glenlorah.

LEINSTER SENIOR LEAGUE—DIVISION II.
Strandville v. Brooklyn 2nd, Vernon avenue.
Y.M.C.A. 2nd v. Jacobs 2nd, Clarmont road.
Bohemians C v. St. Vincent's, Ballymun road.
Rayview v. Chapelized, West road.
Inchicore United v. Frankfort 2nd, Richmond Park, Inchicore.
Pembroke Comrades v. Avonmore, Millown road.

Action at Last!

BALDOYLE AND WATERFORD SELECTIONS.

ENGLISH RACING.

HUNTING. COURSING. FOOTBALL.
MOTORING. GOLF. BOXING.

Irish Field.
— Price 2d. —

PROSPECTUS.

The Subscription List is now open, and will close on the 10th day of January, 1922.

ABRIDGED PROSPECTUS.

A Copy of this Prospectus has been filed with the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

THE
Mallow Race Company,
LIMITED
(FIRVILLE PARK, MALLOW),

Intended to be Incorporated under the Companies Acts, 1908-1917.

CAPITAL - - - £20,000,

Divided into 20,000 Ordinary Shares of £1 each, all of which are now offered payable as follows:
5/- (per share) ON APPLICATION,
5/- (per share) ON ALLOTMENT,
And the balance as and when required in calls of not more than 5/- per Share, at intervals of not less than two months.

The minimum Subscription on which the Directors may proceed to allotment is 12,000 Shares.

Directors.

SIR ANDREW J. HORNE, 94 Merrion Square, Dublin, Knight.
JAMES J. PARKINSON (T.D., Middlestown Lodge, Carrack Camp, Co. Kildare.
LT.-COL. JOHN HENNESSY, C.B., C.M.G., 9 North Mall, Cork.
SAMUEL SHEEHAN, Merchant, West End, Mallow.
LT.-COL. P. J. MacCABE, Osborne Lodge, Kildare.
CAPT. E. WYNDHAM QUIN, Private Secretary's Lodge, Dublin.
Will join the Board after Allotment:—
THOMAS H. GARDINER WALLIS, Solicitor, Parknamore, Ballincollig.

Bankers.
THE MUNSTER AND LEINSTER BANK, LIMITED.

Solicitor.
T. J. GOLDEN, Esq., Mallow.

Auditor.
JAMES CURTIN, Esq., 32 South Mall, Cork.

Manager.
T. J. FLEMING, Esq., 7 Anglesea street, Dublin.

Veterinary Surgeon.
J. T. CLANCHY, Esq., Charleville, and E. A. PHIPPS, Esq., Mallow.

Secretary (pro tem.).
WILLIAM KENNEFICK, Esq.,
Incorporated Accountant,
16 SOUTH MALL, CORK.

(1) This Company is being formed with the object of promoting and establishing a Race Course at Mallow, Co. Cork.

Prospectuses and Share Application Forms can be had from the Company's Bankers, Solicitors, Auditors, or Manager.

NEWBURY.

DOUBLE BED SCORES.

SOUTHERN GLEAM DISAPPOINTS.

The Newbury meeting was established by the excellent railway service from London, and now that the trains are again being run on pre-war lines the Berkshire venue is promised another long run of suckers, for racing here is always most attractive.

Much discussion took place in the paddock on the proposed introduction of "the draw" for positions at the post in races under the National Hunt Rules, which is shortly to be brought before the National Hunt Committee. I find that there is a considerable difference of opinion among owners and trainers, for, whilst many believe there is no necessity for horses to be started from a set position when running under National Hunt Rules, others point out that the many jockeys now riding who have had much experience on the flat are apt to gain a considerable advantage over their fellows at the start. This is undoubtedly correct, and the probability is that the proposed reform will be accepted.

The success of Double Bed in the Didcot Hurdle was most popular locally, for he carried the colours of Mr. Rayner, one of the directors and one of the Stewards of the meeting. Double Bed has a somewhat doubtful reputation in regard to gameness, but he was not caught quite in his best humour on a course over which he had previously won. Earlier in the afternoon Double Bed had come under the hammer, but the highest bid of 1,150 guineas was not accepted; hence his success in Mr. Rayner's colours.

Lord Denman was present to see Hard Nail win the United Services Steeplechase, and was delighted by his success. Mr. Pulford was in the saddle, and he again rode with capital judgment, confirming the good impression he had made the previous day at Folkestone. Hard Nail's success was all the more acceptable to Lord Denman because he himself supervises the training of the horse at his own place, with Higham actually the trainer.

Much interest centred in the *début* over hurdles of Trash in Mr. Watson's colours. Of course, Trash is not trained for jumping at Manton, but is in Hastings's charge. The son of The Tetrarch jumped boldly, but could only finish third, the winner, Tuscan, proving a most promising recruit to hurdling.

Riding engagements for to-day include:—J. R. Anthony, Daydawn and Dorset. F. Rees's only mount at present is Valentine Maher. L. Rees, Joseph the First; Ivor Anthony, Forewarned and Second Fiddle; H. East, Wanton.

1.0—THEALE SELLING H'CAP 'CHASE. £200. Second £45. 3 m. about 5f. 74yds.

Mr. F. Ingram's b. g. BEN BRIDGE, by Benvenuto—Queen's Bridge, 6-9-9 ..... F. Rees 1
Mr. E. Wilkes's ROYAL TRUCE, 11-9 ..... Lawn 2
Mr. T. Baker's ATHOS III., a. 10-9 ..... G. Wall 3
Also ran—Scollar, 11-4 (R. Wall); Happy Jack II., a. 10-7 (Owner).

Betting—11 to 8 agst. BEN BRIDGE. 5 to 2 Sultan II., 3 to 1 Royal Truce, 10 to 1 each Athos III. and Happy Jack II.

Won by a length; two lengths separated second and third.

1.30—YATESBURY 'SELLING HURDLE. £150. Second £45. 2 m.

Mr. J. Rowden's ch. h. KILNFORD, by Spearmint—Kilmeis, a. 12-3 ..... J. Rennison 1
Mr. S. Wootton's GAMIL, a. 11-2 ..... Pollett 2
Mr. H. Boam's IRONORE, 4, 11-7 ..... McCabe 3
Also ran—Promotion, 6, 11-12 (W. Pitman); Seattle, 6, 11-12 (W. Burley); Cambridge Prince, 5, 10-2 (Tr. Leader); Joli Coeur, 5, 11-12 (J. W. Wyatt); Wheatear, 5, 11-12 (W. Faulkner).

Betting—5 to 4 agst. KILNFORD, 5 to 2 Cambridge Prince, 6 to 1 each Gamil and Gamil, 10 to 1 bar four.

Won by two lengths; six lengths separated second and third. Joli Coeur was fourth.

The winner was sold to Mr. E. Arnold for 220 gns.

2.0—READING 'CHASE. £300. Second £75, third £35. 2 m. and about 50 yds.

Mr. H. Peel's br. g. BLAENOR, by Courtesan—Queen of the Rye, 4, 10-7 ..... Dale 1
Mr. T. O'Rorke's GOOD POINTS, 6, 11-12 ..... Rees 2
Mr. O. Dixon's EASY SOLO, 6, 10-11 ..... F. Rees 3
Also ran—Gauntian, 4, 10-7 (J. W. East); Bescinded, a. 10-7 (J. Hogan, jun.); Southern Gleam, 5, 10-13 (J. R. Anthony); Lock All, 6, 10-11 (F. Mason); Major Domo, 6, 11-11 (Prof Anthony); Malo, a. 10-7 (L. Rees). (Winner trained by H. Escott.)

Betting—7 to 4 agst. Southern Gleam, 9 to 4 Good Points, 4 to 1 Easy Solo, 7 to 1 each Gauntian and BLAENOR, 100 to 1 bar five.

Won by a head; a length separated second and third. Southern Gleam was fourth.

2.30—DIDCOT NOVICE HURDLE. £250. Second £35; third £18. 2 m.

Mr. G. Rayner's b. c. DOUBLE RED, by Feather Bed—Redcrown, 4, 11-5 ..... H. East 1
Mr. H. Hartigan's MR. MADCAP, 4, 11-5 ..... Rees 2

Mr. W. Midwood's KNIGHT OF MANISTER, a. 11-13 ..... Carney 3
Also ran—Ballisaer, 4, 12-1 (Capt. Bennett); Perion, 4, 11-1 (A. Birch); Gondolier, 6, 11-1 (Gilbert); Glyran, 5, 11-1 (R. Wall); Sea Cove, 5, 10-11 (F. Rees); Rockspill, a. 10-5 (O'Sullivan); Swedish, a. 11-0 (Collins); Platte Royal, 4, 10-11 (Conway). (Winner trained by East.)

Betting—9 to 4 agst. Mr. Midwood's 3 to 1 Knight of Manister, 5 to 2 DOUBLE RED, 7 to 1 each Balthasar and Sabian, 100 to 9 bar five.

Won by three lengths; a distance separated second and third. Sabian was fourth.

3.0—UNITED SERVICES' H'CAP 'CHASE. £175. Second £25; third £10. 3 m.

Lord Denman's b. g. HARD NAIL, by Convert —Warned Off, 6-10-2 ..... Mr. E. Pulford 1
Lt.-Col. Brooke's SECRETIVE, a. 11-5 ..... Capt. Bennett 2
Capt. J. Powell's DICK BEHAN, a. 10-11 ..... Dale 3
Also ran—Strun, 6, 10-9 (Mr. V. Dennis); Furlo, 6, 10-12 (Mr. Wallington); Ballymanny, a. 11-6 (Mr. S. C. Lloyd); Keaney Lee, 7, 11-4 (Col. Collins). (Winner trained by Higham.)

Betting—4 to 1 agst. HARD NAIL, 7 to 2 Secretive, 4 to 1 Strusan, 6 to 1 Ballymacoe, 10 to 1 Dick Behan, 20 to 1 each other.

Won by four lengths; six lengths separated second and third.

3.30—JUVENILE HURDLE. £150. Second £30; third £15. 1½ m.

Mr. J. Durdin's b. h. HOLIDAY, by Holiday House—Tuscany, 10-0 ..... F. Symes 1
Mr. S. Dennis's RUPHROSYNUS, 11-3 ..... F. Rees 2
Mr. J. Watson's TRASH, 10-7 ..... R. Anthony 3
Also ran—Olympus, 10-10 (Dick); Antimagic, 10-6 (T. Leader); Woodside Lad, 10-5 (P. Woods); Alimabar, 10-5 (Burford); Rattle Snake, 10-5 (G. Smith); Rattles, 10-5 (F. Conway); Knight of the Orient, 10-5 (F. Watson); Chloris, 10-0 (Mr. H. East); Flight's Fancy, 10-5 (G. Calder); Harbinger, 10-0 (D. Barrett); Tuscan, proving a most promising recruit to hurdling.

Betting—2 to 1 agst. HOLIDAY, 5 to 1 TUSCAN, 7 to 1 Trash, 10 to 1 each Flight's Fancy and Knight of the Orient, 100 to 7 bar five.

Won by three lengths; six lengths separated second and third. Rattle Snake was fourth.

TO-DAY'S PROSPECTS.

The second stage of the fixture, which will mark the close of the year's racing, embraces nothing of importance. Nevertheless, some interesting problems will offer a solution to backers. My selections are:—

Wroughton Handicap—**Rathcore.**
Willis Steeplechase—**Poole's best.**
Lambourn Steeplechase—**Daydawn.**
Berkshire Hurdle—**Most Beautiful.**
Moderate Hurdle—**Victor Noir.**
Andover Steeplechase—**Picture Hall.**

HUNTING.

THE KILDARE HOUNDS.

A FINE HUNT.

On Thursday, 22nd, about 90 followers turned out in mild but showery weather at Dunlavin to participate in what turned out to be an excellent day's sport. Tynte Park, the first draw, provided a fox that was reluctant to leave these spacious woodlands, and hounds finally made a meal of him. Hounds opened in Glendaff, but marked their fox to ground in a rabbit burrow in the covert. Baily-hook was then drawn blank, but Rathsallagh held, and, getting away on good terms with their fox, hounds raced through Ballylaffin, and marked to ground near Rathsallagh House. It was shortly after 3 o'clock when we reached Ballintegart, and after a little while hounds disturbed a fox, and soon were driving him at a great pace through Brewel, on to the Hill of Usk, keeping Hatfield covert on the right. Here a short check occurred, and at a slower pace hounds carried on the line through Blackrath and Inchaquire, with Narraghmore on the right. Then the pace again increasing, hounds maintained a left-handed course, and ran through Spratstown covert and Ballynure, over the railway and river, and pulled their fox down in the open just short of Grangecon. The time was 1 hour and 25 minutes, and over an excellent line of country, and was a fine performance by hounds and huntsmen.

On Saturday, 24th, with a muster of about 100 out—a small field for a Saturday fixture—hounds met at Clane. Friday night had been very stormy, and it was still extremely cold and windy, so scent was far from good. Betaghstown Bog held a fox, but nothing could be done with him, so he was left there. Mount Armstrong was then drawn blank, and we moved on to Coolrian. Here a leash at least were on foot, and hounds, with indifferent scent, hunted their fox slowly towards Newpark, and, continuing left-handed to near Donadea, where they marked to ground in a rabbit burrow by the roadside. Longstown Wood and Geller's gorse, which so seldom fails to provide a good fox, were drawn blank, and hounds were end home.

HUNTING APPOINTMENTS.

THE WAHD UNION.

Date—Dec.-Jan.	Meet.	Hour.
Monday	Donaghmore Cross Roads..	1.30
Wednesday, 4th..	The Mullagh (Kilmore).....	1.30
Saturday, 7th.....	Kilrue	1.30

THE MEATH.

Monday, 2nd.....	Bellown	11.0
Tuesday, 3rd.....	Bellstown	11.0
Thursday, 5th....	Headfort	11.0
Saturday, 7th.....	Lismullen	11.0

THE KILDARE.

To-day	Enfield	11.0
Tuesday, 3rd.....	Rallymore Bustace	11.0
Thursday, 5th....	Kildangan	11.0
Saturday, 7th.....	Straffan Bridge	11.0

HUNTING FIXTURES.

COUNTY DOWN STAG HOUNDS.—January—Tuesday 3rd, Tullylisky Mills, Waringsford, 1.30; Thursday 5th, Outlier, —; Saturday 7th, Ballymacashery, 12.0; Tuesday 10th, Poland's Bridge, 1.30; Thursday 12th, Drumbrood, 12.30; Saturday 14th, Glendale (Mr. J. Magenis), 12.0; Tuesday 17th, McAdam's Cross Roads, 1.30; Thursday 19th, Beech Head, 12.30; Saturday 21st, Hallo's Mills, 12.30; Tuesday 24th, Carnew, 1.30; Thursday 26th, Ballycrogh, 12.30; Saturday 28th, Black's Lane Ends, 12.30; Tuesday 31st, Ballyalton (Down Hunt), 12.30.

WATERFORD FOXHOUNDS.—January—Tuesday 3rd, Raitagorrack; Thursday 5th, Kildermody Crossing; Saturday 7th, Faha Chapel; Tuesday 10th, Kilmacthomas; Thursday 12th, Grace Dieu; Saturday 14th, The Gravel (Carraghmore bye day.) At 11 o'clock.

FINGAL HARRIERS.—January—Monday, 2nd, Malahow; Saturday, 7th, Ballyboghil; Tuesday, 10th, Kilsallaghan; Friday, 13th, Naul; Tuesday, 17th, 7th Milestone, Ashbourne road; Friday, 20th, Walshestown; Tuesday, 24th, Roganstown; Friday, 27th, Ballough; Tuesday, 31st, The Boot. Meet at 12 o'clock.

ROUTE HUNT.—January—Tuesday, 3rd, Ballymenary; Friday, 6th, Gateside; Tuesday, 10th, Crosgar; Friday, 13th, Clonyin; Tuesday, 17th, Dunboe; Friday, 20th, Boardsmills; Tuesday, 24th, Ballyrashane; Friday, 27th, Kennels; Tuesday, 31st, Gateside. 12 o'clock.

SPORTING PARAGRAPHS.

Statutory meetings of the Turf Club and of the I.N.H.S. Committee will be held at the Registry Offices, Dublin, on January 9th.

Frusquin's Pride (5 yrs.) has been purchased by Mr. A. Wills, Ionian (5 yrs.) by Mr. E. J. Duggan, and Shark (4 yrs.) by Captain F. G. Uprichard, and Make Sure (5 yrs.) by Mr. E. Power.

Some forty English bookmakers, who paid out more or less substantial sums over a somewhat recent winner on the flat, were surprised on Thursday when the winnings were refunded to them. It is understood that the Post Office Intelligence Department is making inquiries into the matter.

Kinlark, the steeplechaser which was presented to the Prince of Wales, while in Australia and hunted over last year, is still acclimatising to English conditions. So far nothing definite has been decided with regard to the running of Kinlark this season owing to the Prince's absence in India.

The Stewards of the Turf Club and of the I.N.H.S. Committee, having received a report from the Stewards of the Jockey Club that Mr. Gilbert Marsh has been warned off Newmarket Heath, they have extended the sentence to all meetings under Rules of Racing and I.N.H.S. Rules.—*Irish Racing Calendar.*

A prize of 10,000 francs—the Grand Prix Henry Deutsch de la Meurthe—has been won by the stallion in a French athlete, considered to have done most for the cause of sport in France during the past year. A committee of the Academie des Sports, appointed for the purpose, has met to select the most worthy of the candidates. The committee will meet again during the first week of the new year. Its task is a long and delicate one, but its decision will probably be made known before the middle of January.

NEXT WEEK'S RACING.

IRELAND.
January 2—Metropolitan (Baldoyle).
January 5—City of Waterford (one).

ENGLAND.
January 2 and 3—Manchester.
January 4 and 5—Gatwick.
January 4 and 6—Eglinton (Bogside).
January 5—Hurst Park (Highfield).
January 6 and 7—Haydock Park.

BALDOYLE NEW YEAR MEETING—Monday, 2nd January.
ORDER OF RUNNING.

Novices' Hurdle .. 1	0	Qualifying Plate..	2	40
New Year Plate.. 2	30	Strand Plate	3	10
Metropolitan Plate	2	10		

WATERFORD MEETING—Thursday, 5th January.

	H. M.
Ferrybank Plate.. 1	45 Ballinclad Plate..	3 10
Ballinamona Plate 2	15 Park Plate	3 50
Ballinakill Plate.. 2	50	

SPOIL FIVE (12st. each) (Mr. F. Ingram).

| | Price. | st. | lb. |
|---

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.
THE HOME OF PANTOMIME
MATINEE TO-DAY AT 2.0.
EVERY EVENING AT 7.30.
ENORMOUS SUCCESS OF
THE GRAND ANNUAL PANTOMIME,
ALADDIN
FULL CHORUS. AUGMENTED ORCHESTRA.
MATINEES NEXT WEEK MONDAY, TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, and SATURDAY AT 2.0.
And Every Wednesday and Saturday Afterwards.

EMPIRE THEATRE.
6.45 ..... TWICE NIGHTLY 8.45
THE GIRL IN THE TAXI.
FULL COMPANY AND CHORUS.
Box Office, 11 to 6. Tel. 3208.

EMPIRE THEATRE.
MONDAY, JANUARY 2nd, 1922.
6.45 ..... TWICE NIGHTLY ..... 8.45.
PRODUCTION OF
THE CHRISTMAS PANTOMIME,
"THE BABES IN THE WOOD."
POWERFUL COMPANY INCLUDE
LILY LENA, JACK MURRAY,
BUD BICHIR, SERVA DANE,
FULL CHORUS.
Box Office: 11 to 6 ..... Tel.: 3208

ABBEY THEATRE.
MATINEE TO-DAY at 2.30.
TO-NIGHT at 8.15.
THE POT OF BROTH
By W. B. YEATS.
THE SUBURBAN GROOVE,
By W. F. CASEY.
Booking at Theatre. 'Phone 3268.

QUEEN'S THEATRE.
MATINEE TO-DAY at 2.30.
TO-NIGHT AT 6.45 AND 9.
GRAND CHRISTMAS PANTOMIME,
"JACK AND JILL."
Seats Booked at Theatre, 2/4. Tel. 3016.

THE CARLTON UP. SACKVILLE STREET.
The Management regret that they were unable to show
"THE HOUND OF THE BASKERVILLES,"
By SIR A. CONAN DOYLE,
On Thursday last, but it will be shown on MONDAY NEXT.

TO-DAY, AT 3 O'CLOCK,
In Aid of
ST. ULTAN'S INFANT HOSPITAL and
ST. JOSEPH'S CRIPPLES' HOME, COOLE.
A NATIVITY PLAY
By KATHARINE TYNAN HINKSON,
Will be Acted by the
Children of the Ballybrack National School,
At three o'clock,
AT THE HALL in LOWER LEESON STREET
(Kindly lent by the Nuns of the Sacred Heart),
THIS DAY (SATURDAY),
ADMISSION: 2/6, 1/-, and 6d.

A GRAND CONCERT
Will be given in the FOWLER MEMORIAL HALL
On MONDAY NEXT, 2nd JAN., 1922, at 8 o'c.
Artistes include—J. A. REGAN, Humorist.
Admission — One Shilling.

PROTESTANT ORPHAN SOCIETY.
28 MOLESWORTH STREET, DUBLIN.
JUMBLE SALE.
A JUMBLE SALE will (D.V.) be held in ST. ANDREW'S PAROCHIAL HALL, CLIFFORD STREET, on SATURDAY, 7th JANUARY, commencing at 1 o'clock.
Contributions of old clothes, boots and shoes, children's clothing, carpets, articles of domestic utility, tea, sugar, bread, butter, fruit and vegetables will be gratefully received at the office, 28 Molesworth Street. Bread, fruit, and vegetables to be sent on 6th January.

"TWELFTH NIGHT"
FANCY DRESS BALL
(Fancy Dress Optional),
GRESHAM HOTEL
6th JANUARY, 1922,
IN AID OF
MATER HOSPITAL, DUBLIN.
Mr. GRATTAN-KELLY'S BAND
(Personally Conducted).
Tickets (strictly limited), 25/- each. Apply now to Mrs. PATRICK DEMPSEY, Merrion square, Dublin; Mrs. B. PLUNKETT, 27 Brookfield terrace, Donnybrook.

THE CATHOLIC EDUCATIONAL CINEMA CO.,
3 COLLEGE GREEN, DUBLIN.
Have pleasure in announcing that they are now booking the magnificent two-reel Heroic Picture,
THE GREAT ALLIED PILGRIMAGE TO LOURDES,
Showing Scenes of the Grotto and the Town of Miracles. For Terms, etc., apply the Manager.

MADAME ROCK
WILL RE-OPEN CLASSES
ON
MONDAY, 2nd JANUARY.
8 TO 10 O'CLOCK P.M.
'Phone 4123.

TO-NIGHT,
CINDERELLA, 7.30-12.
PALAIS DE DANCE,
ROTUNDA GARDENS.
SINGLE, 3/- DOUBLE 5/-

JAPPE,
MAGICIAN AND ILLUSIONIST.
The Very Thing for Christmas Parties.
Apply Messrs. PIGOTT and Co., Grafton street.

WATCH NIGHT SERVICES.
MISSION BUILDINGS,
TOWNSEND STREET.
TO-DAY (SATURDAY), 31st, 8 p.m.,
PRAISE MEETING.
TO-MORROW (SUNDAY), 11.30 and 7 p.m.
Subject, 7 p.m.
WHY I AM A PROTESTANT.
Preacher
Rev. T. C. HAMMOND.
All Welcome.

BRIGHTON ROAD METHODIST CHURCH.
WATCH NIGHT SERVICE
THIS (SATURDAY) EVENING, at 11 o'clock.
Preacher—Rev. J. A. DUKE, B.A.
NEW YEAR'S DAY SERVICES.
TO-MORROW (SUNDAY), 2nd JANUARY, 1922.
11.30 a.m.—Rev. E. W. YOUNG, M.A.
7 p.m.—Rev. J. A. DUKE, B.A.
Covenant Service and Sacrament of the Lord's Supper to Follow.

CENTENARY CHURCH,
STEPHEN'S GREEN.
WATCH NIGHT SERVICE TO-NIGHT (SATURDAY) at 8 o'clock.
Subject—A Memorable Year.
NEW YEAR'S DAY SERVICES.
TO-MORROW (SUNDAY) at 11.30 a.m.,
Covenant and Communion Service at close.
7 p.m.—Subject—"The Divinity of the Future."
STRANGERS WARMLY WELCOMED.

ABBEY STREET METHODIST CHURCH.
DECEMBER 31st.
WATCH NIGHT SERVICE, 10.45 p.m.
Preacher—Rev. ALEXANDER CAIRNS, B.A.
NEW YEAR'S DAY SERVICES.
11 a.m.—Business, "CHOOSING A ROAD."
TO-MORROW (SUNDAY), JANUARY 1st, 11.30 & 7.
Rev. ALEXANDER CAIRNS, B.A.
Evening Subject, —
"THE SOCIAL ASPECTS OF THE KINGDOM."

CHARLESTON ROAD CHURCH.
WATCH NIGHT SERVICE, SATURDAY, 11 p.m.
Preacher—REV. E. W. YOUNG, M.A.
NEW YEAR'S DAY SERVICES.
11.30—REV. J. A. DUKE, B.A.
7—REV. E. W. YOUNG, M.A.
Covenant and Communion Services.

LOANS BY POST.
£20 TO £5,000
—in any part of Ireland and Great Britain—to all approved persons, on Note of Hand. Loans arranged by post, without interview. No fee charged or before-hand charges.
THE STANDARD PRIVATE FINANCE COMPANY OF IRELAND, LTD.,
15 ANGLESEA ST., DUBLIN.
J. C. WALSHE, Secretary.

ADVERTISEMENTS.
The following is the order of advertisements in to-day's Issue:—

First Page.	Third Page.
Births, Marriages, and Deaths.	Financial.
Railways.	Fourth Page.
Auctions.	Amusements.
Sales.	Public Notices.
Seventh Page.	Seventh Page.
Cycles and Motor Cars.	Dogs for Sale & Wanted.
Lost and Found.	Tuition.
Miscellaneous and Wanted.	Schools.
Medical.	Business Premises.
Horses, Ponies, and Vehicles for Sale and Wanted.	Stabling to Let and Wanted.
Carriages, Cars, Dairy, &c.	Houses to Let and Wanted.
Poultry, Eggs, Plants, &c.	Apartments.
Furniture, Pianos, &c.	Seaside and Country.
Drugs for Sale & Wanted.	Hotels.
Boots for Sale & Wanted.	Boarding Establishments.
Clothing.	Legal Notices.
Eighth Page.	Eighth Page.
Miscellaneous.	Miscellaneous.

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

THEATRE ROYAL
6.45 TWICE NIGHTLY 9.0
THE FUTURISTS.
NEXT WEEK—MORNY CASH.

WINTER GARDENS.
Vocalist To-Day—MISS SORA FINN.

TIVOLI 6.45 and 9 THEATRE
THE DIXIE MINSTRELS,
In an entirely new Programme.
Bella Newstead. Karcee. Lyda and Lynda.
ROMANI.

Mr. CLARKE BARRY'S
FAMOUS DANCE ORCHESTRA,
75 DRUMCONDRA ROAD, DUBLIN.
'Phone—Drumcondra 26. Wires—Wells, Dublin.

KINGSTOWN PAVILION.
A WONDERFUL FILM! LAST DAY.
JOHN BARRYMORE
In the Greatest Acting Achievement ever Filmed,
DR. JEKYLL AND MR. HYDE,
By ROBERT LOUIS STEVENSON.
The Greatest Drama of Dual Identity ever Written.
Screening To-day Only at 4.20, 6.40, and 9.
Brilliant Comedy and Interest Programme.
MONDAY—TOM MIX in "THE CYCLONE."

DANCE TO-NIGHT,
8 to 12.15.
GALA NIGHT.
MR. W. A. MANAHAN'S BAND,
Balloons, Serpentine Streamers, Souvenir Lucky Black Cat Favs, etc., etc.

T LEGGETT BYRNE, 27 Adelaide road.

GRESHAM HOTEL, DUBLIN.
CINDERELLAS
(Under Hotel Management).
SEASON 1921-1922.
TO-DAY (SATURDAY),
from 7.30 to 11.0 p.m.
DANCE TICKETS, 5/- each, at Hotel.
Music under the personal direction of
Mr. CLARKE-BARRY.

ROSS'S VICTORIA HOTEL
KINGSTOWN (LTD.)
NEW YEAR'S EVE.
GALA DINNER AND DANCE, 7.30 to 12.
SUNDAY—Afternoon Tea and Concert, 4 to 6.

SALTHILL HOTEL, MONKSTOWN.
GALA DINNER AND DANCE
WILL BE HELD THIS EVENING.
Tickets obtainable at Hotel Office, or at the Royal Hibernian Hotel.

DANCING.
PRIVATE LESSONS BY APPOINTMENT.
CLASSES RE-OPEN THURSDAY, JAN. 5th.
MISS HAINES,
23 WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN.

VENTRILOQUISM AND CONJURING.
"PRINER."
Celebrated Entertainer.
Open for engagements, School and Children's Parties, Concerts, etc. Terms reasonable. Apply to Grills, 15 Nassau street. 'Phone No. 2294.

Mr H GRATTAN KELLY'S
DANCE ORCHESTRA,
32 LOWER ST. COLUMBA'S ROAD,
DRUMCONDRA, DUBLIN. 'Phone—Dublin 3640.

PRESTO
HIGHEST CLASS CONJURING ENTERTAINER.
MENUS. Apply
Piano Dept., Pigott and Co., Grafton street, DUBLIN. Telephone—4465 and 4.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

A PUBLIC MEETING
Will be held
AT THE TOWN HALL, MARYBOROUGH,
On MONDAY, 16th 2nd JANUARY, 1922,
At Two o'clock,
For the purpose of affording all classes and interests in the Queen's County an opportunity of expressing their views as to the Ratification, or otherwise, of the Treaty of Peace recently concluded between the Representatives of the British Cabinet and those of Dail Eireann.

ABBEYLEIX—	BALLINAKILL—
D. Kennedy,	P. Bergin,
F. Phelan.	Paul Maher,
	Martin Murray
BALLYROAN—	Sir Hutcheson Poe.
Jas. McMahon.	BALTAOLLA—
	J. Fletcher,
DURROW—	T. Cunningham.
P. Fletcher,	MARYBOROUGH—
P. O'Flanagan,	W. C. Airy
J. W. Pratt.	G. S. Jessop,
	F. J. Meehan,
MOUNTMELLICK—	Dr. Osborne.
W. V. Robinson,	MOUNTRATH—
Ed. McEvoy,	M. Drury,
D. M. Smith.	Arthur McMahon,
	H. Ringwood.
PORTARLINGTON—	RATHDOWNEY—
W. H. M. Cobbe,	D. Quigley,
Jas. Devoy,	A. B. Smith,
Robt. Russell.	R. Williams.

NOTE.—As it is most important that the opinion of the County should be represented on this occasion, it is hoped that all who are unable to attend the Meeting will notify their views, on or before Monday Next, to Sir HUTCHESON POE, Hon. Secretary, Town Hall, Maryborough.

RATHMINES AND PEMBROKE MAIN DRAINAGE BOARD.
NOTICE OF COMPLETION OF AUDIT.
Notice is hereby given that J. Miley, Local Government Auditor, has audited the Accounts of the Rathmines and Pembroke Main Drainage Board for the Periods ended the 30th day of June, 1921, and has reported to the Local Government Board thereon.
A Copy of the Auditor's Reports and of the Abstracts therein referred to can be obtained at the Office during office hours by any person applying for same, and paying to the Board therefor the sum of Sixpence each.
Dated this 28th day of December, 1921.
JOSHUA C. MANLY,
Clerk of the Board.
Town Hall, Pembroke, Co. Dublin.

ST. PATRICK'S CATHEDRAL GRAMMAR SCHOOL.
Intermediate Successes include Two Exhibitions and a Book Prize in Junior Grade.
Department for Shorthand and Book-keeping and Business Training.
Interview with Parents and New Boys on MONDAY, JANUARY 9th, at 10.30 a.m.
Rev. E. V. F. CAMPBELL, M.A., Warden.

ST. PATRICK'S CATHEDRAL BOYS' CHOIR.
There are Vacancies for Young Boys. Choir Boys receive special privileges, including 13 Scholarships. Boys will be examined on MONDAY, JANUARY 9th, at 10.30 a.m.
G. H. P. HEWSON, Mus.Doc., Organist.

NOTICE OF ELECTION.
DUBLIN PORT AND DOCKS ACT, 1896.
ELECTION OF ELECTIVE MEMBERS.
THE DUBLIN PORT AND DOCKS BOARD HEREBY GIVE NOTICE
1.—That an Election of FOUR TRADERS' MEMBERS and THREE SHIPPING MEMBERS OF THE DUBLIN PORT AND DOCKS BOARD will be held between the hours of 9 a.m. and 7 p.m. on Tuesday, the 10th day of January, 1922, at the PORT AND DOCKS OFFICES, 20 WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN.
2.—Each Candidate must be nominated by writing, subscribed by two Electors as Proposer and Seconder, and the Nomination Paper must be duly signed by the Candidate or some person duly authorised by him in writing for such purpose as consenting to such Nomination.
3.—The Nomination Paper must state the surname and other names of the Candidate, with his abode or place of business and description, and must specify whether the Candidate is proposed as a "TRADERS' Member," or as a "SHIPPING Member," and the Nomination Paper may be in the following form or to the like effect:—

NOMINATION PAPER—DUBLIN PORT AND DOCKS ACT, 1896.
Election of ELECTIVE Members of the Board To be held on Tuesday, the 10th day of January, 1922.
We, the undersigned, being respectively Electors, hereby nominate the following Person as a Candidate —

Surname.	Other Names	Abode or Place of Business	Description
Smith	William Henry	100 City Quay, Dublin	Merchant

The above-named William Henry Smith is proposed as a [illegible] Member (*State whether Traders' Member or Shipping Member.*)

Signature	Number on Register of Electors
Thomas Jones	360
James Robinson	780

I, the above-named William Henry Smith, hereby consent to my being nominated as a Candidate at the said Election.
Dated this day of 19
Signed WILLIAM HENRY SMITH
(Signature of Candidate or person duly authorised to sign the Nomination Paper on his behalf.)
4.—Each Candidate must be nominated by a separate Nomination Paper, but the same Electors may subscribe as many Nomination Papers as there are vacancies to be filled.
5.—Nomination Papers must be delivered by the Candidate himself or by his Proposer or Seconder to the Secretary of the Board, or to some person authorised to receive the same, at the Office of the Dublin Port and Docks Board, before FOUR o'clock in the afternoon of SATURDAY, the 31st December, 1921.
6.—The Returning Officer will attend at the Office of the DUBLIN PORT and DOCKS BOARD on Monday, the 2nd day of January, 1922, for a sufficient time between the hours of two and four o'clock in the afternoon, to hear and decide objections to Nomination Papers.
7.—Forms of Nomination Papers may be obtained at the Office of the Secretary of the Board, DUBLIN PORT AND DOCKS OFFICE, DUBLIN.
Dated this 15th day of December, 1921.
E. H. BAILEY, Secretary.

EVANGELICAL ALLIANCE.
ANNUAL UNIVERSAL WEEK OF PRAYER.
MONDAY TO FRIDAY, JANUARY 2-6, 1922.
HELP DAY, JANUARY 4, at 4 and 7 o'clock, in the MISSION HALL, 5 TOWNSEND STREET.
Short Address at each Meeting.
ALL HEARTILY WELCOME.

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

LA SCALA THEATRE.
CONTINUOUS. 5-10.30.
KATHRINE McDONALD
In an absorbing Theatrical and Racing Story,
"CURTAIN."
HARRY SEMON in
"THE RENT COLLECTOR"
(By Special Request for 3 days longer.)
PRIZMA COLOR. GAZETTE. TRAVEL.
MONDAY NEXT—
CHARLIE CHAPLIN
IN
"THE IDLE CLASS."

LA SCALA THEATRE.
MONDAY NEXT
CHARLIE CHAPLIN
IN
"THE IDLE CLASS."
This is the First Showing in Ireland.
"THE IDLE CLASS."
Secured for La Scala at Record Price.
"THE IDLE CLASS."
Chaplin's Latest and Greatest Picture.
"THE IDLE CLASS."
There is not an Idle Moment in
"THE IDLE CLASS."
Charlie Idles them Away in
"THE IDLE CLASS."
See Chaplin do the Double Shuffle in
"SSALC ELDI EHT."

SPECIAL NEW YEAR'S DAY CONCERT.
MATER CONCERT
LA SCALA THEATRE,
TO-MORROW (SUNDAY).
AT 4 P.M.
DUBLIN SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA.
Conductor ... Mr. VINCENT O'BRIEN.

Overture,	"Marianne"	Wallace.
Selection,	"Lily of Killarney"	Benedict.
March,	"Irish Patrol"	Puerner.
Symphony,	No. 5 "(Heroic)"	Beethoven.

NORMAN WILLIAMS,
BRITAIN'S BEST BARITONE.

Aria,	"Hear Me Ye Winds and Waves"	Handel.
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Songs	(a) "I'm Wearin' Awa' Jean"	Foote.
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MISS EILEEN GUNNING,
SOPRANO.
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Accompanists—Miss LUCY LEHMAN, Mus. Bac.
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A DANCE,
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Her Excellency
VISCOUNTESS FITZALAN OF DERWENT,
Will be held in
LA SCALA BALLROOM,
ON
FRIDAY, JANUARY 13th, 1922,
In Aid of
THE RED CROSS WORKROOMS
AND
PEMBROKE WELFARE CENTRE.
Mr. W. A. MANAHAN'S BAND
(personally conducted).
8 to 2 o'clock. Tickets 12/6 each (10/6 if purchased before 6th January, 1922).
Tickets (which are strictly limited) may be had from—
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Special Trams are arranged for.

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NORA SWINBURNE.
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WE ARE THE OLDEST FIRM.
WE LEND TO ANY APPROVED PERSON IN ANY ONE ORDER.
WE GIVE THE BEST TERMS.
Fee simplicity money.
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Estd. 1870.

A GRAMOPHONE—
—some RECORDS.
A PARTNER—
and the FLOOR.
"On with the DANCE!"
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The rest is OURS.
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FROM 42/-
PATTERNS AND PRICES ON APPLICATION.
LEGGINGS, LEATHER, BOX CLOTH, CANVAS, &c.
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GOLD AND SILVER CHAIN BAGS,
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AT DUBLIN CENTRAL STORES.
MODERN SPECIAL STOCK.
100 ECONOMIC FIRE GRATES
100 TILED FIRE PLACES
200 MODERN TILED HEARTHS
100 SETS FIRE BRASSES AND CUBBS.
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7 DAWSON STREET, DUBLIN.

The Irish Times.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 31, 1921.

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WEATHER FORECAST.
General Inference—Another depression will probably advance from the Atlantic, and main-tain strong winds or gales from a westerly direction at first, veering towards the north later, with a fall of temperature. Much rain is probable, changing to sleet or snow before long in the north.
Ireland, N.W. and N.E.—Strong winds or gales from some westerly point, veering to N.W. or N. ; much cloud and rain at first; hail, sleet, or snow showers later, with bright intervals; visibility fair to good; becoming colder.
Ireland, S.W. and S.E.—Wind strong to a gale from west, veering to N.W.; much cloud; some rain; bright intervals later; visibility fair; becoming slightly colder.
Dixon and Hempenstall, Barometers and Forecasters, 12 Suffolk street, Dublin.—(Advt.)

HIGH WATER AT DUBLIN BAR.

To-day	Morning 0.24	Evening	0.41
To-morrow	0.59		1. 6

SUNRISE AND SUNSET.

To-day	Rises 8.40	Sets	4.16
To-morrow	8.41		4.17

LIGHTING-UP TIME ..... 5.16 P.M.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR TO-DAY.
Crisely Theatre—"Aladdin," 2 and 7.30 p.m.
Theatre Royal—Hippodrome, 6.45 and 9 p.m.
Queen's Theatre—"Jack and Jill," 2, 6.45, and 9 p.m.
Abbey Theatre—"The Pot of Broth" and "The Suburban Groove," 2.30 and 8.15 p.m.
Empire Theatre—"The Girl in the Taxi," 6.45 and 8.45 p.m.
Tivoli Theatre—6.45 and 9 p.m.
La Scala Theatre—Pictures, 3 to 10.30 p.m.
Grand Central Cinema—Pictures, continuous.
Pillar Picture House—Continuous.
The Carlton—Pictures, continuous.
Kingstown Pavilion—Pictures, continuous.
A National Play, The Hall, 13 Lower Leeson street, 3 p.m.

France and England.

The world's hopes ran high when Mr. Hughes's drastic proposals for the reduction of capital ships were accepted by all the naval Powers. At last we seemed to have reached the threshold of disarmament, and the weary taxpayer of every nation began to look forward to 1922 as a year of signal promise. Now the cup of peace has been dashed from the lips of humanity, and France, not Japan, has struck the blow. When the Conference began nobody dreamt that France would interfere with the naval question. She refused to reduce her forces on land, it is true; but the other Powers recognised the peculiarity of her circumstances, and the demand for military disarmament was not pressed. Then America, Britain, and Japan agreed to reduce their capital fleets to tonnages of 500,000, 500,000, and 300,000 respectively. Mr. Hughes proposed that France, who is not a naval Power, should be contented with 175,000 tons, and, after much argument, the French delegation accepted this figure. Italy, with larger maritime interests than France, consented to limit her capital ships to 172,000 tons. Capital ships, however, form a comparatively small part of a navy. They require a regular fleet of auxiliary vessels—cruisers, destroyers, and what not—for their service, and no navy is complete without its submarines. The scrapping of the big ships, therefore, called for a corresponding reduction in the tonnage of other craft. Mr. Hughes assumed that the Powers, having sacrificed their Leviathans, would not boggle at the loss of their cruisers and submarines, but he was wrong. Unfortunately, he forgot France.

The Hughes proposals allotted 90,000 tons of submarines to America and Britain, 60,000 to Japan, and some 30,000 each to France and Italy. Mr. Balfour, on behalf of the British Government, suggested the total abolition of these pernicious weapons of destruction, but received little support from his colleagues of other nations. France refused point-blank to do without submarines, and declared that she must have at least a tonnage of 90,000 to guarantee her security. In other words, she demanded equality in this respect with Britain and America. Furthermore, she insisted on the possession of, at least, 330,000 tons of auxiliary craft. At present France has not more than 30,000 tons of submarines and a very small auxiliary establishment. To her, therefore, Washington brings not disarmament, but actual naval expansion. The building of 60,000 tons of submarines, apart altogether from the cruisers and other vessels, will constitute quite a respectable naval "programme." France is her own mistress; but her attitude cannot be ignored by the other Powers. Mr. Balfour's speech at Washington made Britain's views quite clear. Submarines are of very little use against big ships. During the war the Grand Fleet cruised a distance equal to three times the circumference of the globe in the North Sea and did not lose a single ship through submarine attack. They are useful only against merchantmen; and the 20,000 defenceless souls who were *spurlos versenkt* by von Tirpitz's pirates provide the best commentary on the worth of their activities.

Against whom does France propose to use her submarines? Germany no longer exists as a naval Power; Japan and America are far beyond her range; Italy is out of the question. Only Britain remains, and Mr. Balfour's speech proves that the Government regards the French demand with dismay. If France builds submarines and cruisers far in excess of her requirements, Britain must build them too. If France must have 90,000 tons of submarines to complement her 175,000 tons of capital ships, simple proportion argues that Britain must have at least 250,000 tons of submarines for her 500,000 tons of capital ships. If France must have 330,000 tons of auxiliaries, by the same process of reasoning Britain must have at least 900,000 tons. Where, then, is naval disarmament? When the first signs of trouble appeared at Washington we were led to suggest what seemed to us to be the only way out of the impending difficulty. Our suggestion still holds good. Britain and America ought to carry out Mr. Hughes's original proposals, ignoring the obstacles which France is putting in their way. Thus they could achieve one of the primary objects of disarmament—namely, a reduction of taxation in their respective countries; and they would be bound by an obligation of honour to help each other in time of need. Who would dare to challenge such a combination? France could build a thousand submarines; but against the joint forces of Anglo-Saxondom she would be powerless for harm. The days of a European, or any other, hegemony are over. They came to an end on November 11th, 1918.

Lairage Charges.

It is always dangerous to presume upon an apparent monopoly. The Mersey Docks and Harbour Board seems to have thought that it had a "strangle-hold" on the shippers of Irish cattle, since Birkenhead is the largest distributing centre for such cattle in Great Britain. Lairage charges have increased greatly during recent years, but the Board was not content. It decided to impose a new and heavy increase from the beginning of 1922. The result has surprised it. The Board was not prepared for the formidable revolt against its decision which has been organised by the Irish cattle-traders and by the meat-traders' associations at Wallasey and Birkenhead. These interests have refused to accept the new charges meekly. They have not only threatened, but have begun to institute, a boycott of the Board's lairages, and already Liverpool and Birkenhead have lost a considerable part of the vitally important trade in Irish cattle. Moreover, the Board has been disappointed in its hope of shipments of live cattle from Canada, and is now confronted with a quite serious prospect of idle docks and local unemployment. We are informed to-day from Liverpool that it has realised its error and is about to reconsider the enforcement of the new charges, which, according to the Birkenhead meat-traders, are as much as 300 *per cent.* in excess of those of 1917. We hope that the Irish cattle interests will maintain their pressure until a substantial reduction has been announced. They will have the support of public opinion in both countries.

Influenza.

During the last month an epidemic of the dreaded influenza has been spreading its ravages throughout England. Up to the end of last week the number of its victims was 237. The toll was heaviest in London and the great industrial centres. The epidemic seems likely to rival in seriousness that which carried away so many lives in the spring of 1918. Not only is it rampant in England; Southern Germany is also in its grip. In Mannheim it assumed such alarming proportions that the municipal authorities closed all the schools in the city within a few days. Many of the smaller shops, carried on by families, are also shut down, and between 5,000 and 6,000 cases have been reported. The danger of the disease lies not so much in its immediate effect as in its camp-followers. Pleurisy and pneumonia, to which influenza renders the system peculiarly liable, are among the most fatal complications. Indeed, vitality is lowered to such a degree that the system is liable to pick up any disease that is floating about. The cause of the epidemic is found by some specialists in the very variable weather which we have had of late. Intense cold, alternating with the mildness of spring, is said to prepare a favourable ground for the disease. If common-sense is used and risks are not taken with the weather, there is no reason why Ireland should not remain free from the scourge.

The Teaching of History.

Mr. Hilaire Belloc has fresh and interesting views on the teaching of history. Speaking on Thursday at the Educational Conference in London, he said that "history was the resurrection of the flesh," and that, in the teaching of it, vividness was hardly less important than truth. He then discussed, as means for the vivid teaching of history, the historical novel, the play, the pageant, the still picture, and the moving picture. All have their merits; but, in Mr. Belloc's opinion, the moving picture has the supreme merit of an almost universal appeal. Since it is silent, accent does not matter, and it can be polished until everything is exact. An absolutely accurate and perfectly equipped representation of—let us say—the tragedy of Mary Queen of Scots from her imprisonment until her death would clothe history in flesh and blood for millions of people throughout the world. We agree with Mr. Belloc, but where is he to get such a picture? It postulates an amount of education in film actors and actresses which few, if any, of them possess. It postulates not only high intelligence, but exalted patriotism, in the producer; for he could not fail to lose financially by the experiment. We have no hope that a really good historical film will be produced in our time. Our boys and girls must continue to re-create the past in the pages of "Ivanhoe" and "Hypatia" and "The Three Musketeers."

Chanticleer.

Our curiosity is intrigued by the news that the Corporation of Cambridge proposes to frame a by-law against the "nuisance" of cock-crowing. People complain sometimes about the midnight barking of dogs; but we thought that society had ceased long ago to worry about the cock. The last important grumbler was the notoriously dyspeptic Thomas Carlyle, who was kept awake not so much by chanticleer's high note as by the expectation of it. Are Cambridge's citizens more sensitive than other people, or have they acquired more than their normal share of crowing as a result of an undergraduate fancy for pet bantams? We do not relate universities to birds, however, and the game of "hurling the birondelle," which was once popular in Trinity College, Dublin, had no connection with swallows. It will be a pity, we think, if the Cambridge campaign spreads throughout the Kingdom. The cock is a lusty figure in English literature, and for most people who enjoy good health his early crow is a pleasing punctuation of the stillness of dawn. Furthermore, he is France's national emblem, and we cannot be too careful of our Ally's feelings in these unquiet days.

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COUNTRY SWEPT BY GALE.

WIDESPREAD HAVOC.

SCHOONER FOUNDERS OFF WICKLOW COAST.

TELEGRAPH WIRES DOWN.

A violent gale, which was accompanied by heavy rain, swept over the United Kingdom yesterday, and caused considerable damage.

The wind's velocity was estimated at about 54 miles an hour.

The telephone and telegraph services suffered severely. It was difficult to maintain communication with London last night, as many of the wires along the Welsh coast had been blown down; and the Post Office reported that Cork, Limerick, Waterford, and other provincial centres had been virtually isolated.

As a result of the delay in the telegraph service we were deprived of the use of our private wire for several hours last night, and we have had to go to press without some of our usual features.

Dublin felt the full force of the gale, but no serious damage occurred. Many chimney pots were felled, and in a few cases roofs were almost stripped of slates. During the afternoon two elderly men were blown down in Westmoreland street, but they were not badly hurt.

Early yesterday morning the schooner Lennox foundered off the Wicklow coast. The crew took to their boat, which they had great difficulty in keeping afloat. After they had been buffeted about by the waves for several hours they were noticed by some fishermen. The Wicklow lifeboat was launched, and they were brought ashore safely.

Grave anxiety is felt in Greystones about the fate of Joseph Doyle, a fisherman, who went out in his boat during a lull in the storm. The Wicklow lifeboat searched for him all day, but could not find him, and it is thought that his little craft must have been swept into the open sea, where it was swamped.

Cross-Channel steamers were late in arriving at Dublin and Kingstown.

Severe floods are reported from various districts.

GALE IN DUBLIN.

PEDESTRIANS BLOWN DOWN.

A gale of much violence, accompanied by heavy rain, swept over Dublin from an early hour yesterday morning.

The conditions were in strong contrast to those that prevailed on Thursday, when the sun shone brightly during the forenoon, and at night there was a touch of frost.

After midnight, however, there was a sudden change. The wind veered round to the south-west, and there were several heavy showers.

Pedestrianism was rendered very difficult in the forenoon in the more exposed thoroughfares of the city, and in several cases elderly persons were blown down. Fortunately, none of them was injured seriously.

Particularly severe showers fell at about midday. There was a great rush for trams, and the person who secured a seat inside a tram was exceedingly lucky.

Notwithstanding the severity of the gale there was not, it is reported, much damage done in the city. In some places hoardings were blown away, and the roofs of houses suffered some damage.

During the afternoon there was a slight lull in the storm, but in the evening it increased in violence.

ALONG THE COAST.

FISHERMAN SWEPT TO SEA.

The coast of County Dublin was a "weather" shore on Thursday night and yesterday, and the gale did very little damage.

Incoming vessels had very trying passages across the Channel. The London and North-Western Railway Company's steamer, Hibernia, had to face a particularly rough time, and ploughed her way through heavy seas. She took nearly twenty minutes longer than is usual on the voyage from Holyhead, with her 400 passengers and mails for Kingstown.

The most untoward report to hand regards a Greystones fisherman who is believed to have gone to sea on Friday morning in a small boat.

At about 5 a.m. there was a lull in the severity of the weather, and this hardy fellow, Joseph Doyle, aged 50 years, thinking that the gale was going to subside, ventured forth in his little craft.

Near the shore the boat would have been sheltered from the full force of the gale, but further out it must have been virtually impossible for one man to control a boat without assistance. It is believed that Doyle must have been borne from the shelter of the "weather" shore into the full strength of the wind, and blown out to sea.

Grave fears are entertained that his boat has been swamped.

The Wicklow lifeboat spent all day searching for traces of the missing man. When darkness fell the boat had to return to Wicklow without having accomplished its errand.

LANDSLIDES IN HIGHLANDS.

Following upon the heavy rainfall and the melting of the hill snow several landslides occurred throughout Lochaber yesterday. The most serious was in the vicinity of Loch Treig, on the West Highland Railway, and traffic was interrupted. A ballast train, apparently, ran into an obstruction, for the engine and two waggons were derailed. The evening passenger train to Glasgow had to return to Fortwilliam.

FLOODS IN GLASGOW.

Through the overflowing of the Cart, an affluent of the Clyde, yesterday many residential districts of Glasgow were flooded out. Water poured into the cellars and basements. The Clyde has also overflowed its banks through torrential rains, and much damage has been done in and around the city.

TREE ON THE LINE.

MAIL TRAIN'S MISHAP.

While travelling at thirty-five miles an hour, near Currhehill, Midlothian, yesterday, the mail train from Carlisle to Edinburgh ran into a tree that had been blown across the line by the gale.

The force of the impact wrenched off the four front wheels of the engine, and damaged the permanent way. Fortunately the engine, the two postal vans, and the guards van kept on the rails. The driver and fireman and the six postal sorters, who were busy at work, escaped without injury.

BATTLESHIP ADRIFT.

BREAKS AWAY FROM TUGS IN GALE.

CHERBOURG, Friday.

The cargo steamer London Queen reports that, when nine miles off Cape Hague this morning, she sighted the obsolete British battleship Vengeance, which had been sold to be broken up.

The tugs which had had the Vengeance in tow had been compelled to abandon her when the tow ropes broke, and the battleship was a danger to navigation.

The London Queen attempted to take the Vengeance in tow, but the cable parted.

Tugs have been sent to the scene.—(Reuter.)

SCHOONER FOUNDERS.

CREW'S TERRIBLE ORDEAL.

The schooner Lennox, of Glasgow (formerly the Queen, of Arklow), bound with a cargo of bricks to Llanelly, foundered yesterday morning on the Arklow Bank. The crew of six were saved.

A motor-driven vessel, the Lennox had left Kingstown, where she had taken shelter during the storm, on Thursday, and sailed down the Wicklow coast.

At about four o'clock yesterday morning she was caught in the storm. The master decided to put back to Kingstown, but the vessel became unmanageable, and was driven on to the bank five miles north of South Arklow Lightship. She refloated, however, heavily, and the crew were compelled to take to their boat. Almost immediately afterwards the Lennox sank.

The crew made towards Wicklow. When they had arrived in the bay the storm freshened, and the boat was swamped. Some fishermen on the seabank sighted the boat and raised the alarm.

The Wicklow lifeboat was launched, and within half an hour the shipwrecked sailors were ashore.

STEAMERS DELAYED.

All the cross-Channel steamers were late in arriving at Dublin yesterday morning. The delays ranged from 25 minutes, in the case of the London and North-Western Railway's mail steamer Arvonia, which brought many passengers from Holyhead, to two hours in the case of the steamer Bonmahon.

The captains reported that the seas were exceptionally heavy. One or two ocean-going vessels which were expected in Dublin yesterday morning had not arrived last night.

Horses were refused shipment by the steamers that left Dublin yesterday afternoon, but other classes of live stock were embarked on the evening boats.

GALE-TOSSED BOAT.

THREE LIVES LOST IN THE THAMES.

During the gale on Tuesday night three men lost their lives in the Thames.

Putting off from Greenhithe Pier Dust after dinner, a small boat rowed by a Swede named Janssen (their ship's boat not being available), Arthur Ingleton, chief officer, and Charles Johnson, third engineer, made towards their vessel, the Pas de Brandes, an oil tanker, lying off Greenhithe.

Some time after a watchman on the tanker heard cries coming from the river, and a search party in a boat found Ingleton's and Johnson dinghy, but no other craft or any boat, which was half-full of water. Johnson was hauled into safety, but Ingleton, a native of Whitstable, disappeared. The Swede had already sunk.

Johnson died on board the steamship at six o'clock the next morning from the effects of immersion.

At the inquest upon him a verdict of death from misadventure was returned.

TELEGRAPHIC DELAYS.

TOWNS "ALMOST ISOLATED."

The telegraph and telephone services have been considerably interrupted by the storm owing to the great number of wires blown down.

Two-thirds of the Welsh lines were down last night, and in the Irish provinces communication could be maintained only with the greatest difficulty.

Most of the lines connecting Dublin with Cork, Limerick, and Waterford were down, and in the cases of Cork and Limerick, it was said last night that they were almost isolated.

Considerable damage was also done to the Western lines, especially in Co. Roscommon and Leitrim, where hundreds of poles were blown down.

Communication with Londonderry was interrupted, and Belfast was almost isolated.

LANDSLIDE IN CUMBERLAND.

Owing to the heavy rainfall a landslide occurred on the Cockermouth and Workington line, near Bridekirk, Cumberland, yesterday, and traffic was suspended.

RIVER BANKS BURST.

Vast tracts of country have been flooded during the last two days.

Our Strabane Correspondent reports that yesterday morning the River Finn burst its banks and a large area was inundated. Much damage has been caused to crops and stock.

In the Monasterevan and Vicarstown districts of Co. Kildare the Barrow has overflowed and some thousands of acres are under water.

BOAT CAPSIZED.

During the gale yesterday afternoon a boat containing two men capsized off the Liverpool landing stage. One man was drowned.

UNREST AMONG MINERS.

STRIKE NOTICE IN WALES.

Considerable unrest prevails throughout the South Wales coal-field, and in the Mossley area the men, acting on the recommendation of Mr. Vernon Hartshorn, M.P., have decided to tender 14 days' notice at all local collieries on Monday week next.

The trouble, it is asserted, is chiefly due to the owners' refusal to reinstate men who have been dismissed because they claimed a minimum wage. Others, it is said, have been dismissed for refusing to act as "black-legs."

Mr. Hartshorn complains that a number of men have been deprived of allowances and bonuses, which they had been receiving for many years.

Similar trouble prevails in the Rhymney Valley, where a leading agent expresses the opinion that the men should join hands with those at Mossley. The owners, he said, having the whip-hand, were using it with a vengeance. Flagrant breaches of custom were so prevalent and general that united action on the part of the coal-field rather than sporadic stoppages was required.

THE PEARSON MEMORIAL.

Lady Strathcona has given a donation of £1,000 to the Arthur Pearson Memorial Fund.

SAILORS' WAGES.

EMPLOYERS DEMAND ANOTHER "CUT."

Yesterday's discussion at the National Maritime Board on the shipowners' demand for a further cut in the wages of sailors and firemen almost led to a deadlock. The owners were indisposed to modify their proposals. A suggestion from the men's side to refer the matter to arbitration received sympathetic consideration from several employers, but, in the absence of a mandate, it was felt that a wider representation of employers should be consulted. Their reply to the suggestion is expected to be received within ten days. Meanwhile, a joint subcommittee was appointed to consider the terms of reference.

GRIM ARCTIC FINDS.

CHRISTIANIA, Thursday.

A Moscow telegram states that the Russian Bogrichoff Expedition, which organised a search for Toreem and Knudsen, two missing members of the Amundsen expedition, has found at Cape Wrild a letter from the two men, dated November, 1919, stating that they had only enough food to last for twenty days, as Polar bears had destroyed the depots.

The remains of one charred human body were found.—(Reuter.)

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The manager then asked how was he to know who they were, and refused to allow them to go through the works, but when he was told that force would be used, if necessary, he did not further resist the men, who had been joined by two others

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This Order shall continue in force so far as relates to the Joint Exchequer Board until the Treasury of Southern Ireland has been established, and so far as it relates to the Civil Service Committee until the Government of Southern Ireland has been established unless and except in so far as it is previously revoked by a subsequent Order in Council made under Section 69 of the Act.

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"The signatory Powers, desiring to ensure the enforcement of the humane rules declared by them with respect to the prohibition of the use of submarines in warfare, further declare that any persons in the service of any Powers adopting abuse, who shall violate any of the rules thus adopted, whether or not such person is under the orders of the governmental superior, shall be deemed to have violated the laws of war, and shall be liable to trial and punishment, as if for an act of piracy, and may be brought to trial before the civil or military authorities of any Power within the jurisdiction of which he may be found."

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The world has refused to admit this, and rendered its judgment in the action that won the war. It was the revolt of humanity against the position of Germany that led to Germany's defeat."

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Mr. Underwood followed, and declared that the Conference must now express what it stands for, adding: "If we are here only for a temporary armistice; if we are only temporarily tired of war; if we agree to fly the white flag for a few years until we grow strong enough for war again, let us adjourn now, and let the horrors of the next war teach statesmen the lesson which is necessary so that civilisation may progress towards the ideal of permanent peace. If we are here only to save dollars and shillings for a few years, we had better adjourn."

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SYDNEY, Saturday.

The new Federal Constitution of the Labour Party includes among its aims the passage of legislation to protect Australian shipping against unfair competition.

With regard to military matters, the Party demands that compulsory naval and military service shall be abolished; that no forces shall be raised to serve outside Australia, and that the Commonwealth shall take no part in overseas wars except by decision of the people.—(Reuter.)

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This decision should materially assist the sale of Australian meat on the Continent.—(Reuter.)

SUBMARINE PIRACY.

PROTECTION OF COMMERCE.

DISCUSSIONS AT WASHINGTON.

The Naval Committee of the Washington Conference for the Limitation of Armaments is engaged on a preliminary discussion of Senator Root's proposals that the nine Powers represented on the Conference should enter into an agreement by which submarines would be forbidden to attack merchant vessels and would be obliged to conform to the provisions of international law.

If the Powers enter into Senator Root's proposed Convention, any person, whether acting under his Government's orders or not, who violates the provisions of the agreement shall be liable to be tried and punished as a pirate.

Although France has negatived the limited tonnage ideal, the adoption of Senator Root's proposals will more than justify the belief that the Powers' representatives are seeking at least to remove the worst features of modern war, for it is only as destroyers of commerce that the submarine has ever achieved success.

These resolutions have to be submitted to a plenary session of the full Conference.

HUMANE PROPOSALS.

TEXT OF AMERICAN RESOLUTIONS.

WASHINGTON, Thursday.

The Naval Committee of the Washington Conference resumed its discussion on Senator Root's resolutions to limit the operations of submarines in accordance with international law.

The full text of the resolutions is as follows:

"The signatory Powers, desiring to make more effective the restraining influence of civilised nations for the protection of the lives of neutral and non-combatants at sea in time of war, declare that any person in the service of any nation to be deemed an established part of international law:—

"(1) That a merchant vessel must be ordered to stop for the visit of a search party to determine its character before it can be captured. A merchant vessel must not be attacked unless it refuses to stop for the visit of a search after warning being given. A merchant vessel must not be destroyed unless the crew and passengers have been placed in safety.

"(2) Belligerent submarines are not under any circumstances exempt from the universal rules above stated, and if a submarine cannot capture a merchant vessel in conformity with these rules, the existing law of nations requires it to desist from attack and from capture, and to permit the merchant vessel to proceed unmolested.

"The signatory Powers invite the adherence of all other civilised Powers to the foregoing statement of established law to the end that there may be a clear public understanding throughout the world of the standards of conduct by which the public opinion of the world is to pass judgment upon future belligerents."

OFFENDERS TO BE TRIED.

"The signatory Powers recognise the practical impossibility of using submarines as commerce destroyers without violating the requirements universally accepted by civilised nations for the protection of the lives of neutrals and non-combatants, and to the end that prohibition of the use submarines as commerce destroyers shall be universally observed by all nations, they declare their assent to such prohibition, and invite all other nations to adhere thereto.

"The signatory Powers, desiring to ensure the enforcement of the humane rules declared by them with respect to the prohibition of the use of submarines in warfare, further declare that any persons in the service of any Powers adopting abuse, who shall violate any of the rules thus adopted, whether or not such person is under the orders of the governmental superior, shall be deemed to have violated the laws of war, and shall be liable to trial and punishment, as if for an act of piracy, and may be brought to trial before the civil or military authorities of any Power within the jurisdiction of which he may be found."

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EUROPE'S ECONOMICS.

SEEKING A RECONSTRUCTION SCHEME.

PARIS, Friday.

M. Loucheur presided at a meeting of the Industrial and Economic Conference at the Quai d'Orsay to-day. This Conference is preliminary to the Cannes Conference. Great Britain, France, Italy, and Belgium are represented at it.

There was an informal meeting of the British and French delegates previously to consider some modifications made in the British Memorandum since it was last before the French Government.

This Memorandum deals with the prospects of the industrial revival of Europe as a whole, and more particularly of Central and Eastern Europe. It is felt that the obstacles in the way of industrial reconstruction cannot be overcome by individual effort, either of companies or of States, and the Conference is to discuss what forms of co-operation would be most effective.

ITALIAN DELEGATION.

The Rome newspapers state that Signor Bonomi, the Prime Minister, will attend the forthcoming International Conference at Cannes. He will leave Rome on Tuesday, and will be accompanied by the Foreign and Finance Ministers and experts.

AIR FORCE APPOINTMENTS.

Squadron Leader J. C. Quinnell, D.F.C., from No. 3 Flying Training School (Inland Area) to School of Naval Co-operation and Aerial Navigation (Coastal Area).

Flight Lieut. G. H. Hooper, M.C., D.F.C., from No. 207 Squadron (Inland Area) to School of Naval Co-operation and Aerial Navigation (Coastal Area).

WOULD-BE SUICIDE MURDERED.

CHAUMONT, Friday.

M. Caisnus, a man who had shown a suicidal tendency for some time, cut his throat with a razor last Friday, but only injured himself. This morning his son-in-law shot him through the heart with his revolver, giving as an excuse for his crime that he was tired of looking after the old man.—(Reuter.)

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AMBUSHED MAIL CAR.

DRIVER & COMPANION BLINDFOLDED.

The motor mail car which runs between Castlerea and Glenamaddy was robbed yesterday by armed men, who cut open the mail bags and searched the letters.

The only occupants of the car were the driver and a woman passenger. When they were passing through a small wood at Harristown after mid-day four men, armed with revolvers, stopped the car and, having blindfolded its two occupants, took the mail bags and opened a number of the letters.

After the raiders had left, the driver gathered up the letters with great difficulty, as the gale had blown them all over the road. He drove to Ballymoe Post Office, where he reported the outrage.

The car carried mails for Ballymoe, Ballintubber, Williamstown, and Glenamaddy, and it is not yet known whether the robbers seized any of the letters.

It is believed that they were looking for old age pensions money, but none appears to have been carried by the mail van.

GUN IN A MOTOR CAR.

NIGHT SCENE IN DERRY.

Four of five men, who were charged at Derry with having assisted prisoners to try to escape from the local jail on December 2, were discharged by Mr. Sparrow, R.M. The fifth man, Joseph McGuinness, was sent for trial. The men who were set at liberty were Joseph Lavery, James Campbell, William O'Kane, and John Gallaghan.

The principal evidence for the Crown was a statement which O'Kane was said to have made to Detective McDonagh. He drove one of three cars which were engaged at a garage on the night of December 1. As he was leaving the garage a man, who entered the car, presented a revolver at him, and made him drive out to the Letterkenny road. Here he was detained, and ordered to put out the lights. After a period he was instructed to drive along the Foyle road, and, acting on instructions, he turned the car at the Great Northern Railway Goods Store. He was then ordered home, and left the car.

Constable Gallagan, who drove the second car which left the garage, made a similar statement.

Constable Rainey, who was on duty at Foyle road on that night, says two men ran away when he approached. They were joined by two or three other men. Three motor cars, in one of which was a double-barrelled gun, were found at the place from which the men had run. Constable Hall remained in charge of the cars, and after a time McGuinness came along, and said that he was the owner and driver of one of the cars, and that when he reached the Foyle road a man had stopped him.

Evidence was afterwards given of the arrest of the other prisoners.

NO ARREST YET.

HUNT FOR BOURNEMOUTH MURDERER.

The police are still without any trustworthy information about the man who murdered Miss Irene Wilkins at Bournemouth on the 22nd inst.

Their inquiries have had the following results:—Miss Wilkins was decoyed to Bournemouth, she entered a motor car, said to be a six-cylinder Sunbeam, and was not seen again until her mutilated body was found in a field on the south side of the Ringwood road.

The owner of the Sunbeam car that was discovered in a Bournemouth garage on Thursday night has not been traced.

The police believe that the murderer is in hiding, and yesterday a notice was issued that anybody who knowingly shielded him would be liable to be charged as an accessory after the fact.

RUNAWAY POLICE CAR.

FOUR SOLDIERS INJURED.

At a late hour last night a small motor car, carrying two Special constables, who were returning from the Hippodrome in Belfast to their station in the R.I.C. buildings in Albert Bridge road, failed to turn the corner at Cromac square.

It dashed into a picket of soldiers who were on guard duty, and four of them were injured. A lamp post was broken, and the car was damaged.

DR. FARRAR DEAD.

TYPHUS CONTRACTED IN RUSSIA

The Ministry of Health has received news of the death of Dr. Reginald Farrar, which took place on Thursday at Moscow, whither he had gone to assist Dr. Nansen in organising arrangements for famine relief in Russia, under the auspices of the League of Nations and the League of Red Cross Societies.

His fatal illness is believed to have been typhus, contracted in the course of duty undertaken in the cause of humanity. Dr. Farrar, who was 60, was the son of the late Dean Farrar.

He served under the Indian Government on plague and famine work, was appointed in 1903 a medical inspector of the Local Government Board, and for eight years later acted as British representative on the International Plague Commission in Manchuria.

During the war he was engaged in the examination of refugees in Belgium until the Germans entered Ostend, and served as a specialist sanitary officer at Malta. In 1920 he visited Austria and Hungary in connection with the reception into England of children from famine areas.

SHOTS IN CORK.

CHASE THROUGH THE STREETS.

At the Cork Police Court yesterday, George Burke, Bandon road, Cork, was charged with having fired at William Keating and Constable Stanley Finch, R.I.C.

At a previous hearing it was stated that men were brawling, and when I.R.A. police appeared they took to flight. The I.R.A. men started in pursuit, and were joined by an R.I.C. patrol. A civilian caught the accused, and Burke took Burke into custody. The civilian remarked, "I have found it," and showed the police a revolver containing four live and two empty cartridges.

The accused refused to recognise the authority of the Court. He said that he only let off a shot to frighten the civilians who were following him. They did not find a gun on him, as he was "fly" enough to throw it away.

Captain Hall, District Inspector, said that for obvious reasons the persons who caught the accused would not give evidence in that Court.

The accused was returned for trial.

ULSTER SELECTIVE COMMITTEE.

Owing to his many public duties, the Right Hon. H. M. Pollock, M.P., has been obliged to resign the chairmanship of the Ulster Selective Committee, an office which he has filled with success since the year 1916. To him very largely is due the inauguration of the Government Instructional Factory which is now in operation in Belfast. This was opened some months ago by Viscount French.

Mr. H. L. Garrett, the vice-chairman, has been appointed to succeed Mr. Pollock.

NEW GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

The King has been pleased to approve the appointment of the Earl of Lytton to be Governor of Bengal, in succession to the Earl of Ronaldshay, G.C.I.E., who will vacate the office of Governor in March, 1922.

FEWER UNEMPLOYED.

The Ministry of Labour's weekly return puts the number of those wholly unemployed on December 26 at 1,814,500, a decrease of 9,397 compared with the previous week.

KARELIA'S WELL-WISHERS.

HELSINGFORS, Friday.

The Premier, replying to a Socialist interpellation on East Karelia to-day in the Finnish Parliament, said that Parliament sympathised with the aspirations for liberty of the Karelians. Russia has done nothing to carry out her peace obligations in East Karelia. The military and civil guards were not implicated in the Karelian rising, and the Government and frontier authorities had been instructed to observe an attitude of strict neutrality.—(Reuter.)

FROM TO-DAY'S LONDON PAPERS.

1921.

HOPE FOR THE FUTURE.

"THE TIMES" OF TO-DAY SAYS:—

In spite of many disappointments, we ought not to be as men without hope. We can not only say that some of the worst fears for 1921 were not realised, but also that "the next war" has been almost demonstrably postponed to an undetermined future. If we can speak on behalf of the English race, we have no other desire than to see the pacification of the world completed, the rights of all peoples respected, and the burdens of debt, the restrictions on trade, commerce, and industry removed.

We are under no illusion as to what can be effected by hastily convened conferences after others as hastily dismissed, but the crowded necessities of the times point to no other way of getting things done. To enable our leading representatives to bear that personal share to which their credentials entitle them in the reconstruction of the world we have acquiesced at home in many departures from our historic traditions of self-government; but, having deliberately commissioned them to consult the needs of a distracted age, it would be illogical were we not to trust our men at the wheel. And that being so, we have a right to ask others also to believe the best of them.

FRENCH POSITION.

AMERICA BEWILDERED.

The Special Correspondent of *The Times*, lately at Washington, cabling from New York describes the deplorable effect on American public opinion of the French demand for a large army of submarines and auxiliary craft. Both Great Britain and France would have gained enormously if they had been able to present a united front at Washington; but the controversies on submarines, to which M. Briand found their echo in the American capital, and explain to a certain extent the unwise tactics displayed at the Conference.

The spectacle of dissension between the two great European Allies has shocked American opinion, which, if the Conference had been a complete success, might have been stimulated to take a more active interest in European affairs. It is not yet too late to remedy the evil wrought, and from this point of view the forthcoming meeting of the Supreme Council at Cannes is of the highest importance. There once more an opportunity will be given to bridge, by a wise and generous policy, a gulf which, since it is now no longer possible to conceal it, presents a serious danger to the peace of the world.

SOCIALISM AND ANARCHY.

THE LISBON EXPLOSION.

The Special Correspondent of *The Times* at Lisbon writes:—The circumstances attending the bomb explosion mentioned in my tel

views regarding the ratification of the peace terms.

Rray and Blackrock Urban Councils will hold special meetings to-night and on Monday night respectively for the purpose of passing resolutions concerning the Peace Treaty.

THE ALTERNATIVE SCHEME.

It was officially stated yesterday on behalf of Mr. de Valera that there is no truth in the statement published through the medium of a news agency that he had decided not to proceed with the alternative scheme which he intends to submit to Dail Eireann in lieu of the non-ratification of the Peace Treaty.

[The report above referred to was not printed in the *Irish Times*.]

DUBLIN CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

RATIFICATION URGED.

A special meeting of the Council of the Dublin Chamber of Commerce was held yesterday. Present:—Right Hon. Andrew Jameson, P.C., D.L., President (in the chair); William Hewat, Vice-Presidents; James Shanks, J.P., Deputy Vice-Presidents; E. H. Andrews, D.L.; R. W. Booth, J.P.; Sir Maurice Dockrell, D.L., M.P.; William Findlater, M.A.; John Good, D.L., J.P.; John Holloway, George N. Jacob, J.P.; Patrick Leonard, J.P.; S. W. Maddock, D.L., J.P.; Henry J. Millar, Laurence W. Marfin, Sir James C. Percy, D.L., J.P.; William Wallace, J.P.; John D. Wallis, and Alderman J. Hubbard Clark, J.P., High Sheriff.

Apologies for absence were received from:—David Barry, O.B.E.; William Crowe, Right Hon. Sir William J. Goulding, Bart., P.C., D.L.; W. Lombard Murphy, M.B.; Right Hon. Sir Horace C. Plunkett, P.C., K.C.V.O., D.L., and Laurence G. Cuffe.

The following resolution was passed unanimously:—

"The Council of the Dublin Chamber of Commerce, realising the extreme gravity of the issues now awaiting decision by the responsible representatives of the Irish people, and the acute anxiety prevailing in the country lest a conflict of opinion amongst the representatives may defeat the hopes of peace, cannot maintain silence in a situation so pregnant with danger to the vital interests of the whole community.

"The Council also recognises its obligation to the great business community which looks to it for a frank and emphatic declaration to all concerned that a recurrence of the disastrous conditions which threatened to overturn the whole structure of the country's industry and trade would bring ruin to its prospects of national progress.

"The Council, therefore, declares that rejection of the Peace Treaty, and a return to chaos and civil war, with its untold miseries, as an alternative to acceptance, is unthinkable. The Council further records its opinion that the reconstruction of Ireland by her own people is made possible by the terms of the Treaty, and most earnestly hopes that the body of Irishmen entrusted with its fate will secure its final ratification."

The Secretary was directed to send copies of the resolution to the Press, to Mr. de Valera, Mr. Arthur Griffith, and the Speaker of Dail Eireann.

NORTH MAYO'S VOICE.

MOST REV. DR. NAUGHTON'S VIEWS.

Our Ballina Correspondent telegraphs that by direction of Most Rev. Dr. Naughton meetings will be held in every parish in the diocese on Sunday to ascertain the views of the people on the Treaty.

Writing to the Very Rev. W. J. Greaney, Adm., V.F., Ballina, the Bishop states:—"I would appear from reports in the Press that in the event of the Treaty's being rejected by Dail Eireann there would be no appeal to the country. From what I know of the feeling in this district and throughout the diocese generally, I am certain that the people are practically unanimous in their desire to accept the present offer of freedom from English control of our country, and if it were to be rejected even by our representatives, I believe one of the cruellest wrongs for the past 100 years would be inflicted upon us.

"The will of the people is the final court of appeal, and must prevail over the individual opinion of our elected representatives. I sincerely hope, though, when the time arrives for the final decision of Dail Eireann, that our prayers will secure a united vote that will bring peace and happiness to our beloved country."

Rathduff and Rehins Sinn Fein Clubs have passed resolutions calling on the North Mayo members—Dr. Crowley and Mr. Rutledge—to vote for ratification.

MEATH COUNTY COUNCIL

FOR THE TREATY.

At a specially convened meeting of the Meath County Council at Navan yesterday, the Chair, he said, thought that it was only right to give the representatives of the people of Meath an opportunity of expressing their opinion upon the Peace Treaty, as one of their representatives was Mr. Duggan, who was one of the plenipotentiaries.

His view was that, everything considered, they had no alternative but to accept.

He did not say that he was quite satisfied with the Treaty. There were many things in it which were not at all satisfactory. He had an opportunity of finding out the attitude and feelings of people, not only in Meath, but in different parts of the country, and the unanimous opinion was that the Treaty should be ratified. He had always been a Republican, and would always remain one, and he contended that the realisation of his ideas and the ideals of the Irish people would be more easily obtained by the adoption of the Treaty. He considered it to be a very big stepping stone towards the realisation of a Republican Government in the country.

Mr. O'Dwyer, Vice-Chairman, proposed:—

"That we, the Meath County Council, call on the Dail to ratify the Treaty. We believe that it has secured the essence of freedom. We see no alternative to it but chaos and disunion, which would be fatal to the best interests of our country for the present generation. We endorse the action of Mr. Duggan, our able representative, and assure him of our gratitude for the manner in which he acted all through the trying and difficult negotiations in London. Voicing the views of 99 per cent. of the electors of Meath, we call on Mr. McKenna (and other representatives) to support and vote for the Treaty. By doing so, he will be only carrying out the wishes of his constituents."

A WORD TO MR. DE VALERA.

Mr. O'Dwyer said that he had nothing to say against Mr. de Valera or those who were acting with him, but he hoped that Mr. de Valera would do the right thing when it came to a finish—that he would act in accordance with the wishes of the people, and eventually support the Treaty. He hoped that he would abide by the decision of the Dail if he was defeated, and still remain in the Government.

Mr. O'Farrell seconded. He said that he was sure no one, whether for or against the Treaty, would regard it as either final or binding upon the Irish people, having regard to the circumstances in which their plenipotentiaries signed it—a treaty of peace with a declaration of war over their heads. It was not, he added, a national settlement in the true sense of the word, but at the same time if it did not give them perfect freedom it placed in their hands the means to attain that perfect freedom in the time to come. He thought that they could look forward to the future with perfect confidence.

AN AMENDMENT.

NO ACTION SUGGESTED.

Mr. D. Hall proposed that the Council take no action, but leave this matter of national interest in the hands of the political representatives of the Irish nation. They were there, he added, as the representatives of the people in local government matters, and not as the political representatives of the people. He was not declaring himself for or opposed to the Treaty, but they had elected men who were thoroughly well equipped with brains and intelligence to work out the destinies of the nation. They (the Council) were not politicians, and had no right to interfere.

Mr. Kine seconded. He said that he would give no dictation from the daily Press of Ireland, nor would he dictate to the Dail what to do. He heard a good deal about the pros and points of the Treaty, but nothing about the bad points.

Mr. Larkan, Mr. Morgan, and other members spoke for the ratification.

Mr. Grimley supported the amendment.

After further debate, the members voted for the resolution to ratify the Treaty and four members voted for the amendment.

The resolution was accordingly carried.

CORK CORPORATION.

DISSENTIENT NOTE.

At a special meeting of the Cork Corporation yesterday afternoon, under the chairmanship of the Lord Mayor (Councillor D. O'Callaghan), reference was made to the Irish Peace Treaty.

The Secretary (Mr. W. Hegarty) announced that he had received two letters, one from Alderman De Roiste and the other from Alderman J. J. Walsh. The letters stated that they were bound to refrain from political controversy during the recess.

Mr. Sean Nolan said that he did not see the necessity for these gentlemen to send such apologies, as neither of them had attended half a dozen meetings during the past twelve months. The Lord Mayor—Perhaps it would be well if I would explain, as those letters have dropped up, that any guarantee or undertaking of any kind made or entered into does not prevent me from continuing to discharge my duties in the Corporation to the best of my ability, as I have always done. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. M. J. O'Riordan asked if any reference was to be made to the Irish Peace Treaty, as had been done by other public bodies throughout the country. Would it not be a fit and proper time for the Corporation to enter into the question in a peaceful manner, and to make a peaceful move in connection with it by expressing its opinion on the Treaty?

A HARMONIC NOTE.

Mr. J. French—There is a claim on the Lord Mayor's privilege in connection with the matter.

Mr. M. J. O'Riordan said that under those circumstances he would give way. He was only striking a harmonic note, as he was most anxious for harmony.

Mr. J. Good said that he intended to move a resolution that he was sure would commend itself to the whole Council. To his mind there was too much being said on the subject. He moved—That we, the members of the Corporation of Cork, believe the time opportune to reaffirm our allegiance to Dail Eireann, and express our confidence in the members of An Dail to bring the present crisis to a successful issue. We ask the people of Cork to keep cool and continue to give their utmost support to An Dail. We also assert that in the present national crisis it is unwise to give expression to divergent opinions which will tend to divide the country and ruin the Republican cause."

Mr. Thomas Daly seconded.

Mr. Mulligan suggested that they substitute for the words "Republican cause" the words "Irish cause."

This the proposer refused to accept.

The resolution was carried, Sir John Scott, City High Sheriff, dissenting.

BANTRY'S PROTEST.

A special meeting of the Bantry Board of Guardians and District Council was held yesterday in the Boardroom, Bantry House, at which the Chairman, Mr. Sean Downing, presided.

The following resolution was proposed by Mr. Ross, seconded by Mr. O'Sullivan, supported by the other members, and passed unanimously:—

"That members present express their strong dissatisfaction with the action of Mr. Sean Hayes in stating to the Dail meeting that he would support ratification of the Treaty—a Treaty that did not by any means commend itself to them. Resolved, that we, the members of the Bantry Board of Guardians and Rural District Council, are unanimous in expressing our disapproval of the Treaty arrived at between the representatives of our nation and the representatives of England. We consider that it would be an unpardonable breach of faith to the people whom we represent, who elected us to this body on a purely Republican basis, to at this critical moment swerve from the course for which we were elected. Furthermore, we are of opinion that, as the elected representatives of the people, we should have been consulted by our T.D., Sean Hayes, in order to ascertain our views on the present situation before he could be in a position to make the statements which he has made at the Dail meeting, thereby publicly committing his constituents as a whole to a policy which in our opinion is an unfair reflection on their qualities as Republicans, and we wish to point on that our T.D. has not visited his constituents since the Treaty has been signed, and, therefore, he could not be in a position to either

RAILWAY PEACE.

WORKING TOWARDS SETTLEMENT.

There was no further development yesterday in the matter of the threatened strike on the Irish railways.

Meetings of the general managers of the railway companies, of the Irish Council of the National Union of Railwaymen, and of the other trades unions concerned, were held yesterday. There were also conferences of representatives of the several interests with the Labour Ministry of Dail Eireann. Between now and January 15 it is hoped that the parties will have arrived at a settlement as to the hours of labour, and that there will be no strike.

The Irish Council of the N.U.R. held a prolonged sitting yesterday. It was the fourth meeting since Tuesday, and Mr. Gore, representing the National Executive, was in attendance.

Mr. Bermingham, Irish Secretary of the National Union of Railwaymen, stated, at the close of the sitting of the Council, that the position was exactly similar to what it was on Thursday night. "So far as we know," he said, "there will be no trouble on our railways for the next fortnight."

He added that they were making preparations for the Conference that was being arranged by Dail Eireann between the parties, which they hoped would take place some day next week. They had advised their members to regard the affair with all due respect, for all their interests were centred in the present situation. That situation was being carefully and judiciously watched by those who were responsible to the employés.

RAILWAY EMPLOYES.

INCREASED BY 5,684 SINCE 1913.

A return has been issued showing that on the 19th of last March the number of persons employed on all the Irish railways was 30,511. Of these 28,314 were adult males, 999 adult females, 1,107 junior males, and 31 junior females.

The total number of employés on all the Irish railways in December, 1913, was 24,827. This return shows that there has been an increase of 5,684 employés.

The following are the totals on the respective lines:—Belfast and Co. Down, 1,187; Cork, Bandon, and South Coast, 650; Co. Donegal Railway Joint Committee, 339; Dublin and South-Eastern, 1,877; Great Northern (Ireland), 6,969; Great Southern and Western, 10,194; Londonderry and Lough Swilly, 381; Midland Great Western, 1,853; Midland Northern Committee, 2,765; Irish Railway Clearing House, 169; and other companies, 1,987.

THE CARRIGAN AWARD.

The terms of the award of the Chairman of the Irish Railways Tribunal, Mr. W. Carrigan, respecting the wages of Irish railway employés are now available. The companies, as already announced, have agreed to postpone for a fortnight the operations both of this award and the earlier one on conditions and hours. They were to have come into force from to-morrow. The wages award, which was officially issued a few days ago, has been received in London.

It should be explained that the Irish railwaymen have already suffered reductions ranging from 4s. to 20s. per week, but mostly of 5s. The present rates, which allow for those reductions, are to remain in force until the new award comes into operation. Under the award the existing rates of pay are to be subject to the same fluctuations as in Great Britain, in accordance with the cost of living sliding scale, and are to be revised and reduced periodically when the standard rates set out in the award are reached. The new "stop" rates in a number of grades have been made to the average.

The following are representative figures for grade or Class 1 men:—

	Present Rates.	New Standard Rate.	Old Standard Rate.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Porters	51 0	42 0	38 0
Parcel porters	54 0	44 0	39 0
Ticket collectors	54 0	46 0	40 0
Shunters	64 0	59 0	59 0
Station foremen	64 0	55 0	55 0
Signalmen	66 6	57 0	57 0
GOODS GRADES			
Porters	54 6	45 0	39 0
Carters	51 6	43 0	35 0

The new standard rates for passenger and goods guards are from 50s. to 56s. for drivers from 66s. to 80s., for firemen from 50s. to 62s., and cleaners 24s. to 42s.

DUBLIN AND THE PROVINCES.

NEWS FROM ALL PARTS

ENGINEERS' SMOKING CONCERT.—The annual smoking concert of the Engineering and Scientific Association of Ireland was held at the Central Hotel, Dublin, last night. There was a large attendance, and, through the kindness of the Hon. Sec., Mr. A. E. Forte, M.I.E.E., and Mr. F. W. Parkes, A.M.I.E.E., everything was carried out in first-rate style. The President, Mr. G. Marshall Harries, was in the chair. Songs were sung by Messrs. O'Kelly, Vine (Vice-President), Knight, De Vere, Sanderson, A. McCullum, W. Clarke, N. Kelly, H. Shellard, F. W. Sullivan; flute solo, W. Rathborne; 'cello solo, A. Preston; quartette, A. Panton Watkinson and friends. Messrs. J. Reid and H. Shellard proved satisfactory accompanists.

R.D.S. JUVENILE LECTURES.—There was again a large attendance to-day to shut the Lecture Theatre of the Royal Dublin Society yesterday afternoon, when the third of a course of six lectures suitable to young children was delivered by Mr. F. W. Warwick, who took as his subject "A Visit to a Steel Works." The lecture was illustrated by a cinematograph film. Mr. Warwick traced the process from the manufacture of pig iron to the production of steel, showing the steel furnaces at work; sampling of the molten metal, tapping and pouring of the molten metal, moulding and casting of the ingots, forging, and machining operations.

LEINSTER.

FARM STRIKE SETTLED.—Farm labourers in South County Wexford, who have been on strike for six weeks, have returned to work on the understanding that wages shall be reduced by 2s. 6d. a week, "until such time as the Government takes what steps it may consider necessary to settle or amend the scale of wages referred to in the Agricultural Wages Board Order, 1921." All work is to be resumed forthwith, and stolen farm implements are to be returned to their owners. During the strike cattle-driving on an extensive scale and several burnings of farm produce took place.

MUNSTER

MALICIOUS INJURY AWARDS.—Further awards made in Nenagh Quarter Sessions yesterday were:—Mrs. M. A. Gill, Nenagh, printing establishment burned in November, 1920, £1,750; Patrick Ryan, Kilcommon, house damaged, £40; Constable Lane, Newtown, wounded, £350; George Hayes, Pinnoe, injuries to mare, £55; Parker-Hutchinson, Castlelough, implements stolen, £38; National Bank, Nenagh, £25, window glass damaged by shots.

Furs valued at £800 were burgled from the shop of Miss McGuinness, Dawson street, Dublin, on Thursday night.

A collection for the Dublin Hospital Sunday Fund made in the Jewish Synagogue, Adelaide road, Dublin, realised £82 6s. 6d.

Damage estimated at £8,000 has been caused by the destruction by fire of Mr. P. Donovan's ship broking stores, Wexford.

Mr. H. Roche was fined £5 by Mr. Cooper in Dublin yesterday for having driven motor cars and cycles without having taken out the Excise licence.

Michael Doyle, tram car driver, who was charged with having caused the death of Michael Whelan, a cab driver, was remanded till Wednesday in the Dublin Police Court yesterday. The tram car collided with Whelan's cab on Christmas Eve in Clanbrassil street, and he received injuries which resulted in his death at the Meath Hospital on Monday.

SUNDAY CONCERT.

At to-morrow's concert in Le Scala Theatre, in aid of the Mater Misericordiæ Hospital, Mr. Norman Williams (baritone) will sing, among other items, "Hear me, ye winds and waves" (Handel), "I'm wearin' awa', Jean," and "Love me if I live" (Foote). Miss Eileen Gunning (soprano) will also appear. The programme, which the Dublin Symphony Orchestra, under Mr. Vincent O'Brien, will render will include H. H. Cowen's suite, "The language of flowers," the overture to "Maritana," and Beethoven's Symphony "No. 2, Op. 36." Miss Lucy Leonane will again preside at the piano.

U.S. ADVERTISEMENT SHIP.

United States manufacturers will shortly send the steamer St. Louis on a world-wide advertising cruise. It will carry samples of American manufactures. At the suggestion of Sinn Fein Consul in America, the St. Louis will visit an Irish port about the month of December 1922.

CLERICAL CLASS (GIRLS).

Exam. Annual for 22nd April; Age limits, 16&17.

Special Classes for above Open Competitive Civil Service Exam. will commence at SKERRY'S COLLEGE, 76 Stephen's Green, Dublin, on Monday, 2nd January.—(Advt.)

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

IRISH PEACE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—The Dail has acted very wisely in postponing its decision to ratify or reject the Treaty until after Christmas. Such an important decision should only be arrived at after full and mature consideration. The sincerity and ability of the speeches delivered are remarkable, indicating how desirable it is for as many members as possible to express their opinion. Some points, however, on reading the speeches and the correspondence in the newspapers, appear worthy of notice. The important victory which has been won by the Sinn Fein Party does not appear to have been fully recognised. Great and gifted Irish leaders have spent their lives in unsuccessful attempts to free Ireland, but the time and the opportunity had not yet arrived. A free and independent Ireland, with the right to manage her own affairs, to impose her own taxes, to levy her own Customs, to raise her own army, etc., has been recognised by the British Parliament. The rights of self-government are so many and important, the restrictions are so few and unimportant, that indeed it can truly be said that no similar offer has ever been made to the Irish people.

It is difficult for those who have lost their nearest and dearest, and for many others who have suffered from the intolerable misgovernment of Ireland during the past years, to accept any settlement; and, on the other hand, those who for their country did not hesitate, so they who live have to consider, above and beyond their own feelings, the welfare of their country. The main point to be considered is whether this is to be an Irish Republic or not. There may be some advantages in a Republic, but there are also many disadvantages. Sir John Scott, of the British Government will agree to permit the establishment of a Republic; in fact, they refused to discuss it in the negotiations. If there is not to be an Irish Republic, the form of the oath and the other points raised are of no intrinsic importance. They only delay a settlement acceptable to the vast majority of Irish people in Ireland and elsewhere.

A part of Ulster has been excluded. This is unsatisfactory, but was inevitable under all the circumstances. It will, however, be only temporary. Once the Irish settlement is effected, the so-called Northern Ireland will come in, after a short period of time. The British Government offers to Ireland what has never been offered before—that she should enter the British Commonwealth of Nations as an independent equal. The alternative is war, many lives sacrificed, our unhappy country devastated and wrecked, and the inevitable result must be ultimate defeat. England desires peace and the establishment of permanent friendly relations and co-operation with the Irish people. Ireland requires peace in order that she may, at long last, become a happy and prosperous nation. The members of the Dail and their supporters who hesitate to accept the Treaty ought to make one more sacrifice for their country by agreeing to its ratification, even if it does not completely fulfil all their hopes. Let the dead bury their dead. Let Irishmen and Irishwomen, now, and for all time, "forget and forgive."—Yours, etc.,

HEMPHILL.

44, Fitzwilliam place, Dublin,
December 30th, 1921.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—True to their nature and history, Southern Ireland to-day argues over ideals, while the Northern Parliament quarrels about salaries. Ye gods, what a nation if mortal man could blend them! Hitherto political Press and platform have cannonaded them apart. The Churches lent their aid: religion is an exclusive thing, consisting largely of theories, vigorously expressed, regarding the eternal destiny of those who differ from us in creed. O, great city, with your mighty ocean highway, flanked on one side by the "glorious face of the mayor" crowning the Cavehill; on the other by the wooded slopes and lordly mansions of Down, home of toil and traffic, of enterprise and industry! Around you the purple hills lie softly undulating, for the glaciers of long ago have smoothed every rugged edge, and sweet stretches of misty bogland lie in the silent hollows. What mighty upheaval will yet touch the man and the woman in your streets! Cliff and chasm will disappear; hatred and bitterness will die, and the sunlight of love will gladden the little lives (of men—Yours, etc.,

"EX-U.V.F."

Belfast, December 30th, 1921.

THE DANGERS OF DELAY.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—There are the most urgent reasons—not yet mentioned, so far as I know, either by members of the Dail or by any of your correspondents—for quick decisions and vigorous and decisive action, either upon the basis of the Treaty or upon some other basis. There is overwhelming evidence that the abnormal wave of high prices and prosperity in Ireland has receded rapidly within the last few months. There are strong reasons to believe that we are now quickly approaching the trough of that wave, and that it will be very deep, indeed. For several years I have had to study and endeavour to anticipate the rise and fall of unemployment. My considered opinion is that unemployment will reach an unprecedented point in "Southern" Ireland within the next few months.

Immediately relevant to this anticipation is the fact that the habits and instruments of violence exist in an altogether unprecedented measure. Hungry men, with half-clothed and starving dependents—may have to be reckoned with. They will not argue. There is nobody for them to argue with. Taking the most optimistic view, and assuming that a strongly supported Provisional Government is appointed within a few weeks, it will require at least a year for that Government to hammer out the details of the new Constitution, create and man its administrative departments, and become effective.

What is to happen during that vital twelve months? Already the officials who represent the Treasury in Ireland have begun to shut down every form of avoidable expenditure. Having "saved" at least £20,000,000 (the Irish share of housing and unemployment grants), and the Treasury representatives have now apparently decided to close down every form of expenditure which might ease the unemployment problem. Schemes under the various Housing Acts all over the country have already been abandoned.

Surely, sir, the first duty of any Government, or of any responsible representative assembly, is to make provision against immediate economic break-down and social chaos. At the moment the mass of our citizens are between the nether millstone of Dail Castle and the upper millstone of the Dail. Within twelve months the grinding process will probably be complete. What then?—Yours, etc.,

E. A. ASTON.

66, Middle Abbey street, Dublin,
December 30th, 1921.

MOTOR TAXES.

SIR,—Referring to what appeared in your paper to-day, I should like to make some addition to what I stated at the interview with your representative. I understood his inquiry to relate only to the application of the monies paid or payable for motor taxes for this year now ending. In regard to motor taxes in future in this country I, personally, have no intention of paying them—and I think that probably this will be the decision of all Irish motorists—until the matter has been considered by the new Irish Government, which, I am sure, we may expect will consider the question equitably and justly.

It is, of course, realised by every motorist that the system of taxation hitherto adopted by the British Government is absurd in its unsuitability and a great hardship on all owners of large-bore engines. Motorists do not object to contributing their fair proportion of cost of upkeep of roads, and this should be estimated by their use of the roads (*i.e.*, by the amount of petrol consumed), and not by the fact that the engines of their cars have a large bore and short stroke, or *vice versa*.—Yours, etc.,

E. WHITE.

Royal Irish Automobile Club, Dawson street, Dublin, December 30th, 1921.

THE DUBLIN AND SOUTH-EASTERN RAILWAY.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—The letters in your columns in regard to the efforts of the Dublin and South-Eastern Railway Company to minimise the inconvenience the travelling public are quite timely and to the point. Permit me to suggest that this question of increasing the cost of season and ordinary tickets, either by direct or indirect methods, is one in which the local public bodies should immediately bestir themselves and take strong action with a view to inducing the company to modify their attitude. The Bray, Rathmines, Dun Laoghaire, and Blackrock Urban Councils, and, perhaps, the Dublin Chamber of Commerce, could, I am sure, prove of material assistance if they took the matter up.—Yours, etc.,

"PENALISED."

Bray, December 30th, 1921.

OBITUARY.

MR. CLAUDE SHEPPERSON.

Mr. Claude Shepperson, A.R.A., the distinguished black and white artist, died yesterday. He had been suffering from pneumonia, and septic poisoning set in. Mr. Shepperson had been a regular contributor since 1905 to *Punch*, where his graceful drawings were highly appreciated. He was a frequent exhibitor at the Royal Academy, and was elected an Associate in 1919. He was 54 years of age.

ROSSE COLLEGE, STEPHEN'S GREEN.

Successes since Jan. 1, 1921—Guinness' First Class Clerkships (2); the appointments (6) in Bank of Ireland—Male Clerkships, 18 appointments (with 1st place at July Exam.); Lady Clerkships, 7 appointments (with 1st place). Other Irish Banks—27 appointments.—(Advt.)

SERVICES AND ANTHEMS.

WATCH NIGHT & NEW YEAR'S SERVICES.

St. Patrick's Cathedral.—8, Holy Communion. 11.15, Matins. Special Psalms, 90, 121, 124. Litany. Nicene Creed. Anthem, "Hear my prayer, O God" (Mendelssohn). Preacher, Rev. Canon Bernard. 3.30, Evensong. Special Psalms, 96, 98, 100. Anthem, "Behold, I bring you glad tidings" (Handel). Preacher, Rev. A. H. McNeile, D.D., Chancellor. 12.15, Holy Communion. 3.15 p.m., Special Psalms, 121, 123, 125. Anthem, "Deus Noster in Ps. 8 tone." Anthem—1st, "The measure of the Lord's Cubit." Hymn 86 (2), "It came upon the midnight clear." 2nd, "There were shepherds" (Handel). Preacher, the Rev. H. J. Lawlor, B.D., Precentor.

Christ Church Cathedral.—11, Matins. Psalms 92, 121. Te Deum, Bunnett in F flat; Benedictus, Stainer in E flat. Introit, "God so loved the world" (Stainer). 11.40, Holy Communion. Lord is in His holy temple" (Wesley). 3, Evensong. Hymns, 280, 208, 8.30. Psalms 81, 90. Mag. and Nunc. Dim., Parkes in E flat. Anthem, "God is our Hope" (Greene). Hymn 631 (1st tune, Litany).

St. Michan's Church.—11.15, Matins. Opening hymn, "How sweet the Name of Jesus sounds." Venite, Psalm 9. Jubilate, Anthem, "There was Christmas" (Sullivan). Preacher, Rev. D. Murphy, D.D., Rector of St. George's, Belfast. Hymns, 71 (1), "Hark! the herald angels sing." 3, Evensong. Psalms 96, 98. Royal Hospital, Kilmainham.—11, Matins. Service and Sermon. 3, Confirmation.

St. Matthias's Parish Church.—8, Holy Communion. 11.30, Morning Prayer and Holy Communion. 4, Children's Service. 7, Evening Prayer.

Ringsend Parish Church.—8, Holy Communion. Morning Prayer and Holy Communion; Rev. Canon Harvey. 11, Children's Service. 7, Evening Prayer; Rev. Canon Mervyn.

St. Ann's Church.—New Year's Eve, 8 p.m., Rev. J. H. Alcock. New Year's Day, 8, 10, 11.30. Holy Communion. 10 and 11.30, Rev. J. H. Alcock. 3.30 and 7, Rev. J. H. Alcock.

St. Bartholomew's Road.—Watchnight, 8 p.m.; Holy Communion, 10.45. Service; the Rector. New Year's Day, 10, 11.30, and 12.30, Holy Communion. Litany, Rev. H. G. Forde. 11.30, Morning Prayer; Rev. H. G. Forde. 3.30, Children's Service. Musical Service; the Rector. The call to good-will among men.

Christ Church, Leeson Park.—Service this evening at 8.30; Rev. J. B. Chance. New Year's Day, 7 and 8, Holy Communion. 11.30, Morning Prayer; Rev. Canon Grier. 3.30, Children's Service; Rev. J. Scanlan. Evening Prayer, Rev. J. Tobias.

St. Columba's Church of Ireland.—Watchnight Service, 11.15; Rev. Foster. New Year's Day, 8 and 11.30, Holy Communion. 11.30, Morning Prayer; Rev. Canon Gregg. 3.30, Evening Prayer; Rev. Canon Platt.

St. Stephen's Church.—Watchnight Service, 11.30. The Magdalen Church.—8.30, Holy Communion. 11.30 and 7, Rev. Dr. Murray.

St. Andrew's Church.—Watchnight Service, 11; Rev. R. Kennedy. New Year's Day, 8, Holy Communion. 11.30, Morning Prayer and Holy Communion; Rev. R. Kennedy. 3, Children's Service. 7, Evening Prayer; Rev. R. Northridge.

St. Mark's.—Watchnight Service, 11. New Year's Day, 11.30, Morning Prayer and Holy Communion; Rev. H. Curson. 7, Evening Prayer; Rev. C. Quin.

St. Peter's Parish Church.—Watchnight Service, 11; Rev. C. Forrest. New Year's Day, 8, Holy Communion. 11.30, Morning Prayer and Holy Communion. 3.30, Children's Service. 7, Evening Prayer; Rev. R. W. Warwick.

St. Paul's Church.—Watchnight Service, 11; Rev. Canon Hamilton. New Year's Day, 8, Holy Communion. 11.30, Morning Prayer and Holy Communion; Rev. J. Crawford Irwin. New Year's Day, 8, Holy Communion. 11.30, Morning Prayer and Holy Communion; Rev. R. W. Horan. 7, Evening Prayer; Rev. Canon Irwin.

St. James's District Church.—Watchnight Service, 11; Rev. Samuel Simpson Gregg. New Year's Day, 8, Holy Communion. 11.30, Morning Prayer and Holy Communion; Rev. J. Crawford Irwin. 3.30, Evensong and Baptism. 7, Evening Prayer; Rev. R. W. Warwick.

St. Victor's Church.—Watchnight Service, 11. New Year's Day, 8, Holy Communion. 11.30, Morning Prayer and Holy Communion. 7, Evening Prayer; Rev. D. M'Watty Hamilton.

St. Philip's Church.—Watchnight Service, 11; Rev. R. Kirkling. New Year's Day, 8, Holy Communion. 11.30, Morning Prayer and Holy Communion; Rev. Canon Hamilton. 7, Evening Prayer; Rev. Canon H. W. Kirkling.

St. Catherine's.—11.30, Morning Prayer and Holy Communion; Rev. Canon Hall. 7, Evening Prayer; Rev. W. Bell.

St. Bartholomew's.—11 and 8, Holy Communion. 11, Matins, Rev. Walter Simpson. 12, Sung Eucharist and Procession. 3.30, Rev. C. Beasley Moss. 6.30, Litany. 7, Evensong and Carols and Procession.

St. George's Parish.—11, Matins. Watchnight Service and Holy Communion, the Rector. New Year's Day—11.30, Morning Prayer and Holy Communion, the Rector; Rev. R. W. Greening.

St. Thomas's.—11, Matins. Watchnight Service and Holy Communion, the Rector. New Year's Day—11.30, Morning Prayer and Holy Communion, the Rector; Rev. R. W. Greening.

St. Matthew's.—11, Matins. Watchnight Service and Holy Communion. New Year's Day, 11.30, Morning Prayer and Holy Communion. 3, Evensong and Carols and Procession.

All Saints'.—11, Matins. Watchnight Service and Holy Communion. New Year's Day—11.30, Morning Prayer and Holy Communion. 3.30, Evensong. Preacher, Rev. G. F. Verschoyle.

St. Barnabas'.—11, Matins. Watchnight Service and Holy Communion. New Year's Day—11.30, Morning Prayer and Holy Communion. 3.30, Evensong. Preacher, Rev. G. F. Verschoyle.

St. Mary's.—11, Matins. Watchnight Service. Opening hymn, "Now the Day is over." Venite, Psalms 95, 96. Jubilate. Anthem, "There was Christmas" (Sullivan). Preacher, Rev. D. Murphy, D.D., Rector of St. George's, Belfast. Hymns, 71 (1), "Hark! the herald angels sing." 3, Evensong. Psalms 96, 98. Royal Hospital, Kilmainham.—11, Matins. Service and Sermon. 3, Confirmation.

St. Matthias's Parish Church.—8, Holy Communion. 11.30, Morning Prayer and Holy Communion. 4, Children's Service. 7, Evening Prayer.

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St. Mark's.—Watchnight Service, 11. New Year's Day, 11.30, Morning Prayer and Holy Communion; Rev. H. Curson. 7, Evening Prayer; Rev. C. Quin.

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St. Paul's Parish Church.—Watchnight Service, 11; Rev. Canon Hamilton. New Year's Day, 8, Holy Communion. 11.30, Morning Prayer and Holy Communion; Rev. J. Crawford Irwin. New Year's Day, 8, Holy Communion. 11.30, Morning Prayer and Holy Communion; Rev. R. W. Horan. 7, Evening Prayer; Rev. Canon Irwin.

St. James's District Church.—Watchnight Service, 11; Rev. Samuel Simpson Gregg. New Year's Day, 8, Holy Communion. 11.30, Morning Prayer and Holy Communion; Rev. J. Crawford Irwin. 3.30, Evensong and Baptism. 7, Evening Prayer; Rev. R. W. Warwick.

St. Victor's Church.—Watchnight Service, 11. New Year's Day, 8, Holy Communion. 11.30, Morning Prayer and Holy Communion. 7, Evening Prayer; Rev. D. M'Watty Hamilton.

St. Philip's Church.—Watchnight Service, 11; Rev. R. Kirkling. New Year's Day, 8, Holy Communion. 11.30, Morning Prayer and Holy Communion; Rev. Canon Hamilton. 7, Evening Prayer; Rev. Canon H. W. Kirkling.

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All Saints'.—11, Matins. Watchnight Service and Holy Communion. New Year's Day, 11.30, Morning Prayer and Holy Communion. 3.30, Evensong. Preacher, Rev. G. F. Verschoyle.

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- 4/6	Rum—Jamaica
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rt the New Year well! Buy a packet of Flakna After-n Tea Cake Mixture. Then make 18 Afternoon Tea es (this you can do quickly without trouble or mess) and your family or visitors a real treat. Mother makes them every Saturday! They are delicious; just as nice as, if not nicer than, the cakes you buy at the pastrycooks. Much cheaper too, and so fresh!

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Your Grocer also sells Flakna Sponge Mixture, which makes lovely Sponge Cakes or Jam Sandwiches. Also delicious Flakna Custard Powder.
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PREPAID ADVERTISEMENTS

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 8.)

DOGS.

A FEW very nice young Cockers working and show specimens; appointment only—Hocker, Lucan House, Lucan.

BEAUTIFUL Fox Terrier Puppies, also Irish and Fox (Wire) Adults for Sale and at Stud. Fair-holme, Nobleman, 6 Millmount Villas, Drumcondra.

COCKER—Wanted sporting solid Black Dog, 20 months to 2 years. Particulars and copy of pedigree to [illegible]

COCKERS—similar [illegible]

ENGLISH Setter, medium size, young [illegible] Setter Puppies, beautiful, splendid [illegible] Irish Setters, Irish Wolfhounds, Cairns, [illegible] Bull Terriers, pure bred Irish Terrier Pups—Apply [illegible]

FOR Sale, Irish Setter Bitch, [illegible]

FOR Sale, Pedigree Fox Terriers, Black and Tan, [illegible] Irish Terrier Puppies, [illegible] Irish Terriers, cheap.—9 Anglesea st.

GOOD Setter Pups (4), by "Grouse" ex "Pill of Peter Pups (4), by "Grouse" ex "Pill of Peter Pups (4), by "Grouse" ex "Pill of Pe

THOUGHTS AND THEORIES.

Facing the New Year—The Cheerful Heart—Nature and War.

(BY C. H. S.)

In the week that intervene between Christmas Day and the dawn of the New Year we live within ourselves, withdrawn to some extent from mundane affairs and the larger events of the world without. Christmas has broken the continuity of things, and, though the habit of going to the office on the day after Boxing Day still subsists, the sensual world displays an increasing reluctance to resume the threads of the web of routine until it has heard the local steeple ringing in the new. The New Year certainly revives old desires, but the thoughtful soul does not so solitude retire. Rather he emerges from the bosom of his family, in which he has been cloistered, and proceeds to cultivate the predestined plot of dust and soil, that is known in Dame street or Capel court as Smith or Robinson, with renewed ardour, but otherwise exactly as in December, nineteen hundred and twenty-one. But for the moment he is—as regards the outer world, at least—in a state of suspended animation, looking forward a little, looking backward a good deal more, but the world forgetting and by the world—for even shoppers mercifully refrain from forcing their attentions on us until after January 1st—forgot.

When we left the office on Christmas Eve we shut the world at large from our hearts and, under pretence of exhibiting peace and good-will, proceeded to strengthen the citadel of the microcosmic ego by reknitting the bonds of friendship and acquaintance that constitute us the centre of our own circle and not merely a point on the circumference of someone else's. To-day we are sitting back and contemplating with satisfaction the fact that Christmas was not the bore we expected it to be; that we can still devour turkey and plum pudding, and cement them firmly together with nuts and figs and almonds and raisins without dying horribly, and that passing out half-crowns to postmen and other recipients of largesse is not nearly as painful as the Chancellor of the Exchequer would seem to wish.

In an aftermath of lethargic contentment we compare this Christmas with other Christmases, and decide that, on the whole, this merry Yuletide was well up to the average. If certain blessings were withheld, certain traditional features of the occasion missing, others were provided. It was not a white Christmas, to be sure; no crisp paths crunched cheerily under the postman's jocund heel; no well-aimed pellet hulled our church-going topper, nor did we experience the gentle glow of satisfaction that permeated us on previous occasions when, after an unexpected burst of speed, we adjusted matters by pushing quantities of snow down the assailant's neck. On the other hand, the sun shone gloriously, yet with just the right nip of frost in the air that makes walking a pleasure and brings the tomtits to the window eager for their Christmas ration of suet.

Strokes of Luck.

Personally, I had two admirable strokes of luck this Yuletide which will mark it as a red-letter Christmas in future years. In the first place, the village policeman came in and wassailed with me at two o'clock on Christmas morning. If you know anything about good luck and the signs and omens that attend it, you will understand that the advent in which such a happy event occurs is thereby rendered immune from fire and storm, famine and pestilence, theft and bankruptcy, and action the restraint of princes and powers and the flippant superpositors of unsecured promissory notes at Head office and branches five days. At least, that is the belief in this part of rural Ireland, and I am not the man to try to disabuse it.

The second piece of luck was an unexpected turkey famine that set in early on Christmas Eve. *Per contra* the result that a festive board was groaning to goodness and back festive boards were groaning to goodness and back in Dame street or North Audley street, but with the roast goose of old England. I simply love geese, and like the knowledge that on any other day than Christmas a paltry couple of helpings of its greasy, but ambrosial, superstition would unsatisfyingly lay me on to a prey to gnawing dyspepsia, makes me not about it on the day proper—as-a-matter-anything with an abandon that is positively unequalled. For the rest, I did not others do at this season of the year—smoke, drank, and made merry, pulled crackers and played bears, walked in the country and penetrated in the garden, and forgot that there were such things as daily papers. *Dail Eireanns*, or of Disarmament Conferences, or any of the other ills to which the political mind is heir.

To cap it all comes a new beginning, and—since life is nothing but a series of dull interludes between one new beginning and the next—very nice, too. It is, to be sure, a very artificial beginning. Astronomically, it is of no importance, since the flying pellet of mud on which we fuss span into the winter solstice a matter of ten days ago. After all, it is entirely a matter of fancy whether the year shall be said to begin when the earth commences to approach the sun or when it begins to recede from it. Christmas Day in the Antipodes is a midsummer festival, and their calendar year is the reverse of ours. Their year begins with the passing of spring into summer. No doubt, however, the stalwart New Zealander fills the flowing bowl on New Year's Eve and sets in the dark stranger, and goes to bed in the wee sma' hours full of whiskey punch and the most admirable resolutions anent being a wiser and better sheep-farmer during the forthcoming year.

The Span of Life.

When he wakes up the next morning with a severe attack of elephantiasis of the occiput and the mouth like the floor of a parrot's cage he sees the cold and painful realisation that the New Year will differ in no material respect from its predecessor, and that in the words of the sad, sweet old song, all his to-morrows shall be as to-day. But what does he care? The Antipodean sun is shedding brawly upon Dunedin's bleat-resounding plains. The riata is singing sweetly in the kauri pines—no, I am wrong: it is the bell bird that does the singing; the riata is the stuff that hangs down from the trees. The kowhai is flinging its gold on Taupo's rugged face, and—but, to tell you the truth, I am not strong on the local colour of the Long White Cloud. Anyway, young New Zealand gets up and turns out on whatever business he happens to be engaged in, and presently returns to breakfast, feeling that, good resolutions or no good resolutions, the world is a jolly good place to be in.

To-morrow morning I, miserable victim of the Julian Calendar (though I like the sensitination of our Antipodean), hope to do very much the same thing, though I shall endeavour to assuage festivity with a laboriety of middle age. It will be lunch and not breakfast to which I shall return, full of a pleasurable satisfaction with the sorry scheme of things entire. Whatever the Tent-maker may have thought about it in his New Year cups, there is nothing sorry about the scheme except its brevity and the prevalence of *doddercoseous senectitis*. Even the excellent Bergson, ably assisted by Mr. Lucas, is still to prove to our satisfaction that, in the absence of these flies in the unguent ointment, the scheme would really be a scheme at all. If we knew that we were going to live for ever in the full possession of our strength and faculties, we should immediately become superfluousness, dreaming of accomplishing many things, but confining ourselves, as regards actual performance, to smoking cigarettes (rolled by our patient spouses), and saying *Manana*, which means, "Why do to-day what you can put off until to-morrow?"

But we do not live for ever, and the more enjoyable life is, the more we see of beauty and acquire of knowledge, the nearer to fruition our vaulting ambitions approach and the lower our handicaps are reduced, the more do we complain of the brevity of life and the finiteness of the wooden suit, the coach-and-four, the eligible freehold site, and the fruity examinations of our expectant legatees. Personally, this last item has never preyed on me; but the idea of a coffin offends all the man of science in me. It is given to a few fortunate mortals to live in the hearts and minds of men long after their dust has returned to its parent dust. But for the majority of us the only possible chance of achieving posthumous celebrity is to be dug up twenty thousand years hence by some enterprising searcher and labelled the Dame street Man (*Protoanthropus tyrans*). The possibility of lasting that long, even to the extent of a buck tooth or a metatarsus, seems impossible in an oak box with brass handles. On the other hand, to be laid respectfully away in a nice, deep bog-hole, with every reasonable chance of consigning a few score years later as a nice, hard, prehistoric mummy that any rarco showman of A.D. 27,000 would be glad to exhibit as the Oldest Irishman—that is a form of burial to which almost any thoughtful person would become reconciled.

Good Resolutions.

But away with Death, the grisly spectre! We shall dodge his bony fingers for a while yet. It is merely a matter of baking a sound dozen mince-pies between now and Twelfth Night, every one of which ensures you a month's happiness. Tradition does not specifically declare that they shall be months of terrestrial happiness, but it is difficult to associate a mince-pie with any other kind of happiness. So to-morrow—which means, of course, twelve-one a.m.—let us all fill the bowl of good resolutions and drink confusion alike to the dull clowns who are too self-satisfied to make them, and to the still duller automatons who have not the courage to break them. But most of all, let us drink complete perdition to the jaundiced anchorites who preach the awful heresy that, because to-morrow we must die, to-day should be given over to contemplating that misfortune.

Let us resolve to preserve a sense of proportion, to see the humorous side of life, and not keep saying "Damme Sir, it is a perfect scandal!" about things like the telephone service and the Communist Party which are really intended for our amusement. Above all, let us resolve to keep out of ruts and grooves, habits and mannerisms, clichés, conventions, and all the other abominations of temperamental desolation. Then let us resolve to make the most of our enemies and stand no nonsense from our friends, and we shall be pretty good citizens so long as the good resolutions last—which will be about as long as it takes us to get to the office. There the old round will begin again, and we shall make it plain to all and sundry that our oscillations have remained intact in spite of it all. But the leopard is a handsome beast, and there are worse things than spots, particularly when you live in a jungle.

DISARMAMENT.

AMONG the fundamental laws or principles upon which the development of the living organism has proceeded is one that is commonly spoken of as the Survival of the Fittest. Over-production, tempered by continual slaughter, the appearance of modified types or "sports," some of which, being better adapted to their environment, and so better equipped for the struggle, survive while the rest disappear—these are, roughly speaking, the known processes by which Nature has performed her allotted function of developing the amœba into man, and by which she will ultimately raise man to the stature of God.

As the organism developed, the over-production became less, and the slaughter necessarily less wholesale. A codfish spawns a million eggs in order that half a dozen of her offspring may reach maturity. Man has, on an average, two-and-a-half children per married couple, but the odds are greatly in favour of all surviving the struggle for existence. Nevertheless, man does struggle to exist, and always has done so. Nowadays he struggles in the office and the factory; but in the last ten thousand years ninety-nine *per cent.* of his struggling has been on the battle-field, and, though he himself would now willingly forego this method of reducing the surplus population, which he rightly regards as uneconomic, nature is by no means prepared to have it done away with. So it comes about that, however futile, expensive, sanguinary, wasteful, destructive that demoralising a war is, it is no sooner over than men simultaneously set about talking of the necessity of abolishing war and getting ready for the next one.

Those Submarines.

When the Washington Conference assembled and Mr. Secretary Hughes laid before the delegates his practical proposals for reducing the navies of the Great Powers, everybody heaved a sigh of relief, and said that here was something new in international politics, and that now, if ever, some intelligible progress would be made towards disarming the world's potential battlefields. Then it occurred to some bright intellect that there was no use in cutting down battle fleets if that meant merely a re-creation of the nations' energies to the multiplication of some other engine of destruction. This opened up quite a fresh vista to the assembled delegates, and immediately became apparent that a good many of them represented countries that still subsisted on the building of warships of a highly specialised type.

They were prepared to put down battleships only because that particular type of weapon is rapidly expensive, and because certain nations had secured a lead in the matter of big ship construction that the others could not hope to overtake. But when it was proposed to go to the submarine, and with it the various types of anti-submarine engine that it necessitates, the reasonable objections were at once raised. The attitude of France was typical. The French have always had a big and thoroughly useless navy. During the war their surface craft, from battleships to torpedo boats, were hardly handled. Doubtless, the French do not share the uncomplimentary view of their illustrious ability, but they, at any rate, seem willing to let it go, abandon the battleship and the cruiser as a weapon either of offence or defence. Not the submarine, however. In the war French submarines did not distinguish themselves in any way, but then there was no opportunity for them to do so. For all anyone knows, France's genius for handling submersibles may equal her genius for handling brigades and divisions.

So, as submarines are comparatively cheap, the French respectfully proclaim their intention of building just as many of these purely defensive craft as seems good to them. Since everybody knows that the submarine is futile either as a defensive weapon or as an offensive weapon, except against merchant shipping and under circumstances that violate all the rules of maritime warfare, this means that the one country against which the French submarines could possibly be used with success—namely, Great Britain—must undertake an expensive scheme of anti-submarine construction and maintenance. And what France proposes to do every paltry little country in either hemisphere will do also, each in its degree. It may be, however, that a general agreement to reduce submarine tonnage all round will be reached at Washington, but it does not appear that this will advantage anybody. During the war one German submarine had a record of sinking over 200,000 tons of enemy merchant shipping. If in 1914 Germany had had the submarine tonnage that America proposes to allot to France, she would have won the war, hands down, inside eighteen months.

A Gloomy Moral.

But let us suppose an agreement to be reached abolishing the submarine altogether. Neither the imminence of the next war nor the cost of preparing it will be lessened unless the seaplane and the aeroplane are also abolished. It is useless to exempt the high seas from warlike operations if they are simply to be transferred to the upper air.

The moral seems to be that, whatever may be the results of the Washington Conference on disarmament as a matter of convenience and economy, it is not going to bring the world nearer to universal peace or to a state in which war on a bloody and expensive scale is impossible. That can be done in part and from time to time by such agreements and such clearing up of difficulties and misunderstandings as have been reached at Washington in regard to the Far East. But the pacific spirit will never be universally reached, it would seem, until every nation in which the spirit of militarism still burns has had its "come appance," even as Prussia got hers.

The result of the Great War seems to suggest that, whatever wars may occur in the future, the big bully nation that starts the row will end by getting it in the neck; but it also seems as if there were several nations left that will have to get it in just that spot before they realise how inevitable was that particular *denouement*. Those nations are not to blame. Nature still insists that men and nations shall fight in order to survive. The only difference is that, instead of agreeing with her as in former times, the more enlightened nations now declare that they will do nothing of the kind. Which will win—Man or Nature, Mr. Balfour or the submarine? Admittedly, it looks as if Nature was due to have a walk-over. But man is a persistent devil and the English-speaking races are just a little more persistent than the rest. Optimism would clearly be out of place; yet it is permissible to hope.

PATENTS FOR 1921.

The number of applications for patents filed during 1921 will show a slight decrease compared with last year, which constituted a record. The number of applications will exceed 35,000, whereas in 1920 there were nearly 37,000.

The principal inventions for which patents have been obtained are electrical appliances. These are closely followed by inventions relating to internal combustion engines, building construction, cinematographs, furnaces and kilns. Labour-saving devices and inventions connected with the utilisation of rubber also show a large increase.

There is also a considerable increase in patents applied for by women, principally in connection with household articles.

THE SCIENCE OF HERALDRY.

Its Origin and Development—Place in Irish History—Arms and the Man.

HERALDRY is one of the most fascinating, yet on of the most neglected, of all sciences. That it should be so neglected is lamentable, as a lack ointerest in the armorial bearings of one's ancestors shows a weakning of ancestral pride, and ancestral pride, or pride of family, is an important component part of that racial pride which is one of the most priceless possessions of Irishmen the whole world over. Therefore, students of heraldry in this country will welcome the news that the College of Arms at Dublin Castle is to be handed over to the "Irish Free State."

Undoubtedly, the chief cause of the loss of popularity which heraldry has suffered, is the existence of an unfortunately large number of "quack" pedigrees and fake armorial bearings. Printers, in their anxiety to secure orders for printed letter paper, have been known to supply their clients with ready-made crests, frequently annexing the rightful crest of some distinguished family. Many of our war-time profiteers have engaged "to-coat" pedigree-searchers" to make up entirely false pedigrees, and concoct what they are pleased to call, their "coats of arms."

The cure for the use of badges of honour is not to be found in their neglect by the rightful possessors of such things, but in an increased knowledge of heraldry, which would enable their interested to detect the false from the real.

COATS OF ARMS.

It should be understood, first of all, that individual Coats of Arms are a matter of honour; that they are granted or recorded through the medium of a "King of Arms," and that it is not within the right of any individual to assume arms, or to make any change or addition to arms already borne, without official authority from the College, or the department specially appointed for that purpose by the governing body of the country.

Arms which have been made up by anyone not an expert in the science can be quite easily be detected, for there are a thousand and one little mistakes which are quite easily made. One that is commonly spoken of as the Survival of the Fittest. Over-production, tempered by continual slaughter, the appearance of modified types or "sports," some of which, being better adapted to their environment, and so better equipped for the struggle, survive while the rest disappear—these are, roughly speaking, the known processes by which Nature has performed her allotted function of developing the amœba into man, and by which she will ultimately raise man to the stature of God.

Sea-Horse, Popular figure in Heraldic Devices.

As the organism developed, the over-production became less, and the slaughter necessarily less wholesale. A codfish spawns a million eggs in order that half a dozen of her offspring may reach maturity. Man has, on an average, two-and-a-half children per married couple, but the odds are greatly in favour of all surviving the struggle for existence. Nevertheless, man does struggle to exist, and always has done so. Nowadays he struggles in the office and the factory; but in the last ten thousand years ninety-nine *per cent.* of his struggling has been on the battle-field, and, though he himself would now willingly forego this method of reducing the surplus population, which he rightly regards as uneconomic, Nature is by no means prepared to have it done away with. So it comes about that, however futile, expensive, sanguinary, wasteful, destructive that demoralising a war is, it is no sooner over than men simultaneously set about talking of the necessity of abolishing war and getting ready for the next one.

Those Submarines.

With the respect due to so ancient a scribe, the worthiness of the three objects he gives is fully acknowledged, in spite of which we have looked the real purpose for which "Coates of Armes were invented," which was, simply as badges of identification.

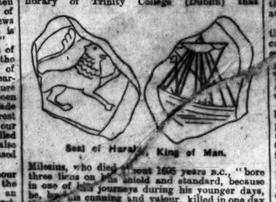
Our ancient Irish chroniclers tell us that Geodhal and his descendants "painted the figures of beasts, etc., on their shields and banners (in imitation of the Israelites) to distinguish their tribes and septs."

The earliest known records indicate that the Israelites were the first to adopt tribal badges, but such a custom can only be regarded as a very indirect origin of heraldry. Individual heraldry cannot be said to have existed, and heraldry owes its origin to a custom of the ancient warriors of affixing animals' heads, or other natural figures to their head gear for the purpose of terrifying their opponents.

Irish Heraldry is exceedingly ancient, so much so that English Heraldry, when compared with it, may almost be regarded as new. English heraldic students are generally agreed that the adoption of heraldic devices in England only dates from the twelfth century.

Harold, King of Dublin, conferred arms on the Isle of Man in the year 975. The device was that of a ship, and was later supplanted by the well-known "Three Legs of Man."

It is recorded in the manuscripts now in the Library of Trinity College (Dublin) that



Seal of Harald, King of Man.

Milesius, who died at least 1695 years B.C., "bore three lions on a shield and standard, because in one of his journeys during his younger days, he, by his cunning and valour, killed in one day three lions. In memory of so noble and valiant an exploit he always bore three lions painted on his shield, which his two sons, Heber and Heremon, and his grandson, Heber Donn, son of Ir, the son of Milesius, after their conquest of Ireland, divided amongst them, each for ever afterwards bearing one lion on his shield and banner, but of different colours."

In support of this ancient record we have the fact that at the present day a lion is the principal figure in the majority of the coats of arms borne by Irish families which claim descent from the sons of Milesius.

MILESIUS AND SPAIN.

A still earlier record tells us that what is now known as Castilla (a Virja (old Castille), in Spain, was originally named Brigia, after Brigus, the father of the above-mentioned Milesius, and it is considered by the ancient historians that the name Castilla (a castle) was given later because of a castle which Brigus bore for his arms.

In the writings of Diodorus Siculus we are told that "Osyris, when banished from the tents of Shem and Japhet assembled an army . . . The chiefs of this army and the sons of Osyris did paint signs on their shields, bucklers, and other weapons; which signs were called arms; as for example, Osyris bore a sceptre royal, insigned on the top with an eye; Macedon a Wolf, and Anubis a Dog."

We are assured by Gullim, the greatest of all authorities, that at that time, some four hundred years before the Israelites left Egypt, the use of arms (in the heraldic sense) was general.

The Moxieans, when first discovered, were found to be using as a national emblem a hand holding several arrows, and the invaders were told by the Mexicans that their "arms" had been originally assumed by the first king of Mexico. The first king of Mexico was Acamapitzli, a name which, in the Mexican town language, meant precisely what their emblem represented.

In Homer and Virgil we find the heroes had their signs, by which they might be known in battle. Achilles bore as arms a variety of celestial bodies. Ajax bore a buckler. Agamemnon bore a lion, together with A Greek . . . Ulysses bore a Dolphin and a Typhon, breathing fire. Perseus, Medusa's Head. Antochus a lion with a white mane.

Virgil, speaking of Asantine, says—

"His father's coat into the field he brings, A hundred snakes, and Hydra armed with stings."

In the art of Nineveh, of Babylon, and of Egypt there are numerous examples which may be termed "heraldic." The ancient Incas of Peru also had their arms—a rainbow and two snakes.

The banner which bore the rod of Moses and the "brazen serpent" is too well known in old Irish history as a battle emblem of our ancestors to need comment.

Yet, in face of all this evidence, many authorities still strongly affirm that heraldry originated in the twelfth century—apparently because there is no evidence of heraldry being used in England before that date.

Some Continental authorities think that the giving of arms arose from the custom of Jacob blessing his children, in which he gave them marks of distinction, such as Judah, a lion. We certainly have very conclusive evidence that the tribes bore such emblems upon their ensigns, but other eminent authorities ascribe the invention to the Germans or to the Romans.

Opposed to the latter theory . . . that the Roman chronicles [illegible] Roman investing of England . . . record that the Celts . . . shields and armour with . . . ures of "enamel."

There . . . authorities who suggest that the . . . Vandals originated the . . . their soldiers "to . . . noble actions." Mackenzie reminds us that "nations, such as the Cimbri, Teutones, etc., were observed by Plutarch, *In vita Marii*, to have borne the images of wild beasts painted upon their armour.

Everything points to the fact that although heraldry was well known in Ireland and many parts of the world in very ancient times, its adoption in England was mainly due to the Crusades, which brought together Christians from all parts. The custom found to be popular with the knights from foreign lands was copied by those from England, who, on their return, retained their distinctive badges as their due, or had them conferred upon them by their sovereign, and thus they set the fashion throughout their country.

UTILITY OF ARMORIAL BEARINGS.

In addition to the general indication of noble birth, arms often showed the country as well as the person from which their bearer had descended. Thus the Maxwells and Ramseys bore the eagle to show their descent from Germany. The Ruthwens, the old Royal Arms of Portugal, to show their descent from the Portuguese Royal Family. The Marjoribanks family bear the "cushion" to show they were originally Johnstons, and there are many families whose arms are a clearer indication of their descent than their surnames. As an example of this, the arms of the Shaws show that they are of the MacIntosh family. Arms also served to show the alliance of their bearers to other families, by the other arms quartered by their descendants, and by this means the memory of great families was preserved. The rank or dignity of the bearer was also shown by the appearance of the helmet or by such signs as coronets, the "Cap of Maintenance," etc. The shield, sword often the signet, served to identify those who were killed in battle, and assured them burial according to their rank. The grand old man of Heraldry, Guillim, speaking of the ancient use of armorial bearings, sums up as follows—

"Mankind in general being naturally wont, not only to embellish and adorn their shields and other war-like instruments, but also to seek all ways and means of rendering themselves terrible to their enemies, did to that end paint and emboss the figures of monsters and dreadful beasts thereupon, intending by the courage and strength of those creatures to represent the like in themselves. And thus the use of figures on shields, helmets, etc., became common among all nations, civil or barbarous. . . . for princes and great commanders having discerned first the benefit which thereby accrued in distinguishing the persons of their friends, their armour would otherwise have been obscured; and, secondly, the respect which in general they began to find among their bearers, who delighted in carrying some witty emblem signifying such glorious actions as they had the good fortune to achieve, thereby encouraging their valour for bold friends and enemies, spurring on the former to an imitation, while daunting the latter by the victories thereby manifested."

SEUMAS MACCARRMHUIN.

First Irish National Emblem.

OLD DUBLIN NEWSPAPERS.

From 1672 to 1921—One Article and Two "Ads"—Some Quaint Productions.

(BY G. H. S.)

A WELL-KNOWN writer on Irish literature has stated that—O.d newspaper reading puts us in the condition of prescient beings, capable of bringing to the perusal of those periodicals abundance of evidence that human passions never change. . . . That they are now the same as they were at the earliest period of authentic history, and that in them all our politics, polemics, wars, and public contentions live, move, and have their being. It is impossible to read old newspapers without perceiving that the same passions agitate society and prevail in all its sections that had dominion in them many a long year ago.

It may, therefore, not be uninteresting to those who take pleasure in the records of past journalism if we put together some fragments of the history and origin of a few of those older newspapers which satisfied the wants and gratified the tastes of our fellow-countrymen who lived in Dublin in years long gone by.

We cannot, of course, compete in point of antiquity of our Dublin newspapers with those of England, as we are told by competent authorities that 77 years or more elapsed between the introduction of printing into England and the setting up of the first Irish printing press, from which books were issued. It is, therefore, admitted that our oldest Irish newspaper would be some 60 years younger than those of English production. We are told, however, that the Irish types were first introduced into Ireland by Bishop Walsh, minister of St. Werburgh's from 1571 to 1577, and subsequently Bishop of Oswory, Queen Elizabeth, at her own expenses, having provided a printing press and fount of Irish letters.

OLD MANUSCRIPT SHEETS.

The origin of newspapers, as we in the present day understand the name, seems, according to the best authorities on the subject, to be found in the old manuscript newsletters of the 17th century. The late Dr. R. Madden had two of such manuscripts, and, as he says, "each is one foot in length and ten inches in breadth. Two of them are dated 19th July, 1672, and 8th October, 1678, respectively, each on one page written in bold characters."

The first Dublin newspaper, which was, according to Mr. Gilbert, the first Irish newspaper that was published in Dublin, was *Dublin News Letter*, printed by Joseph Ray, for Robert Thornton, at the Leather Bottle, in Skinner's Row, Dublin, 1685. It was printed on a single sheet, and consisted of four pages, each side, in three columns. Some years after the first appearance of the *Universal Advertiser*, a rival journal came into being. This was the *General Advertiser*, printed and published by Alexander McCulloch, Skinner's Row, 1754.

Other papers also which came into existence during the first half of the 18th century were *Esdaile's News Letter*, printed and published by James Esdall at the corner of Copper Alley, Dublin, 1746. This Esdall was apprentice to Faulkner, proprietor of the *Dublin Journal*. After Esdall's death the *News Letter* became the property of one of Esdall's employés, named Henry Saunders, and the paper then got the name of *Saunders's News Letter*, under which title it continued as a Dublin daily newspaper until some few years ago.

A LYRICAL EDITOR.

The last abode of this celebrated newspaper was in Dame street, the site of which is now occupied partly by Lipton's stores. In its latest years *Saunders's News Letter* was edited by Stephen Nolan Elrington, who succeeded John King. Elrington was a barrister on the Home Circuit, and rejoiced in being elected the poet of the circuit. He wrote "The Pretty Girl of Ballickmoyler," and had always ready an appropriate song for every event on the circuit.

It is stated on the highest authority, however, that none of the foregoing papers could compare in point of historical interest with their contemporary, the *Dublin Journal*. This paper, which has been called the "Patriarch of the Irish Press," had an existence of 109 years, commencing in March, 1725. The *Dublin Journal*, "being the freshest advices, foreign and domestick. Published by George Faulkner, Printed at Pembroke Court, Castle street, Dublin, 1725." Thus was its birth announced. It was published twice a week originally, but afterwards appeared as a tri-weekly publication.

During the earlier years of the paper's existence, Faulkner removed from Castle street to the bridge, Essex street. This was in consequence of a quarrel which he had with his partner, Hoey.

After the dissolution of their partnership, both Faulkner and Hoey published separate newspapers, both bearing the same name—*The Dublin Journal*. Faulkner, however, would appear to have made a greater success than his late partner as Dean Swift, who had become connected with the paper earlier in its history, stood by him, and mentions him as the first printer in Dublin. Faulkner having printed a collected edition of Swift's writings.

FRIEND OF SWIFT.

The history of this celebrated printer is interesting to note. He was the son of a butcher, and, receiving a good education, was at an early age bound to Mr. Hume, a printer, in Essex street. Good fortune followed Faulkner through his career, and the *Dublin Journal* rose to great repute, the owner becoming the friend of Swift and other Irish writers of eminence.

Faulkner was also recognised as a friend by Lord Chesterfield during the latter's Viceroyalty of Ireland, and it is said that he was offered, but refused, a Knighthood. Long after, Lord Chesterfield writing to George Faulkner (whom he addressed as "worthy friend"), reminds him of his association with Swift, Berkeley, and other Irish authors of repute.

NOTEWORTHY DEATHS.

. . . . . 1776, during . . . *Dublin Journal* for . . . that journal for October 22nd, 1765, on account of Dean Swift's death, and in that of "London" the death of Mrs. Margaret Wellington," which, it is stated, took place at her residences in Queen's square, Westminster. On the death of Faulkner, the printer, Thomas Todd Faulkner, succeeded to the management, which he held for about 18 years. He died in 1795. The journal then became the property of John Gifford.

An Irish writer states that his family held land in the neighbourhood of Wexford, and that he was a native of that place, and was educated at the Bluecoat School in Dublin, subsequently being apprenticed to an apothecary, and managed to set up in that business in Fishamble street, Dublin. He married a Miss Morton, and in Faulkner's *Dublin Journal* for June 9th, 1789, there appears the notice—"At Ballyclash, County Kildare, Mr. Thomas Gifford, to the . . . Miss . . . daughter of the late . . . Morton, Esq., of Ballyclash, and niece to the late William Morton, Esq., of Mount-Hamilton, in Armagh." The *Dublin Journal* . . . .

From his promotion . . . allegiance to the English Government, Gifford became the most popular . . . with a certain class in Dublin, by whom he was known as "The Dog in Office." He . . . satire upon Curran and Grattan were considered to have been harsh and unfair, and . . . stirred up much party feeling at the time.

[*To be continued.*]

CINEMA NOTES.

Educating the Public.

The holidays brought their wonders to the cinema. The rush in Dublin was probably greater than that at any previous Christmas, a fact which was, to a large extent, due to the unpleasant weather, especially on St. Stephen's Day. A special word of praise is due to the management of the Corinthian Theatre for its thoughtfulness in providing reasonable pictures for children, the programme consisting of the Fox pantomime films, "Jack and the Beanstalk" and "Aladdin," both of which delighted hosts of merry youngsters. It is gratifying to know that the spirit of enterprise found its due reward in the box-office.

It is not unfitting to-day to look back on the cinema year that has just closed. The outstanding feature was the abnormal slump which set in early, but happily towards the end it was followed by a recovery equally as abnormal. The slump was world-wide, but, so far as conditions in Dublin were concerned, it was, of course, increased by a stringent Curfew Order, and by persistent street skirmishing. Other contributory factors were the phenomenally early summer, and the prolonged spell of fine weather. Possibly the many interior fixtures exhausted had also something to do with it. The recovery was undoubtedly due to a large extent to the advent of some exceptionally good films, notably "The Sign of the Cross" and "A Dance at the Court of King Arthur," by the picture which brought the patron back in overwhelming numbers. "The Kid" being presented as five "shows" a day at the Capitol. The moral to be drawn is that the public is becoming better educated as regards the merit of pictures, and that really super-films such as those mentioned will always fetch the public.

THE JUDGING.

As to the future, it lies almost solely in the hands of the exhibitors, provided, of course, the producers deliver the goods. The demand for first-rate pictures undoubtedly exists. Will it be met in the coming year? Time alone will tell, but the pertinent indication that efforts are being made to supply better films is, at all events, up to the exhibitors to exercise a keener discrimination in selecting their subjects. This naturally brings up the question whether most exhibitors are really good judges of pictures. One authority, who occupies a prominent place in the cinema business in Dublin, gives it as his view that the exhibitor as a rule judges compared with the renter. On explanation, he states, is that the exhibitor, when viewing a picture, invariably looks for the weak points, so that he can educate them later on when bargaining with the renter for the screening rights. The exhibitor, he says, therefore, consciously or unconsciously arming himself with adverse criticism. This would be quite a good fault were it not for the fact that his patrons, looking at the same pictures, concentrate upon its good points in order to get the maximum of enjoyment. The exhibitor is looking for the weak points minus the good ones.

THE FUTURE.

The renter on the other hand, according to this informant, watches for the good points as he has to bargain for the opposite side, and that, perhaps, is the reason why he is a better judge of the public requirements. The exhibitor will, of course, maintain that he knows what his own patrons want. That is certainly, quite true, but as to the relative merits of a picture it is stoutly claimed that the renter is the better judge. The continuance of the present boom largely depends on the ability of those responsible for the presentation of pictures to provide films of the best quality. The past year has at all events proved that the public can discriminate between good and inferior pictures and that the future success of the cinema lies in the hands of those controlling its business side.

CENSORING IN DUBLIN.

A drastic order has recently been issued by the Dublin Public Health Committee regarding the censoring of films. Hitherto it was the practice of censors to delete objectionable parts of a film, with the consent of the owners and exhibitors, but now the Committee has decided that this deletion shall cease, and that the pictures should be either passed or rejected as such. Not alone does this increase the difficulty of censoring, but it is not just to the film proprietors, who strongly resent this objection. It is probable that more will be heard about the matter later, as it is clear that no connexions film-censor can turn down 5,000 feet of film for the sake of 100 feet of matter which he might regard as objectionable.

CURIO-HUNTING.

Together and How to Avoid Them.

Kenness of the Collector.

The task of the curio-hunter becomes daily more difficult. Dealers have multiplied, prices have increased, and Sir James Yoxall warns us in his introduction to "More about Collecting" (London: Stanley Paul and Co. 15s. net), which is now in its second edition—that forgeries, counterfeits, and frauds have come into existence in almost unlimited number, and are sold at dearer prices than the real thing used to fetch.

Not long since a young officer, whose purse was longer than his knowledge of antiques, returned from India with a wonderful collection of cunningly-wrought little brass figures. He bought them in a hundred different bazaars, and had a story to tell about each one. This double-barrelled gun he had stalked for a month before purchasing it. The wily old native had asked eighty rupees for it. No, he would not take less. . . . Well, just to show his regard for the English, he would let it go for 60 rupees. Finally, after much haggling, he got it for 20 rupees. He had committed a radical blunder, and apologised for my ignorance of the rules.

I now was forced to prepare for an all-night sitting; for the rules bound me to stay until the round of seven drinks was completed. For the moment I became absorbed in a discussion with one of the group. The point at issue concerned the etiquette of drinking in the days and country of Omar Khayyam. We were both pretty ignorant on this absorbing topic, but that only gave us more to say.

I suddenly awoke to the fact that all the glasses were empty, and mine was awaiting my leisure. I blushed furiously at realising that I had broken Rule 2, which obliges members of the fraternity never to be late with their call . . . one inch from the bottom of the glass being the limit to which stout may be allowed to rest before entering a second glass all round. This system of drinking went on until the completion of the seventh round, each member having paid for one round of drinks. This was all very well and equitable, but I was beginning to get rather hilarious.

THE LAST STRAW.

If it had stopped at that point, all the rules having been fulfilled, all would have been well, and I could have departed home. But an eighth friend made his appearance and joined the party. In a second the whole system was disorganised, for I was foolish enough, with the zeal of the party, to accept a drink from the newcomer. Rule 3 says that each member of the party must in turn treat the rest of the party to a round of drinks, and not until each member has done this in turn may he go. The whole performance began again. The afternoon passed into night, and I awoke next morning with a splitting head and a parched throat. This much had the Rules of Treating done for me!

This system of treating prevails all over Ireland and Great Britain. In France and Germany one can go into a café with a crowd to a *café*, have a drink with them, and pay for it oneself. Then one may depart. It is the custom there. They would look upon our insane and pernicious system of treating with incredulous laughter and amasement.

ALPHA.

TRIBUTE TO A WIFE.

The will has just been proved in London of a solicitor, who, in leaving all that he possessed to his wife, a sum of £18,000, paid an unusual tribute to her. "I wish," the will reads, "to express in this my will that I fell in love with my dear wife at first sight. She saved my life and devoted her abilities, her energy, and love and affection on my behalf. We have never quarrelled, and I have never said an unkind word to her in my life. Our life has been spent together, with the exception of one night spent in a house of rest at the doctor's request after an operation. No words could express the devotion my dear wife showed for me. Her love passes comprehension."

He added: "We hope to live and die simultaneously, which we trust we shall do." So concludes "I say no better woman ever lived."

PROFESSIONALS' HARD LOT.

Remedy for Discontent.

The relationship of the professional to the game of golf in England, Scotland, and the United States is of the most intimate character. In the American clubs he ranks second to none, not even to the captain; while in English and Scottish golf he occupies a position of first rate importance.

In Ireland things are different. Our "pros." are nobody's children; their material welfare nobody's business. As a body they were, until Sir Stanley Cochrane took up the cause of the Southern men, almost ignored. Whether Sir Stanley's praiseworthy attempt to improve their position will succeed remains to be seen. Already, however, he has accomplished much in that direction.

In order to improve the lot of our professionals something more than monthly competitions and an annual championship is needed. It is a popular fallacy that the average Irish professional is making money hand over fist. The fact is that all the time he is fighting an uphill battle to make ends meet.

Is it any wonder, then, that, so far as the "Southerners," at all events, are concerned, there is such a lamentable lack of discontent with their lot? There are few "plums" for the Irish professional. He was paid what, in these days, must be regarded as a miserable wage. Very few of the men have the sale of balls; lessons and "a round" are few and far between, except at the big clubs; and when a member has a job bigger than the binding of a splice or a grip, or requires a new club, he fights shy of this professional.

I know one well-known professional who has been with his club about sixteen years. During that time he has not received a shilling increase in his weekly wage. He sells few clubs, and his "perquisites" have dwindled down to a few dozen half-crowns in the summer months. Another, who holds a high place in the esteem of Irish golfers, who, when he was paid his assistant, has only a few shillings left over at the week. His brain many years ago on the paper proprietor. According to Sir John Gilbert, Wylday was born in 1653, and settled in Dublin in 1685. He lived for some time on the west side of St. Stephen's Green, and thence gave advice from the stars, which advice was issued under the guise of almanacs. He seems to have been half imposter and wholly cracked. However, between astrology, politics, and polemics he appears to have driven a good trade. He bore the title of "Dr. Whalley."

SWIFT'S PRINTER.

Among the newspapers printed by Edward Waters, known as Dean Swift's printer, are to be found *The Dublin Gazette*, published by Authority in 1708, in form somewhat similar to the *London Gazette*, 1666; *Edward Waters' Dublin Intelligencer*, also published in 1708; *Edward Waters's Dublin Journal*, a weekly paper, and *The Flying Post*, 1729.

Another Dublin printer of some f

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...Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the Statute ... 49 and 50 Vict., Cap. 54, that Charles Andrew ... Esquire, Solicitor, Saint Andrew street, Dublin, and ... Joseph Martin, Esquire, Solicitor, Dublin, ... have this day filed the Oath of the Rev. John ... Martin, of Ballyhaise, in the County of Cavan, ... Clerk, the Executor named in the Will of the ... Deceased, who died on the 20th day of ... December, 1921, and his said Will was duly ... proved in the Principal Registry of the Probate ... Division of His Majesty's High Court of ... Justice in Ireland, on the 30th day of December, ... 1921, and that the

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AT THE SKATING RINK AND BALLROOM, 24 LOWER BRIDGE ST.
TWO ERARD PIANOS, TWO MOTOR CARS,
LARGE ELECTRIC ORCHESTRA, 300 PAIRS ROLLER SKATES,
ALSO A RINK AND BALLROOM EQUIPMENT.

ARROL-JOHNSON 25-9 TOURING CAR, 1912 "DEASY" OPEN TOURING CAR; 200 Pairs American Winslow B.B. Roller Skates and Repair Parts; 2 Erard Grand Pianos, Band Pastors, Upright and Padded Seats, covered in American red leather (various sizes); Large Ottoman, Bigside-to-back Settees, Seats, Wooden Forms, numerous Counters, Wooden Partitions, Shelving, etc.; Motor Generator, "Mistress" Open Rongo, Mineral Water Racks, Trays, and Clothes' Racks, Large Chest, Quoits of Matting, Lino and Oilcloth Mats, Coffee Urn, 5-Gallon Boiler, Bentwood and other Chairs, Office Desk, Vice and Bench, Oil Barrel, Electric Stage Arc-Lamp, Window Fittings with Glass Shelves, Wire Grand Window Screens, 150 feet of Handrail; valuable large American Orchestra, with music rolls (electric or hand power); a "Stack" Iron Turnstile; miscellaneous Household Furniture, including Shaped Couch, Mahogany and other Washstands, Wash-Hooding Tables, Chest of Drawers and Wardrobes, Chairs, Tables, Wall and Mantel Mirrors, Pictures, Culinary Utensils; also 80 x 30 Pitch Pine Dancing Floor. ON VIEW THURSDAY next, from 12 till 4 o'clock. SALE FRIDAY, 6th JANUARY NEXT, COMMENCING 12 O'CLOCK SHARP.

FURNITURE AUCTION, WEDNESDAY, 11TH JANUARY,
AT 20 CLAUDE ROAD, DRUMCONDRA.

Chesterfield 5-Piece Suite, Inlaid China Cabinet, Oak Easy Chair, Glass-Hand-mounted Fire Screen, Card Table, Oak Dining-room Table, Room Carpets, Lino, Bronze Kerb with Corner Seats; Bentwood, Wicker, and other Chairs; Pictures, Window Curtains and Poles, Inlaid Bedroom Suite, including Inlaid Bedstead, Wardrobe, Toilet Table, Duchess, Hair and Wire Mattresses, Oak Bedstead, and miscellaneous articles. Hall Stand and Table, Kitchen Dresser, Tables, Chairs, Meat Safe, Mangle, Culinary Utensils. ON VIEW MORNING OF SALE.

FURNITURE AUCTION, WEDNESDAY, 18TH JANUARY,
AT 6 DE COURCY SQUARE, GLASNEVIN.

Sweet-toned Iron-frame Piano (Pohlmann), 6-Piece Chippendale Drawing-room Suite, in silk tapestry; Revolving Bookcase and Books, "pretty Sarah" and Mirrored China Cabinet, Chippendale Occasional Tables, Palm Stand, Walnut Overmantel, Jardinieres and Plants, Carved Japanese Cabinet, with designs in ivory; Hand-painted Fire Screen, Set of Three Blue and Gold Vases, Polished Pictures, Engravings, Ornaments, Art Sachets, Brass Fender and Requisites, Inlaid Mirrored Dillingham Sideboard, 9-Piece heavily Carved Walnut Suite, in saddlebags; Telescope Mahog. Table, Classical Figures on Standing Polished Walnut Mirrored Ingrubber Clock, Smoker's Cabinet, Copper Kettle and Requisites, Walnut Coal Cabinet, Bordered Carpets and Rugs, Window Curtains and Poles, Hall and Stair Carpeting, Rods, Oilcloth, superior Bedroom Suite, Dunlop Oak Bedstead; Wire, Hair, and other Mattresses; Child's Cot, Double Set Toilet Ware, Bedroom and other Chairs, Overmantel; usual Kitchen Furniture and Utensils, Dresser, Tables, Windsor Chairs, Child's Adjustable Chair, practically new American Fold-up Cot, Oak Hall Stand and Chairs, Hall Curtains, etc. ON VIEW MORNING OF SALE. CARDS FROM AUCTIONEERS.

PROPERTY AUCTION, FRIDAY, JAN. 20, 1922.

"MONTREBELLO," 74 MERRION ROAD, BALLSBRIDGE (VACANT POSSESSION).—MODERN NON-BASEMENT HOUSE, on this favourite road, and in best residential district in Dublin, having bay windows, corched entrance with granite steps, and containing, on ground floor, cloakroom, breakfast room, 2 pantries, kitchen with close range, wash trough (hot and cold supply), larder; and, on first floor, spacious drawing-room, sunaroom with folding doors, also study, 4 large and airy bedrooms, bath (hot and cold), lavatory, wash basin; and, on top floor, 2 servants' rooms, nursery, and boxroom. Excellent gardens front and rear, with stabling and lofts, and motor house, wood and coal house, lavatory. The premises are semi-detached, with side entrance. Electric light, electric bells, gas, and telephone. CLEAR VACANT POSSESSION WILL BE HANDED TO PURCHASER. Ground rent £6. Lease 120 years.

Messrs. VINCENT and BEATTY, Solicitors, 62 and 63 Dame street.

"GLENEAGLES," BALDOYLE ROAD, SUTTON (VACANT POSSESSION).—NEAT, MODERN, DETACHED RESIDENCE, standing on about ½ acre, containing 2 reception rooms, 4 large and airy bedrooms, kitchen, hot and cold supply; pantry, w.c., coal-house, bath, hot and cold; spring; bell. This newly-built House is very convenient to train and train, and within a few minutes' walk to Golf Links. CLEAR VACANT POSSESSION WILL BE HANDED TO PURCHASERS. Ground rent £7. Lease 200 years from 1920. Can be seen any time. Keys at Rothesy Cottage, close by. For full particulars and Conditions of Sale apply to the AUCTIONEERS, or to

W. T. O'SULLIVAN, Esq., Solicitors, 9 Eustace street.

"ROSEGARLAND," 29 ACHILL ROAD (VACANT POSSESSION), in highest and healthiest situation in Drumcondra, salubrious district, adjacent to Whitehall tram line.—NEAT TWO-STORIED SEMI-DETACHED VILLA RESIDENCE, having French windows, sitting-room, dining-room (sliding doors), 2 good bedrooms, with oak mantelpieces; return room, bath (h. and c.), wash basin, separate lavatory, excellent tiled kitchen, with close-range; gas cooker, 2 pantries, wash trough (h. and c. supply), small yard, excellent garden, side entrance; electric light throughout. House is in perfect order. Ground rent £5. Lease 380 years.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE WILL BE SOLD AT A LATER DATE.

Messrs. G. BYRNE and CO., Solicitors, 7 Lower Ormond quay.

20 MERRION SQUARE (VACANT POSSESSION), SUITE PROFESSIONAL RESIDENCE OR CLUB, on Main Tram Line and very convenient to City, in excellent residential district. The House, on which considerable sums have been expended with taste and judgment, contains Spacious lounge hall (tiled floor), dining-room (parquet floor), in fluorite; two handsome drawing-rooms, decorated in Italian style, marble mantelpieces, and bancony; smoking-room, and billiard-room. Large inner hall; paintings, frescoes, and panelled walls. Two spacious kitchen (with close range; scullery, wine cellars, bath, hot and cold, also shower; very large garden in rear, with gravel walks; also garage and stabling for 4 horses, with lofts and man's room; double gates, rear entrance. CLEAR VACANT POSSESSION WILL BE HANDED TO PURCHASER. Held for a term of 99 years, from 29th September, 1899. Subject to the annual Ground Rent of £15 10s. 2d. for the first 3½ years, and £30 for the residue of the term. Can be seen any time. Caretaker on premises. Full particulars and Conditions of Sale, apply to the AUCTIONEERS, or to

Messrs. SAINSBURY and CO., Solicitors, 3 St. Andrew street.

20 CLAUDE ROAD (OFF WHITWORTH ROAD), DRUMCONDRA (VACANT POSSESSION).—EXCELLENT NEWLY-DECORATED MODERN RESIDENCE, on this favourite road, having bay window, sittingroom, kitchen, with close range; 4 large bedrooms, bath, hot and cold; scullery; electric light; tiled plot in front, good garden in rear, with back entrance; outhouse and bicycle house. CLEAR VACANT POSSESSION WILL BE HANDED TO PURCHASERS. Ground rent £4 5/-. Lease 500 years.

E. B. MAGUIRE, Esq., Solicitor, Chancery place.

7 EMOR STREET, S.C.R. (VACANT POSSESSION).—NEAT MODERN TWO-STOREYED HOUSE, close to Tram Fare to City, and convenient to all shopping facilities. Containing sittingroom, diningroom, kitchen, with close range, pantry, scullery, washhouse, 3 large and airy bedrooms; good garden in rear, with back entrance; latrine, and outhouse; tram throughout. CLEAR VACANT POSSESSION WILL BE HANDED TO PURCHASER. Ground rent, £2 2/-. Lease 95 years to run. CAN BE SEEN ANY TIME. Full particulars and Conditions of Sale can be had from the AUCTIONEERS or from

JAMES W. DAVIS, Esq., Solicitor, 10 First street.

37 CUFFE STREET.—SHOP AND HOUSE (CLEAR VACANT POSSESSION OF SHOP AND TWO APARTMENTS WILL BE HANDED TO PURCHASER).—The Premises are situated six doors from Stephen's Green, and contain good shop and two living apartments on ground floor, also six rooms overhead, let to tenants; also two new Cottages at rear, with yard and back entrance to Montague street. Producing £91 per annum. Profit rent £61 17s. over and above Ground rent and taxes. The Premises are in good repair, and Shop doing a splendid Grocery and Provision business, as Premises are situated in a first-class, ready-money district. Ground rent, £30. Lease 69 years to run. CAN BE SEEN ANY TIME.

E. B. MAGUIRE, Esq., Solicitor, 10 Chancery place.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE OF SOUTHERN IRELAND.

CHANCERY DIVISION.—MASTER OF THE ROLLS.

LONDON GENERAL INSURANCE CO. (Plaintiffs) v. MARY ELLEN PERKINS (Defendant).

169 CORK STREET.—GOOD THREE-STOREYED PRIVATE RESIDENCE, tiled hall, 3 apartments, kitchen, scullery, bathroom, h. and c. supply, w.c., yard; electric light. Let to tenants and producing £46 16/- per annum. These premises are further advertised under the Rents and Mortgages Act. AN ORDER FOR POSSESSION OF THE APARTMENTS HELD BY THE OWNER HAS BEEN GRANTED BY THE COURT. Full particulars and Conditions of Sale can be had on application from the AUCTIONEERS, or to

Messrs. GEO. D. POTTERILL and SONS, Solicitors, 48 First street.

PRELIMINARY ANNOUNCEMENT.
PROPERTY AUCTION, FRIDAY, FEB. 10, 1922.
64 BOTANIC ROAD, GLASNEVIN (VACANT POSSESSION),
OTHER LOTS CAN BE INCLUDED.

MacARTHUR & CO., AUCTIONEERS, 79 TALBOT ST., DUBLIN.

NORTH STRAND SAW MILLS, DUBLIN
(NEAR AMIENS STREET STATION).
BREAK-UP AUCTION OF
SAW MILLING MACHINERY AND PLANT.

The Proprietors, Messrs. J. PULLAR PHIBBS, LTD., HAVING DISPOSED OF THE LEASE OF THEIR SAW MILL PREMISES, have instructed us to SELL BY AUCTION, WITHOUT RESERVE,

ON THURSDAY NEXT, JANUARY 5TH, 1922,
COMMENCING AT 12 O'C. PROMPT,

THE VALUABLE PLANT and MACHINERY, comprising:—140-H.P. Compound Combined Steam Engine and Boiler, by Robey; Vertical Steam Engine, 20-H.P., by Marshall; Horizontal Engine, 10-h.p. hand Mill, to take logs 5ft. dia. diameter; 4-Ton Steam Derrick Crane, 70ft. Gin. Jib; 6-Ton Weighbridge; Wood-Fibre Cutting Machine; Saws, Saw Benches, Saw Sharpening Machine, by Hoskins; Push Benches, Pendulum Cross-cut Saw, Snare Saws, Shafting, Pulleys, Belting, Tools, Spare Parts, Piping, &c., &c., including 6-Ton sectional Steam Waggon and Trailer, "Progress" Covered Van, Ford, Van and Napier Motor Horse.

FOR ANOTHER ACCOUNT—
COMPLETE PORTABLE CINEMA OUTFIT,

Comprising 70-Volt, 70-Amp. Dynamo, direct coupled to a Daimler Engine in MOTOR CAR, which can be towed and driven separately, complete with Switchboard, Collapsible Operating Box, and Long Cable for Lamphouse.

MOTOR VEHICLES WILL BE SOLD AT 1 O'CLOCK SHARP. ON VIEW TWO DAYS PRIOR TO SALE. CATALOGUES ON APPLICATION.

WM. MONTGOMERY & SON,
AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS,
GAINSBORO' HOUSE, 24 SUFFOLK STREET, DUBLIN.

GAINSBORO' HOUSE SALEROOMS,
24 SUFFOLK STREET.
THESE CENTRAL ROOMS ARE NOW OPEN FOR THE RECEPTION AND SALE OF ANTIQUE AND MODERN HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c., &c.
WM. MONTGOMERY & SON,
AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS,
GAINSBORO' HOUSE, 24 SUFFOLK STREET, DUBLIN.

WEDNESDAY, 4TH JANUARY, 1922,
TEMPS, 22 TERENURE PARK,
ATTRACTIVE SALE
ANTIQUE AND MODERN FURNITURE,
OILPAINTINGS, ORNAMENTS, MIRRORS, CARPETS, &c.

JAMES ALLEN and SON have received instructions from the Owner TO SELL BY AUCTION, on the Premises, on WEDNESDAY, 4th JANUARY, 1922, the following Antique and Modern Household Furniture and Effects, comprising:—

Antique Mahogany Bureau, Enclosed Queen Anne Sideboard, 6 Queen Anne Chairs and 2 Carvers to match; 5-foot Mahogany Dining Table, Bentwood Mahogany Bookcase, Inlaid Mother of Pearl Pedestal Plant Stand, French Inlaid Ormolu-mounted China Cabinet, Chesterfield Couch, Spring and Hair stuffed, richly upholstered; 2 Easy Divan Chairs, Round Mahogany Table, Bloomfield Music Stand, Mahogany 3-Tier Dumbwaiter, Mahogany Fender Seat, Table Piano, six-piece Drawing-room Suite, in Hair-cloth; Gramophone and Records, Singer Foot Sewing Machine, Rosewood Angle, Occasional, Wicker, and Bentwood Chairs, 12-piece Minster and Brussels Drawing-room and Dining-room Carpets, Linoleum to match, Overmantels, Coal Hooks, Fenders, Coals and Sets of Fireirons, Coal Vases, Black Marble Clock, 2 Bronze Figures, Brass Stands and Stand, American and Oriental Vases, Mahogany, Walnut, and Gilt Overmantels, Mirrors, Floor Lamp Stand, Electric Glow, Gas Fittings, Oak Hat and Umbrella Stand, Oak Hall Seat, Crocodile and Turtle Shells, 35-Yards of Axminster Stair Carpeting and Rods, Gasalier, Mats, etc.

The Bedroom Furniture consists of:—Five-piece Solid Walnut Bedroom Suite, 6-ft. Walnut Bedstead, 4-ft. 6in. Brass Rail Bed, Spring and Hair Mattresses, Bolsters, Pillows and Bedding, Linen, Blankets, Quilts, Wash Stands, Dressing Table, Dressing Glass, Set of Toilet Ware, Towel Rails, Bamboo Cheval Toilet, Bamboo Fluvre Fire Stand, Window Poles and Curtains, Blinds, etc.

The Useful Kitchen Furniture and Cooking Utensils, Mangle, Gas Oven; about 1½ tons of Best Coal, Lawn Mower, Lady's and Gent.'s Bicycles, Garden Tools, Step Ladder, etc.

On View Tuesday, 3rd January, from 10 to 4 p.m. Admission charge of 1/- to View and Sale, to commence immediately after Sale at 11.30 o'clock. Purchasers to pay 5 per cent. Auction Commission. Plants to be Sold. Full particulars from

JAMES ALLEN & SON,
Auctioneers and Valuers, House and Estate Agents, 43 & 44 LOWER SACKVILLE STREET, DUBLIN. 'Phone 74. Auctions conducted in Town and Country.

"IRISH TIMES"
BELFAST OFFICE,
108 ROYAL AVENUE.
Telephone—Belfast, 3787.

Advertisements received up to 5.15 p.m. for insertion in next day's issue.

JAMES H. NORTH & CO.'S SALES.
AT 110 GRAFTON STREET.
TUESDAY, 10TH JANUARY, 1922.

26 UPPER ABBEY STREET.—Held for 46½ years from 25th September, 1921, subject to £35 per annum, and let to the Irish Paper Mills Co., Ltd., for 14 years from 1st May, 1913, at the yearly rent of £70. F.L.Y. £47.

42, 43, 44 GREAT STRAND STREET.—Held for 184 years from 25th March, 1785, subject to the nominal rent of £15 4s. 0d. per annum, and sub-leased for 21 years from 1st July, 1917, at the yearly rent of £100. F.L.Y. £60.

13 MERRION SQUARE, N.—Held for 99 years from 25th March, 1854. Indemnified against all rent, but not 1/5 years from 1st February, 1918, at the yearly rent of £150. This Lot is indemnified against £35 9s. 2d. by Sir. 12 Merrion Square. F.L.Y. of No. 13, £97.

Messrs. McMAHON and TWEEDY, Solicitors, Home Street.

PRELIMINARY ANNOUNCEMENT.
KILLAKEE ESTATE, RATHFARNHAM,
COUNTY DUBLIN.

WE HAVE RECEIVED INSTRUCTIONS FROM THE HON. RAMON MASSY TO OFFER

THE ABOVE ESTATE FOR SALE.

IT COMPRISES IN ALL ABOUT 1,100 ACRES, HELD IN FEE-SIMPLE, FREE OF RENT FOR EVER.

TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION AT THE END OF JANUARY, 1922,
AT OUR ESTATE SALEROOMS, 110 GRAFTON STREET,

IN ONE OR MORE LOTS (IF NOT PREVIOUSLY DISPOSED OF BY PRIVATE TREATY).

THIS CHOICELY-SITUATED PROPERTY is within six miles of the City of Dublin and three miles of Rathfarnham Village, the Terminus of the Electric Tram Line.

THE DEMESNE LANDS COMPRISE ABOUT 365 ACRES, with rapid mountain stream flowing through, which supplies power for a Saw Mill.

THE MOUNTAINS OF KILLAKEE and CRUAGH, adjoining the Demesne, CONTAIN ABOUT 750 ACRES and have on one of the highest Shoots of its size in Ireland.

KILLAKEE HOUSE occupies an enviable position on an elevation and commands extensive views of surrounding country, including City of Dublin and Dublin Bay. It is approached through three Lodge Entrances. There is also a Gardener's Lodge on the Estate.

THE ENTIRE ESTATE WILL BE OFFERED IN ONE LOT; and IF NOT SOLD THEN IN SIX LOTS THE MOUNTAINS AND ABOUT 113 ACRES WILL BE OFFERED IN ONE LOT, AND THE REMAINING LANDS IN SUITABLE LOTS OR LOTS.

THE SHOOT, CONTAINING THE MOUNTAINS OF KILLAKEE AND CRUAGH, ABOUT 750 ACRES, with the Shooting Lodge, WILL BE OFFERED IN ONE LOT.

NOTE.—THERE ARE NUMEROUS CHOICE SITES FOR BUNGALOW RESIDENCES ON THE ESTATE.

Full particulars in future advertisements.

G. M. MEARES, Esq., SOLICITOR HAVING CARRIAGE OF SALE, 16 MOLESWORTH STREET, DUBLIN.

FURNITURE SALES.
MONDAY, 9TH JANUARY,
THE RECTORY, KILTERNAN, CARRICKMINES.
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, CATTLE, &c.

MESSRS. JAMES H. NORTH and CO. have received instructions from THE O'MORCHOE to SELL the HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS: Chesterfield Settee, Walnut Sideboards, Lounge and Easy Chairs, Walnut Overmantels, Sets of Dining Chairs, Screens, Fenders and Fire Irons, Carved Oak Chairs, good Linoleum and Oilcloth, Oak American Roll-top Desk, Registered Writing Table, Mahogany Bookcase and Cabinet, Books, Lady's Inlaid Mahogany Bureau, Walnut Hall Stand, Barometer, etc. Also Library of Books—Theological Works, Georgian Mansions, Works relating to Ireland.

Satin Walnut and Ash Bedroom Suites, Wardrobes, Toilet Tables, Washstands, Bedsteads, with Spring and Hair Mattresses and Bedding, and the usual Bedroom Furnishings.

OUTDOOR EFFECTS include:—Pony and Trap, three Bullocks, five Cows, four Pigs, 2 Sows in pig, Pure-bred White Leghorn and Ancona Hens, together with the usual outdoor effects, comprising Garden Seats, Fuel-house, Paipers, Water Barrow, Horse Scrubber, small Piece Plough, Ladders, Grindstone, Garden Tools, Dairy Utensils, a quantity of Hay and Straw and Manure.

ON VIEW FRIDAY PREVIOUS, 6th JANUARY. SALE MONDAY, 12.30.

SALE WEDNESDAY, 11TH JANUARY, 1922.
ANTIQUE AND MODERN FURNITURE.
DISTILLERY HOUSE, MARROWBONE LANE.

HIGH-CLASS FURNITURE, including:—Two Antique Chippendale Hall Clocks, one with brass dial; Antique Satinwood Barometer, Antique Falling-leaf Tables, and one with fretwork front; Antique Chest of Drawers, Antique Mahogany Double Corner Cupboard, Shaped Sideboard, Brass and Sheffield Candlesticks, Oval Plated Salts, Coasters, Epergy, Tea Sets, Cutlery, etc.; Gilt Snuffers and Tray, Ivory Fan, Brasses, and Antique Pictures, Oil Paintings, Engravings, and Coloured Prints; Mahogany Inlaid Bureau, Sheraton Inlaid Chairs, Oval Inlaid, Walnut Table, 9-Piece Walnut Drawing-room Suite, Mahogany and Mahogany Jardinieres, Stands, Gilt and other Overmantels, Brass Clock and Shade, Bronzed Figures, Sets of Fire Brasses, Kerbs and Coal Vases, Needlework Fire Screen, Mahogany Cabinet Telescope Dining Table, Couches, Easy Chairs, Sets of Chairs, Cases of Birds, Mahogany Bookcase and Cabinet, and Bureau, etc., etc. Mahogany Duchesse Dressing Sideboard, Antique and Mahogany Toilet Glasses, Mahogany Duchesse Toilet Table, Deal Wardrobe, Enclosed Antique Washstand, Mahogany Wardrobes, Toilet Ware, Towel Rails, Bedsteads, with Spring and Hair Mattresses, Feather Beds, etc.; Mahogany Hall Stand and Chairs, Kitchen Tables and Culinary Utensils, Wringer; also a collection of Copper Kitchen Utensils, including Boiler, Saucepans and Steripans, Steamer, Kettles, Meat Pans, Scoops, etc.; also three large Garden Vases and Stands.

ON VIEW DAY PREVIOUS FROM 10 TO 4.

JAMES H. NORTH & CO., Auctioneers and Valuers, 110 GRAFTON ST.

FOR SALE BY PRIVATE TREATY.

CO. LEITRIM—A HANDSOME MODERN RESIDENCE, WITHOUT BASEMENT, containing 3 sitting and 7 bedrooms, bathroom, hot and cold water, eelctric light; first-class offices, standing upon 40 acres of land. Held in Fee-simple. Adjoins railway station and churches. Shooting over 5,000 acres; fishing, about seven miles first-class salmon river, and in Lough Gill. Price, £9,000. Apply to JAMES H. NORTH and CO., Dublin, for full particulars

CO. WATERFORD—RESIDENTIAL ESTATE OF ABOUT 2,700 ACRES, OF WHICH ABOUT 300 ACRES ARE FIRST QUALITY LANDS. All held in Fee-simple, with first-class Residence, containing 4 reception and 6 bedrooms, 3 dressingrooms, 2 bathrooms, etc.; central heating, electric light, offices. Excellent shooting; fishing, about half a mile, and the calves of four beats on the best salmon rivers in Ireland. A most desirable situated estate. Will be sold under value to prompt purchaser. For particulars apply to JAMES H. NORTH and CO., Dublin.

KING'S COUNTY—ABOUT 900 ACRES, LAND, WITH RESIDENCE. Three sittingrooms and lounge hall, 8 bedrooms, bathroom, hot and cold water; good offices, tor-ary, shooting. One mile from Ballycumber Railway Station, G.S. & W.R. Within easy reach of Ferbane, Tullamore, Athlone, Clara, etc. Held in Fee-simple, subject to Land Commission annuity of £70 per annum.

Full particulars on application to the Agents,

JAMES H. NORTH & CO.,
110 GRAFTON STREET, DUBLIN.

SALE THIS DAY.
SALE BY AUCTION THIS DAY (SATURDAY),
AND IN CONTINUATION ON MONDAY NEXT (BOTH DAYS AT 1 O'CLOCK),

MESSRS. JAMES HILL and SON will OFFER AT AUCTION, WITHIN THEIR WELL-KNOWN GALLERIES, 10, 11, 12 BACHELOR'S WALK, ON DATES AS ABOVE,

HIGH-CLASS MODERN FURNITURE, CARPETS, &c.,
TOGETHER WITH A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
EXCELLENT VICTORIAN FURNITURE AND VALUABLE EFFECTS

Comprising—A magnificent Hungarian Ash 6' 0" Bedroom Suite of 7 pieces, several other Suites in Mahogany, Walnut, and Oak woods; Drawingroom and Dining Suites, of 9 and 7 pieces, upholstered in silk, tapestry, and velvet; exceptional Mahogany and Rare Inlaid Sideboards, fine Chesterfield Suite of 9 pieces, upholstered in moquette; twelve Spanish Mahogany, Walnut, and Oak Mirrorback, Enclosed and Inlaid Sideboards; Sheraton and Chippendale Cabinets, Chesterfield, Inlaid Inlaid Mahogany Falling-leaf Table, Sets of Mahogany Screw-expanding Dining Tables, in sizes from 6' to 16' long; Sets of Dining Chairs, 6-and-12-each; Deep-seated and Easy Chairs, Settees, Small Tables, and Chairs; Full-size Bedsteads, Overmantels, Wardrobes, Pedestal Sideboards, Inlaid Mahogany, Walnut, Oak, and Gilt Overmantel Glasses; Marble Marblepiece and Bedplate Clocks, Brass and Oxidised Fenders and Fireirons; Carpets, Linoleum, Oilcloth, LARGE ASSORTMENT OF KITCHEN FURNITURE, Wardrobes, Presses, Dressing Tables, Washstands, Chests of Drawers, Bedroom Pairs, All-Brass and Brass and Iron Bedsteads, Spring and Hair Mattresses, Bedding, Dinner Services, Glassware, Cutlery, Electro-plate, Tea Services, Dessert Services, China, Table Glass, Mirrors, Wringers, etc., etc. Carpets and Superior Furniture sold at 3 p.m. Purchasers pay 5 per cent. Fees.

JAMES HILL & SON, AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS, 10, 11, 12 Bachelor's Walk.

BENNETT & SON, AUCTIONEERS, DUBLIN,
BEG TO ANNOUNCE THAT THEY WILL DISPOSE OF BY

AUCTION ON JANUARY 11TH AND 12TH, 1922,
A NUMBER OF OIL PAINTINGS, WATER-COLOURS, MEZZOTINTS, AND COLOURED PRINTS;
ALSO A COLLECTION OF OLD ENGLISH & FRENCH FURNITURE.

CATALOGUES MAY BE OBTAINED ON 6th PROXIMO FROM

BENNETT AND SON,
AUCTIONEERS & VALUERS, 6 UPPER ORMOND QUAY, DUBLIN.

DOCKRELL LIMITED.
FURNITURE AUCTION,
On 11 & 12 o'clock on
TUESDAY, 10TH JANUARY.

ASHURST, KILLINEY.

A RESIDUE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, including:—A large enclosed 4-door Mahogany Bookcase, with large centre under, 12ft. in length; Turkey Carpet, 23½ x 12ft.; large Mahogany Dining Table, 4 Mahogany-framed Dining Chairs, with leather seats; large Mahogany Desk, with Chest of Drawers under; Chippendale Easy-leg and other Mahogany Chairs; Grandfather Clock, in Mahogany case, with brass dial; Encyclopedia Britannica, in oak Revolving Bookcase; large quantity of Books, Inlaid Dutch Bureau, Circular Mahogany Dumb Waiter, Carved Oak Hat Chest, Mahogany Sofa Table, Mahogany Whatnot, Bentwood Coat Rack, Oak Bed, with Spring and Hair Mattress; Bedroom Furniture, Beds and Carpets, large Telescope, Gilded-frame and other Overmantel Mirrors, Paintings and Engravings, Pictures, Rugs, Dairy Utensils, Meat Safe, pair of Sheffield Candlesticks, fitted with range of Silver Ornaments, Meter Boiler, Garden Seats, Croquet Set, 2 Rustic Summer House, Greenhouse Plants, Two-light and 5 Single-light Folding Frames, Galvanised and Timber Tubs, and Miscellaneous Items; Cut Glass Chandelier, Wall Brackets, Garden Tools, Metal Garden Vases.

Goods on view on morning of Sale from 10.30 o'clock.

DOCKRELL LIMITED,
Auctioneers and Valuers,
SOUTH GREAT GEORGE'S STREET, DUBLIN.

GRAZING LANDS TO LET
BY PRIVATE TREATY.

100 Acres near Swords, in owner's hands this year. 40 Acres, Ballyboughal, 90 Acres The Ward. 66 Acres, Blanchardstown, 75 Acres Rathcoon, 100 Acres Dunboyne, 50 Acres Block, 130 Acres Summerhill, 27 Acres Castleknock.

Further particulars on application to

ROBERT CRAIGIE,
37 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN.

GREENOGUE, KILSALLAGHAN.
LETTING OF PRIME GRAZING LANDS,
Eight miles from Dublin Cattle Market.

SUBSCRIBER has been instructed by the Executors of the late Mrs. Kelly, Esq., to LET BY AUCTION, at GREENOGUE, KILSALLAGHAN, on FRIDAY, 13th JANUARY,

200 ACRES
Of these well-known Pasturing Pastures. The lands have not been let before, and are capable of turning off Sheep and Cattle of the primest quality.

Sale at 12 noon sharp in Farmyard.

Cash with acceptance, on application.

ROBERT CRAIGIE,
37 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN.

GREENOGUE, KILSALLAGHAN.
LETTING OF PRIME GRAZING LANDS,
Eight miles from Dublin Cattle Market.

SUBSCRIBER has been instructed by the Executors of the late N. J. Kelly, Esq., to Sell by Auction, at Greenogue, on Friday, 13th January, the following Live Stock and Effects: 50 grand Galway Ewes, Stocked with Shrop Rams; 3 Two-year-old Springer, due to calve January; Jersey Bull Calf; Harness Horse, 8 years, quiet at farm work; 2 Pigs, 2 Pikes Old Meadow Hay, 2 Benches 1st and 2nd Crop ditto, 2 Carts, 1 Float, 2 Hay Sledges, 1 Plough, Mowing Machine; Trap, 2 Hutches, with new wire nets; Set Double Harness, 2 Saddles, Miscellaneous Harness, etc., etc. Sale to commence immediately after Letting of Lands, at 12 noon.

ROBERT CRAIGIE,
37 PRUSSIA STREET.

IMPORTANT SALE OF
LEASEHOLD PREMISES,
WITH SEVEN-DAY RETAIL SPIRIT LICENCE ATTACHED,
IN THE TOWN OF MULLAGH.

T. P. McKENNA and SONS are favoured with instructions from Mr. Thomas Casey to SELL BY PRIVATE TREATY, his Entire Interest in All That Fully-Licensed House and Premises, situate in a most favourable and central position on the north side of the main street in the Town of Mullagh, and let to Mr. Casey at the yearly rent of £44 11s.6, payable half-yearly.

The House, which is a two-storeyed structure, with handsomely-finished front and large display window, consists of spacious shop, taproom, and kitchen on first floor; and sitting-room and 4 bedrooms on second floor.

The Shop and Premises have been recently altered, fitted up, and renovated, and are now in splendid condition.

Attached to the Premises is an enclosed yard, with substantial and suitable Out-offices, and a large and valuable garden.

This Sale affords a unique opportunity to those desirous of acquiring business premises admirably suited and with every accommodation for a high-class and lucrative trade. Railway Stations: Kells, Co. Meath, 2 miles; Virginia, 6 miles.

Full particulars and Conditions on application to MARTIN CASEY, Esq., Solicitor, Mullagh, Kells; or to

T. P. McKENNA & SONS,
Auctioneers and Valuers,
KELLS, VIRGINIA and MULLAGH.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT AND ATTRACTIVE SALE OF
160 HEAD OF CATTLE,
BY PRIVATE TREATY,
AT LEITRIM FARMYARD,
Located four miles from Kells and two miles from Moynalty, Carnaross, and Mullagh.

T. P. McKENNA and SONS are favoured with instructions from O. Monaghan, Esq., TO SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION,
On TUESDAY, 24th January, 1922,
AT THE FARMYARD, LEITRIM
At the hour of 12 o'clock,
160 HEAD OF CATTLE IN PRIME CONDITION, including:—

80 Yearlings.
40 Two-and-half and two-year-olds.
37 Two-and-half and Three-year-olds.
12 Springers.
30 Two-and-a-half-year-old Polled Bullocks.
Terms and Conditions at Sale.

T. P. McKENNA & SONS,
Auctioneers and Valuers,
KELLS, VIRGINIA, AND MULLAGH.

TULLYHOGUE, COOKSTOWN, CO. TYRONE.
SALE BY AUCTION,
On SATURDAY, 7TH JANUARY, 1922,
AT 1 O'CLOCK PRECISELY,
AT COOKSTOWN

On instructions of Frank W. Woolcombe, Esq., FARM in the Townland of Ballymully, containing 64A 2r. 2p., shorthand statistic, measure, with Gentleman's Residence and Office Houses thereon, held at the yearly rent of £46.

The Land is of superior quality, and is situate in a prosperous and desirable district, about 2 miles from Stewartstown.

The Residence, which is only recently erected at considerable expense, is substantially built and commodious, and pleasantly situated.

For further particulars apply to

J. B. and E. H. TWIGG, Solicitors, Cookstown, having Carriage of Sale; or

BEAR & MacKEOWN,
Auctioneers,
COOKSTOWN and MAGHERAFELT.

'PHONES 48 & 49

BATTERSBY & CO.
PROGRAMME OF FORTHCOMING SALES.

COUNTY KILDARE.
BERT HOUSE, ATHY.
TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION AT OUR SALEROOMS, JANUARY 26TH.

COMMODIOUS MANSION, WITH 198 ACRES.

A commodious, substantially-built Residence, standing in a park-like demesne, and containing drawingroom, with conservatory, ballroom, and music-room; these three rooms open into one another; large diningroom, smoke-room, small breakfast, gentlemen's, lavatory, lounge hall, 2nd staircase and dressingrooms, including servants' rooms, main and back staircase, large kitchen, housekeeper's room, servants' hall, and necessary offices. Gardener's cottage and out-offices, steward's house, labourers' houses, motor house, large and productive garden, gate lodge. The house is approached by a long avenue, and the River Barrow forms part of the boundary. Good fishing and boating. The demesne is well timbered and contains about 198 acres, statute, held in Fee Simple, free of rent, save a tithe rent charge of £3 12s. per annum net. Particulars and Conditions of Sale on application.

Messrs. A. D. KENNEDY and FIGGIS, Solicitors, 63 Dawson street, Dublin.

COUNTY CAVAN.
BELLAMONT FOREST, COOTEHILL, 800 ACRES,
TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION ON A DATE TO BE NAMED

A fine old Georgian mansion with every accommodation for a gentleman's family. Extensive out-offices, pleasure grounds, productive gardens. The estate comprises about 1,000 acres of which about 200 covers the lakes which are a special feature and includes first-class fishing. The demesne is beautifully timbered.

Full particulars in future advertisements.

L. F. SMITH, Solicitor, Cavan.

COUNTY SLIGO.
HAZELWOOD, SLIGO, 2,800 ACRES, AND SHOOTING 8,250 ACRES.
TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION, ON A DATE TO BE NAMED.

A QUEEN ANNE MANSION, WITH SUPERIOR ACCOMMODATION.

DELIGHTFULLY SITUATED on the shores of Lough Gill, famed for its beautiful scenery, 3 miles from the town and manor of Sligo. The fishing is extremely good, and the coverts are among the best known in Ireland for woodcock. The property will be offered FOR SALE BY AUCTION on the Premises on a date to be named in February next, and catalogues i.c. course of preparation. Full particulars of which will duly appear.

Messrs. H. T. DIX and SONS, Solicitors, Clare street.

COUNTY KERRY.
ROSSDOHAN ISLAND, 140 ACRES,
TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION, AT OUR SALEROOMS, FEBRUARY 9TH 1922,

Well built, modern Residence, situated in the midst of the most delightful scenery of the far-famed Kenmare Bay, an ideal summer and winter residence, with superior accommodation.

The Island comprises 140 Statute acres, of which about 50 ac